



IN ASSOCIATION WITH



MARINE CONFERENCE, EXHIBITION & DINNER

12 & 13 SEPTEMBER 2017 INVERNESS





Wave and Tidal Energy: Building an Industry



Jenny Hogan, Deputy Chief Executive, Scottish
Renewables

Audrey MacIver, Director of Energy and Low
Carbon, Highlands and Islands Enterprise

Robert East, UK Development Manager,
OpenHydro





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Wave Energy: The Story So Far



Chair:
Tim Hurst
Wave Energy Scotland



David Langston
Programme Manager
Wave Energy Scotland

SR Marine Conference Inverness

Programme Update

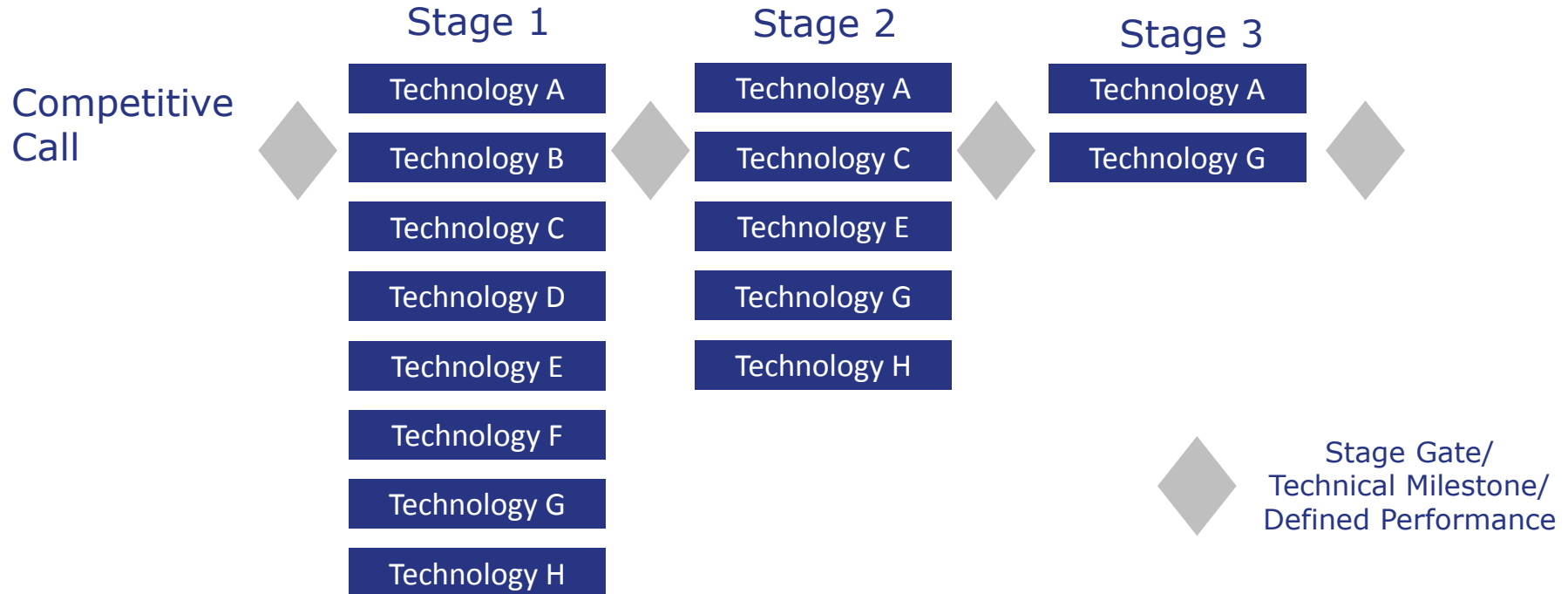
12th September 2017



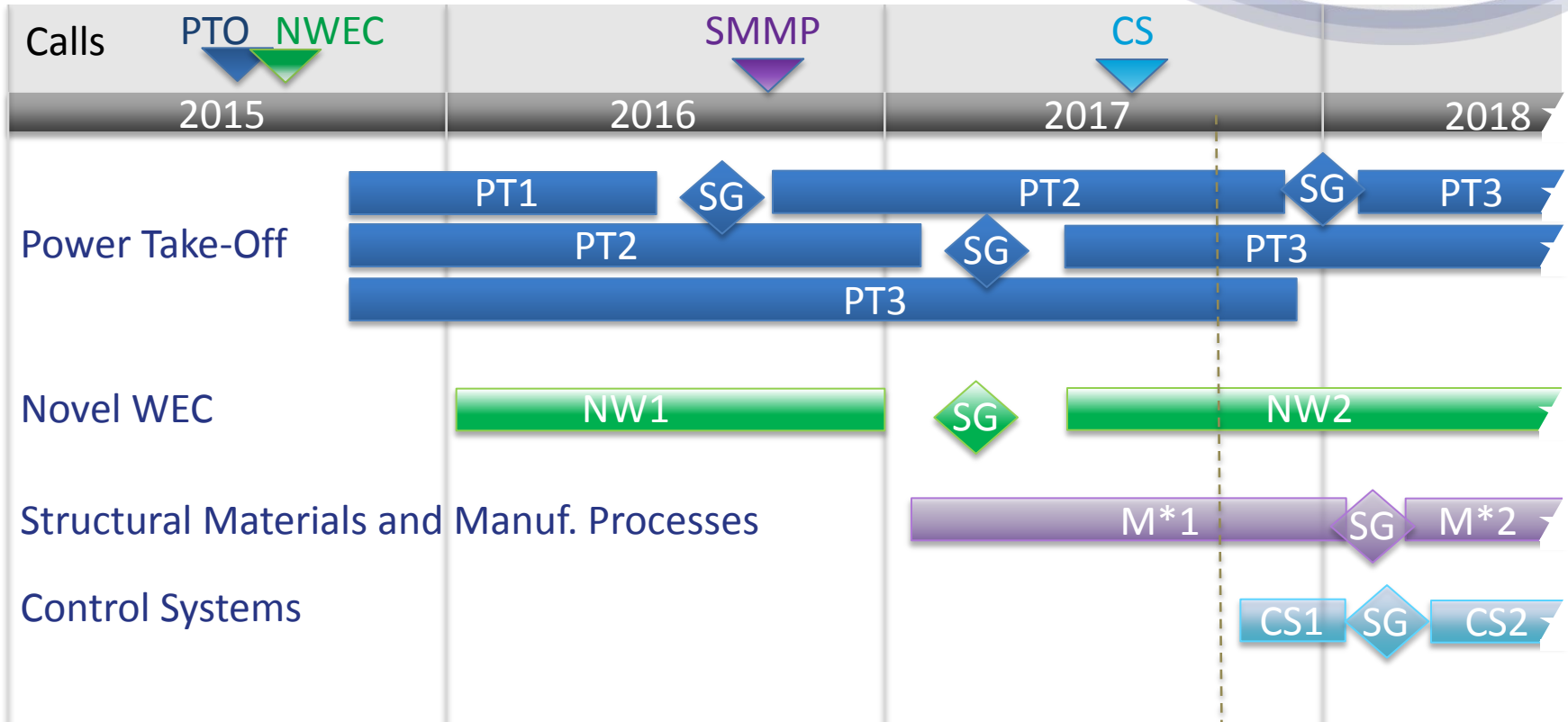
Key facts and figures

- Contracts for R&D&I services and not a grant
- Pre-Commercial Procurement (PCP)
- Up to 100% of project costs
- 61 R&D&I Contracts (incl. Control Systems)
- £25.3m spent/committed on programme
(incl. landscaping/know how)
- 163 Companies

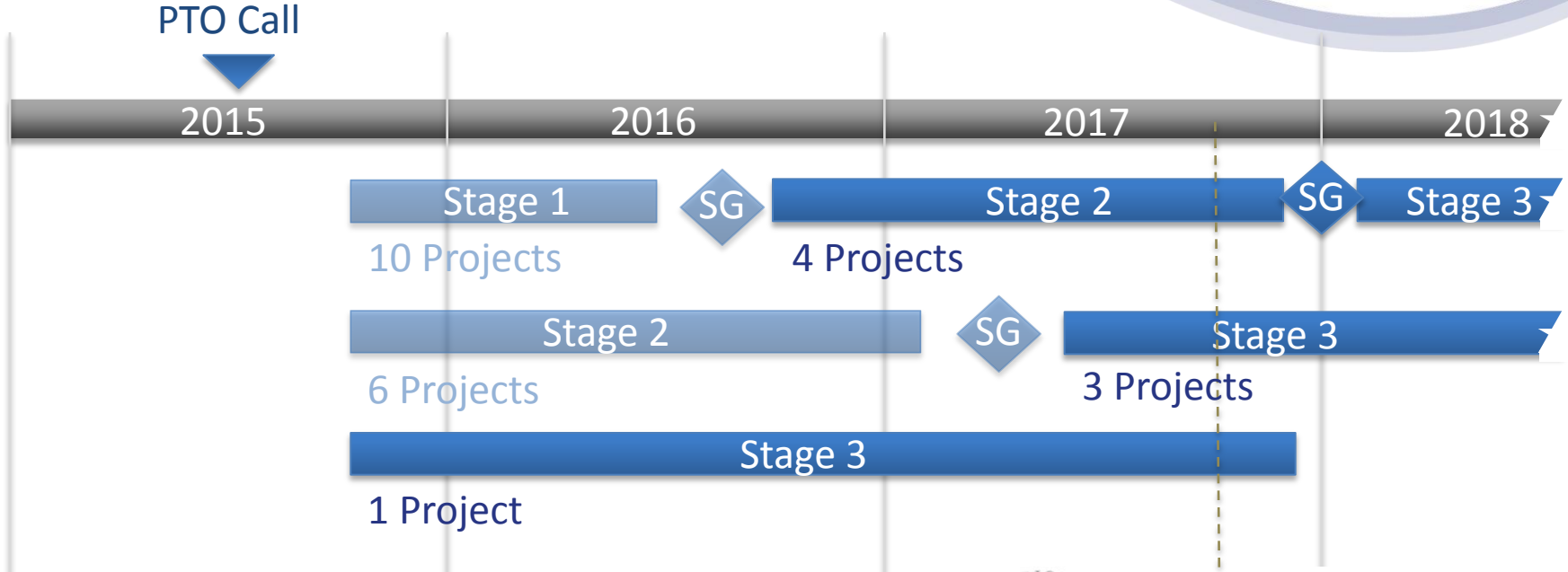
Stage Gate Process



WES Timeline



PTO Programme



NWEC Programme



Novel WEC Call

2015

2016

2017

2018

NW1

8 Projects

SG

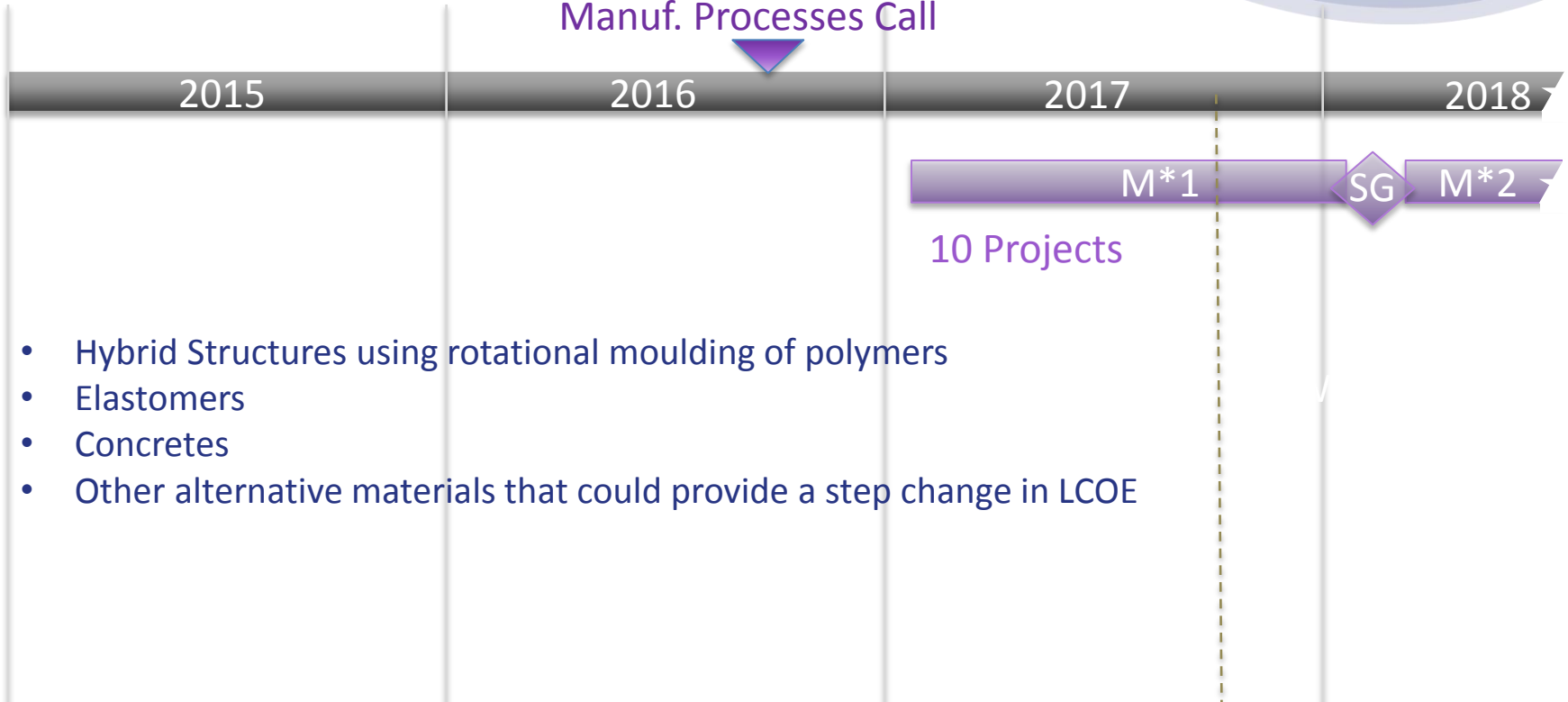
NW2

4 Projects

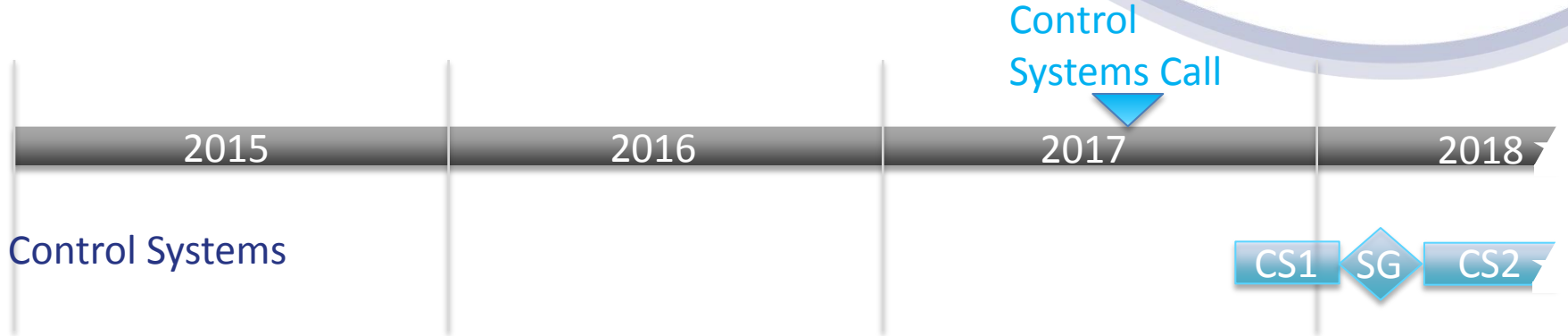


SMMP Programme

Structural Materials and Manuf. Processes Call

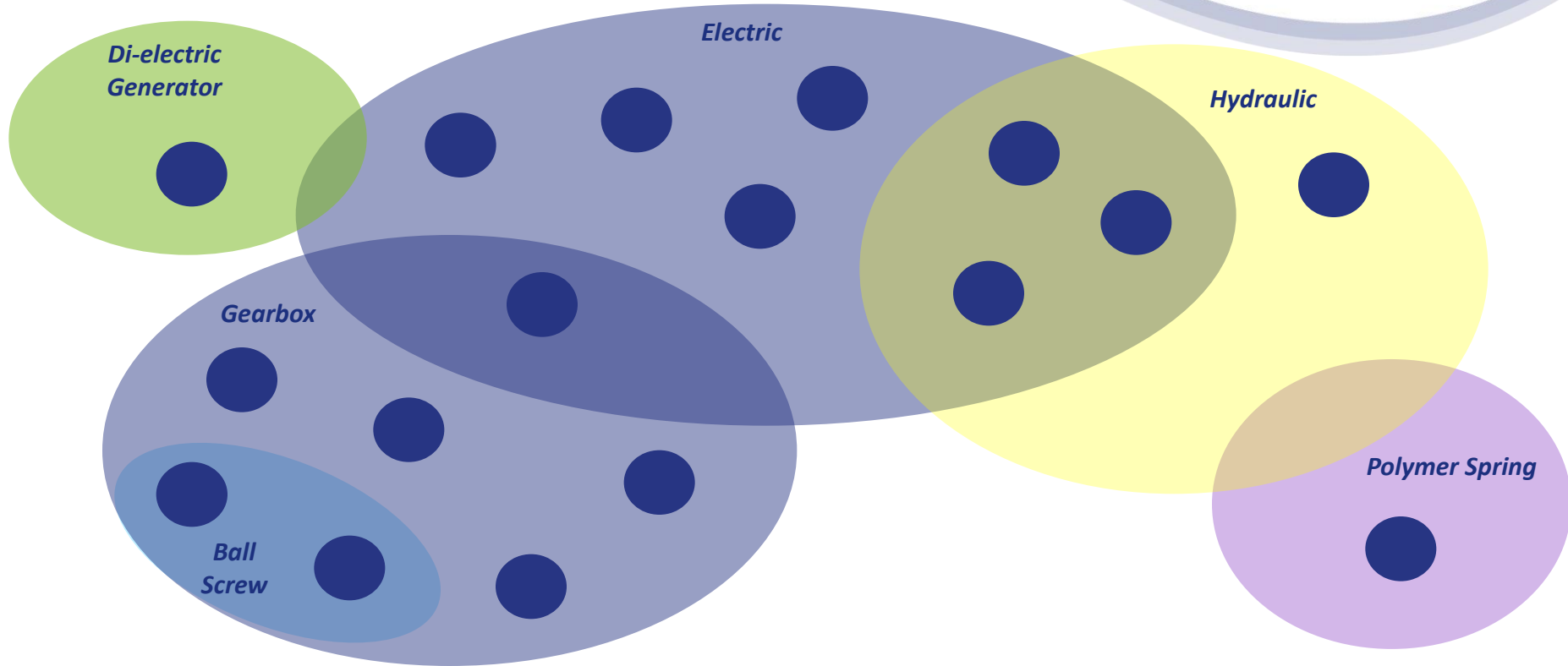


Control Systems Programme

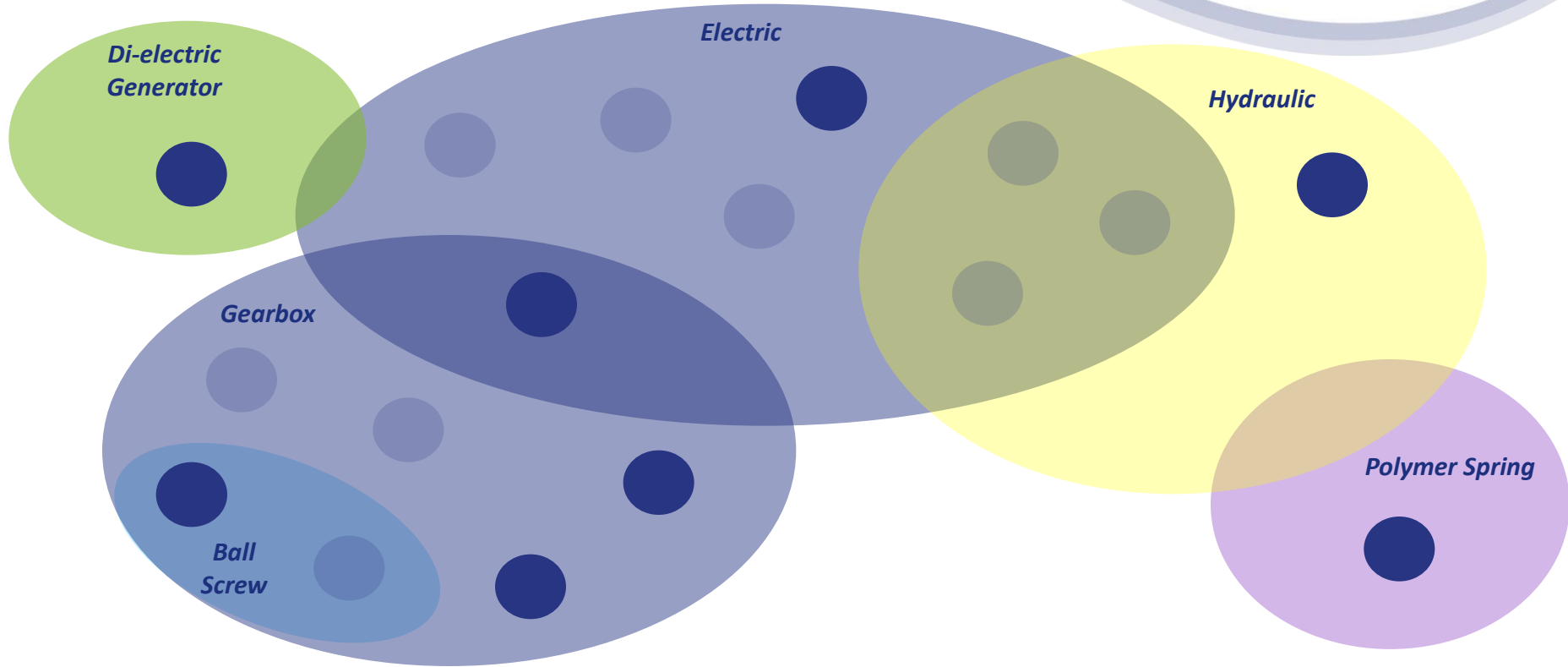


- Contracts currently being finalised

Power Take-Offs

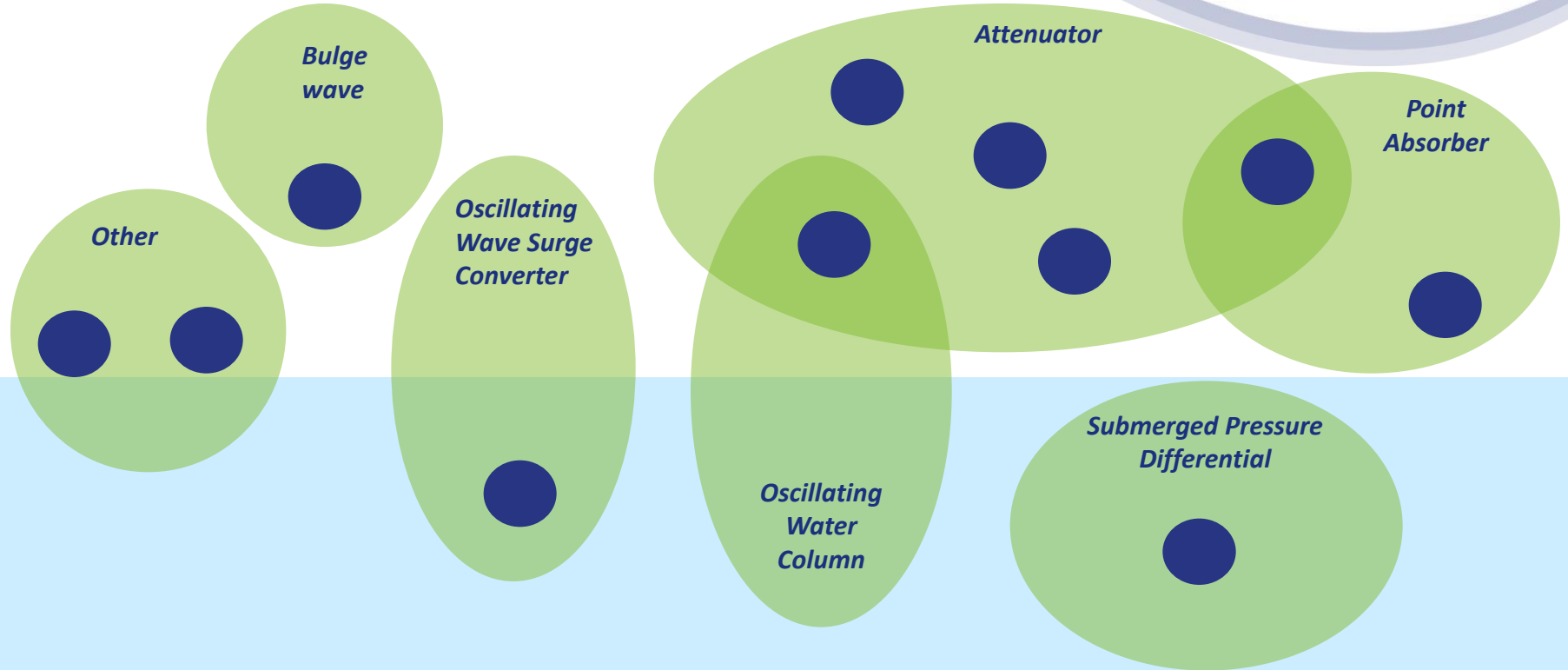


Power Take-Offs



WEC Types before Stage Gate

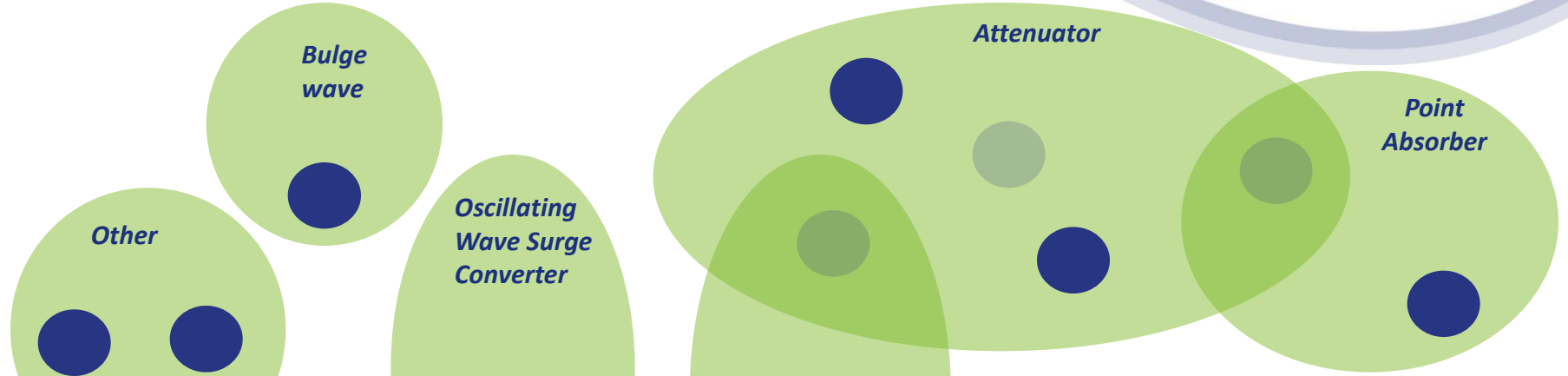
Floating



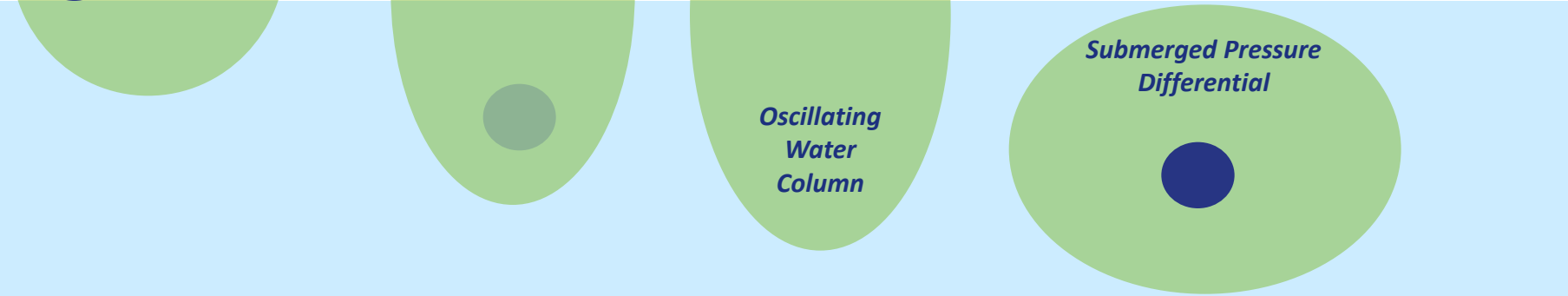
Bottom mounted

WEC Types before Stage Gate

Floating



Bottom mounted



Thank you

David.Langston@hient.co.uk

12th September 2017





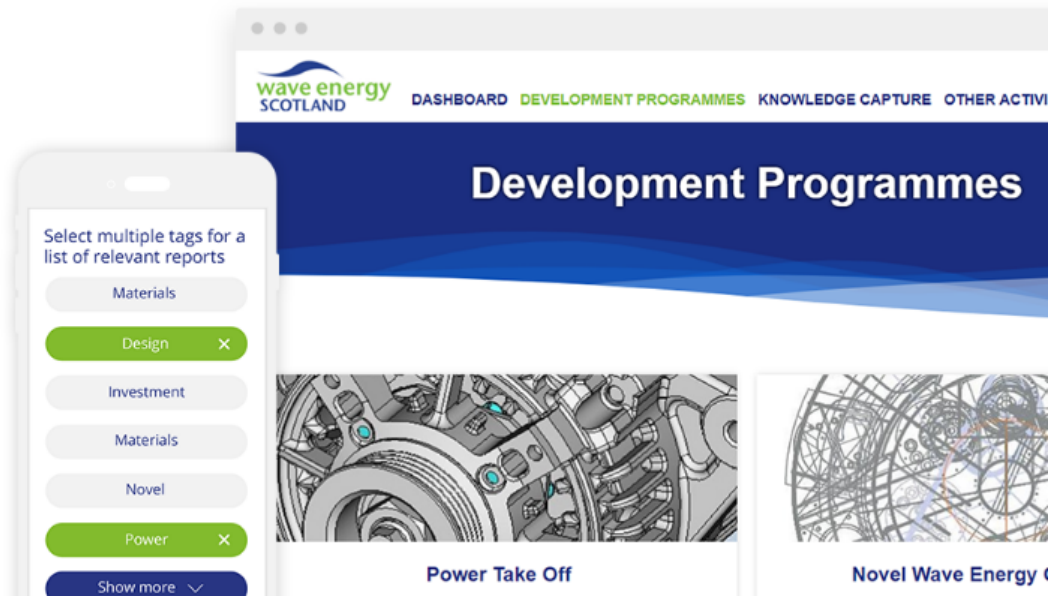
Elva Bannon
Senior Research Engineer
Wave Energy Scotland

Knowledge Library

Wave Energy Scotland is managing the most extensive technology programme of its kind in the wave energy sector. The Knowledge Library provides access to key information and documents generated through this world leading commercial and academic research & development.

Access world leading R&D in wave energy technology

- Discover the projects supported through the Wave Energy Scotland Programme
- Find Potential collaborators in your own or other fields
- Search project reports on work completed through Wave Energy Scotland Programme
- Find information on previous wave energy technology development in Scotland



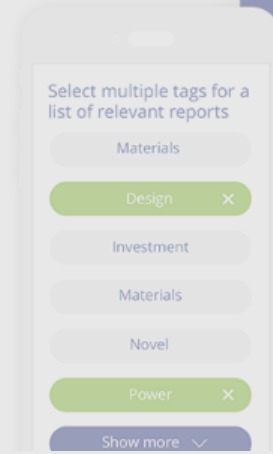
Knowledge Library

Wave Energy Scotland is managing the most extensive technology programme of its kind in the wave energy sector. The Knowledge Library provides access to key information and documents generated through this world leading commercial and academic research & development.

LAUNCHED JULY 2017

Access world leading R&D in wave energy technology

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Development Programmes



Power Take Off



Novel Wave Energy

Wave Energy Scotland - Objectives





- Seek to retain the **intellectual property and know-how** from device development in Scotland for future benefit;
- Enable Scotland's indigenous technologies to reach **commercial readiness** in the most efficient and effective manner, and in a way that allows the **public sector to exit** in due course;
- **Ensure that the learning gained** from support for wave device development and deployment to date, in particular the learning from Scotland's leading wave technologies, is retained and used to **benefit the wave energy industry**;
- **Avoid duplication in funding**, encourage collaboration between companies and research institutes and foster greater standardisation across the industry;
- Ensure **value for money** from public sector investment; and
- Promote greater **confidence** in the technical performance of wave energy systems in order to encourage the return of private sector investment.

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Navigation

- Layout of the site roughly follows the main WES programme activities
 - Development Programmes
 - Knowledge Capture
 - Other Activities
- Dashboard is a users 'home' page
- Also includes
 - 'Profile' 
 - 'Search' 

DASHBOARD

DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

KNOWLEDGE CAPTURE

OTHER ACTIVITIES

Available Information

Development Programmes

- Power Take Off
- Novel Wave Energy Converter
- Structural Materials & Manufacturing Processes *
- Control Systems *

* Denotes only project details available

Knowledge Capture

- EMEC & Orkney Supply Chain
- AWS
- Aquamarine
- Pelamis

Other Activities

- Landscaping Studies
- Operations & Maintenance Tool
- Annual Conference Presentations
- Public Presentations

Knowledge Capture Projects



- **Aquamarine (2015)**
 - Offshore Operational Experience
 - Corrosion & Protection in a Disturbed Water Environment
 - Supply Chain (marine components)
 - Tank Testing of WECs
 - Maintainability Improvements from Oyster 1 to Oyster 800
- **AWS (2015)**
 - Wave Power Development Experience
 - AWS Technology Description and Status
 - LCOE Parametric Modelling Tool
 - Cost of Energy Sensitivity Modelling
 - Recommendations for Future R&D Work

Knowledge Capture Projects



- Pelamis Wave Power (2015)
 - Tank Testing and Scale Models
 - Power Take Off
 - Mooring and Connection Systems
 - Simulation and Modelling
 - Economics
- EMEC & Orkney Supply Chain (Summer 2017)
 - Guidance on Compliance
 - Guidance on Handling
 - Guidance on Installation
 - Guidance on Operations and Maintenance

Other Activities

- Landscaping (2016)
 - Structural Forces and Stresses for Wave Energy Devices
 - Control Requirements for Wave energy Converters
 - Structural Materials and Manufacturing processes
 - Technology Transfer
- WES Annual conference (2016)
 - Presentations
- IDCORE (2 EngD projects on Control Systems and O&M)

Operations & Maintenance Model



- EngD Project (IDCORE)
- Initially built for Pelamis, adapted for Albatern
- Working with other developers

- Allowing more complete estimates of O&M costs
- More accurate LCoE calculations
- Better informed maintenance strategy
- Identify critical components for device design



Search and Filter

Know what you are looking for?

Author ▼

Sub-Contractor ▼

Project Lead ▼

SEARCH

Use the icons below to search for projects or documents with specific keywords.

Economics ✕

Bathymetry

CAPEX

Health and Safety

Integration

IP

LCOE

Lessons Learnt

Licence

Metrics

OPEX

Patent

Planning

Risk

Supply Chain

TPL

TRL

Yield

Engineering

C&I

Site Statistics

- In less than 8 weeks...
- 316 registered users
- From 25 countries
- 80 documents available
- Almost 1000 document downloads

Live Demo



- WES stand - afternoon coffee break
 - 16.00
 - 16.25

Thank you

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12th September 2017





Jonathan Hodges
Senior Innovation Engineer
Wave Energy Scotland

Scottish Renewables Marine Conference

WES Future Calls and Innovation Landscaping

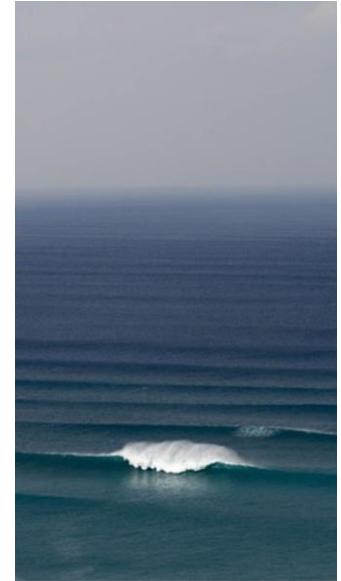
12th September 2017



Contents



- Status of WES Innovation Programme
- Future plans
 - Innovation Landscaping projects
 - Joint WES-SuperGen research projects
 - Future calls



WES Work Programme

Today

Novel Wave Energy Converters

Power Take-Offs

Structural Materials

Control Systems

Landscaping studies

Call 5

SuperGen Joint Research Call

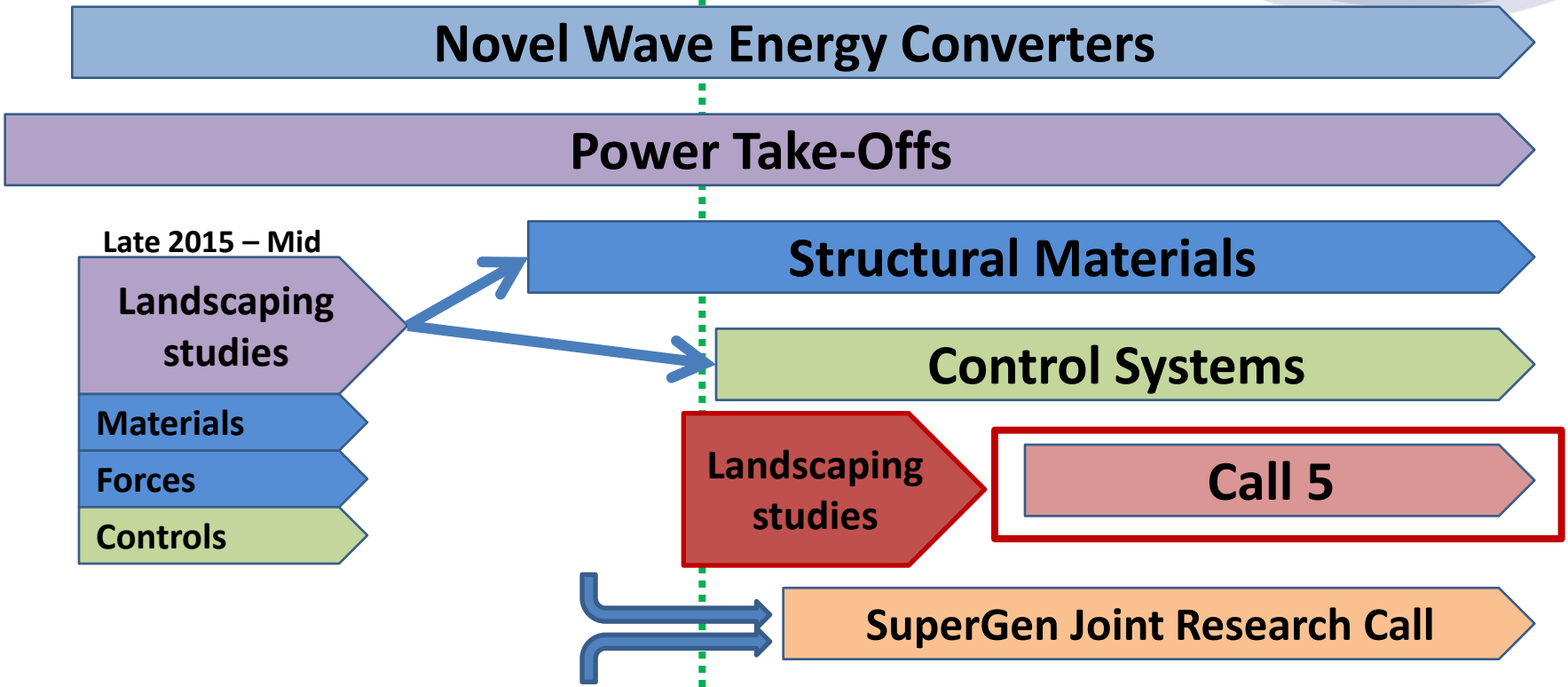
Late 2015 – Mid

Landscaping studies

Materials

Forces

Controls



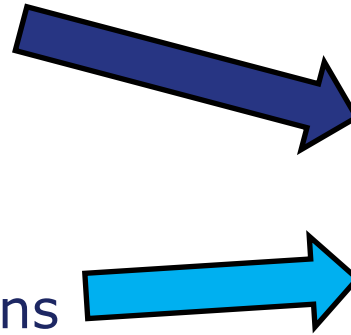
Innovation Landscaping

Cost Reduction in Supporting Infrastructure

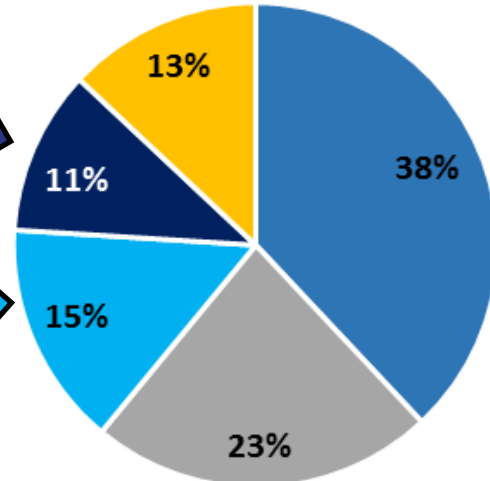
1. Electrical Connection



2. Moorings & Foundations



Installation



Structure and Prime Mover

PTO and Control

% Typical CAPEX

Innovation Landscaping

Objective:

- Opportunities for step-change cost reductions
 - Infrastructure sharing
 - Combination of sub-systems and/or their functions
 - Resulting component/sub-system deletion, re-sizing or replacement
 - Application of innovative or novel techniques or technologies
- Scope



Electrical generation
to
Grid Connection



Entire station
keeping function

Innovation Landscaping

Next generation of competitive solutions:

3. Very Large Scale Wave Energy Generation



4. Alternative Generation Technologies



Innovation Landscaping

Very Large Scale Wave Energy Generation

Objective:

- Opportunities for step-change cost reductions
- Scope
 - Other renewables
 - Theoretical limits
 - Suitability of existing or novel device types
 - Impact, benefits and practical considerations
 - CAPEX, OPEX and LCOE benefit to common baseline



Innovation Landscaping

Alternative Generation Technologies

Objective:

- Opportunities for step-change cost reductions
- Scope
 - Generation capacity and scale opportunities
 - Suitability for a realistic wave energy environment
 - Technology readiness and availability
 - R&D activity
 - Supply chain
 - Physical routes to implementation
 - CAPEX, OPEX and LCOE benefit to common baseline



Innovation Landscaping



- **4 projects**
- **3-4 months duration each**
- **£70-80k each excl. VAT**
- **Open tender via Public Contracts Scotland – open shortly**



publiccontractsscotland.gov.uk



waveenergyscotland.co.uk
twitter.com/waveenergyscot

Thank you

Jonathan.Hodges@hient.co.uk

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SR Marine Conference Inverness

Structured Innovation and Metrics

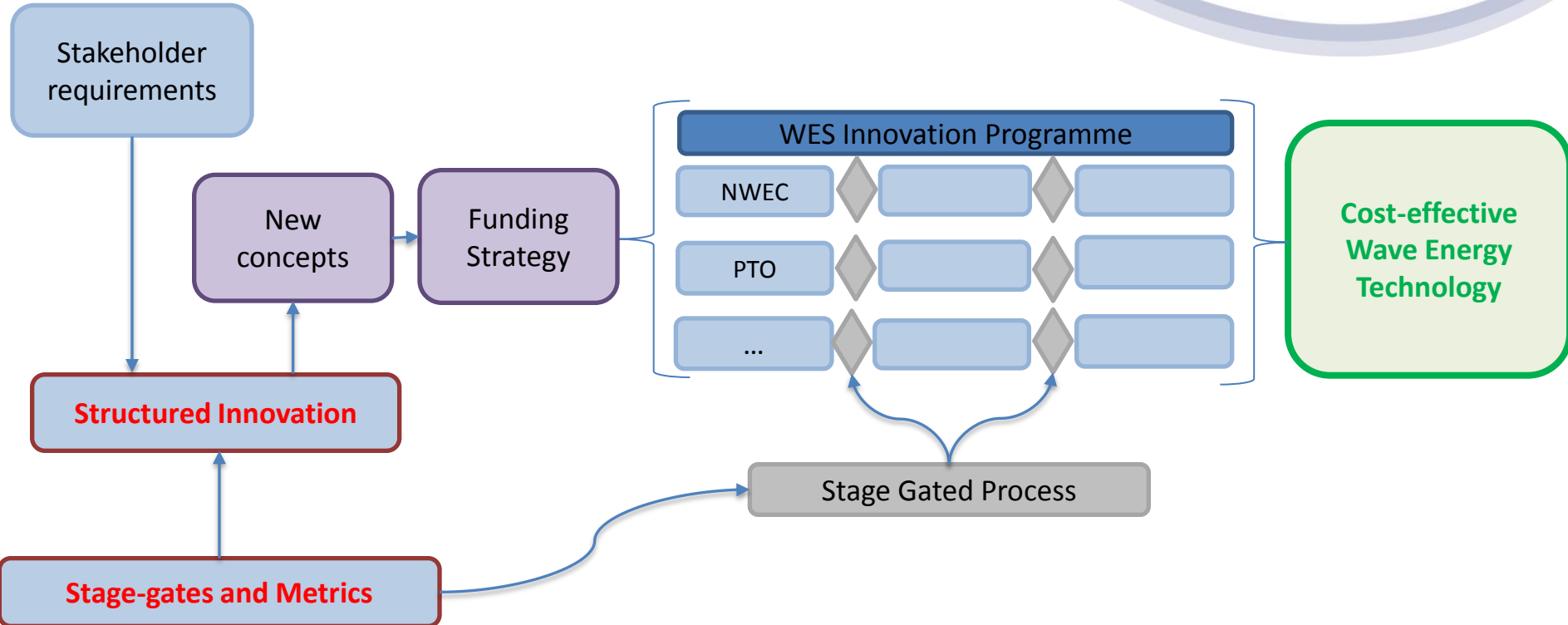
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Structured Development

- What?
 - Continuing to apply structured processes to wave energy technology development
- Why?
 - Fund the right technologies
 - Increase likelihood of success

Technology Development



Stage Gate Metrics

Functional Requirements & Capabilities



Areas for measurement of success



Defined Metrics

Cross- sector approval
→ Key stakeholders



Tools

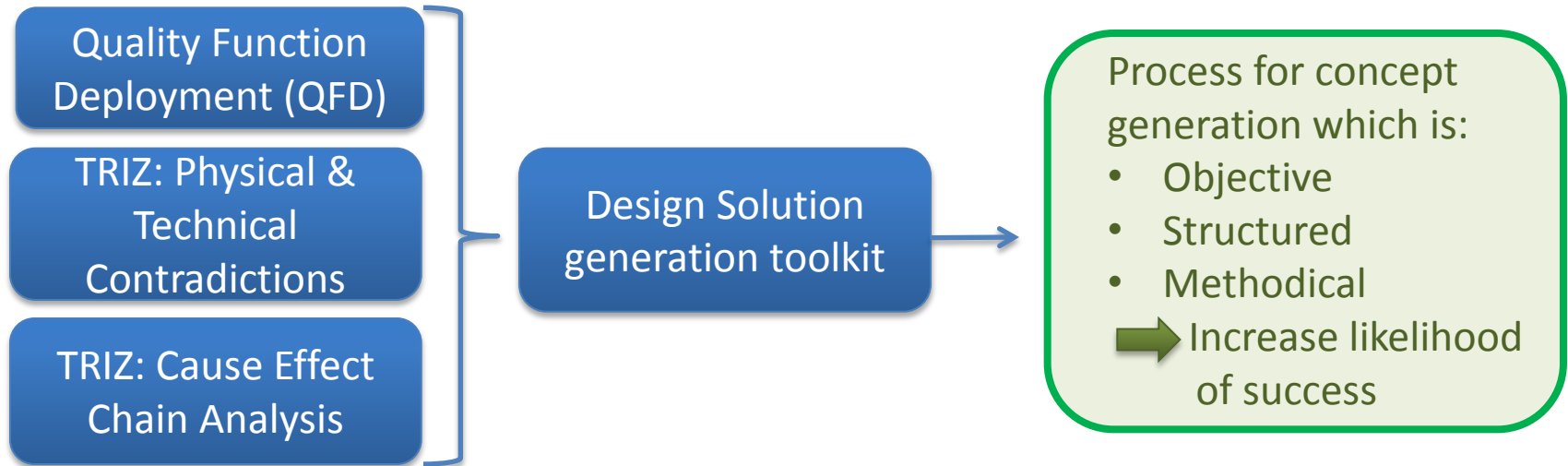


Achievability

Attractiveness

Structured Innovation

- Techniques for problem solving and design improvement
- Successfully used in Automotive and Defence industries
- Bespoke process for ocean energy sector



Tools



Structured Innovation tools



Assessment tools



Design tools

Method of assessing performance:

- Numerical models
- Optimisation
- Calculations, relationships, equations
- Qualitative and quantitative

Tools



Structured Innovation tools

Concept generation & technology selection



Assessment tools

Levelised Cost of Energy, Achievability, Attractiveness



Design tools

Optimisation for performance, reliability, cost

Tools to be applied at all TRL levels

TRL
0

TRL
2 - 4

TRL
4 - 6

TRL
6 - 9

Competitive
LCoE

Collaboration

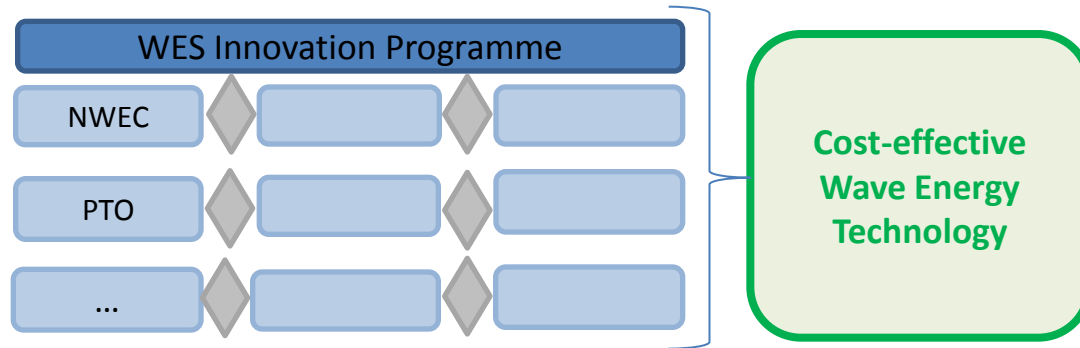


- Network of international collaboration on metrics to support stage- gated development
- UK: Wave Energy Scotland
Ireland: WestWave
USA: Department of Energy



Structured Innovation & Metrics

- Fund the right technologies
- Increase likelihood of success



Thank you

Jonathan.Hodges@hient.co.uk

12th September 2017





Norman Morrison
Development Manger, Marine Energy
Wave Energy Scotland

Scottish Renewables Marine Conference Cooperation in marine energy

WES and ETP bringing academia and
industry closer together

12th September 2017



energy
technology
partnership



Highlands and Islands Enterprise
Iomairt na Gàidhealtachd 's nan Eilean

What is ETP?



An alliance of 12 Scottish Universities engaged in world-class energy-related RD&D with world-class facilities



200
Academics

700
Researchers

What is ETP?

- ETP is arranged by “themes”



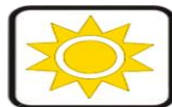
Wind
Strathclyde



Marine
Edinburgh



Grid
Strathclyde



Solar PV
Edinburgh



O&G
Aberdeen



CCS
Edinburgh



Bio
Glasgow



EUB
H-W



ECS
Glasgow



Heat
Glasgow



Energy Systems
Strathclyde



ESP
Strathclyde

Marine theme

Marine energy expertise

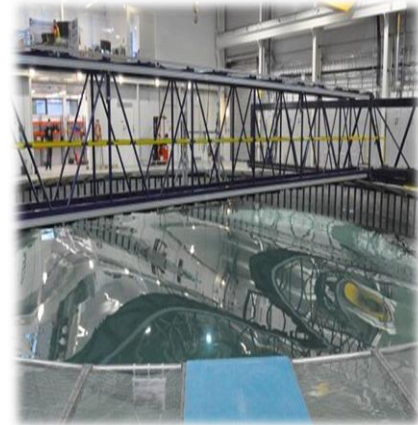
- Resource assessment
- Resource modelling
- Tank testing
- CFD modelling
- Economic modelling and assessment
- Moorings and foundations
- Subsea engineering
- Machine design
- Array design
- Environmental impact modelling



Marine theme

Scottish Energy Laboratory

- OceanLab sea testing facility
- Curved wave tank and wave flumes
- Machine and power electronics test laboratory
- FloWave TT
- Heriot Watt University wave basin
- Kelvin Hydrodynamics Laboratory
- Energy Technology Centre - component test facilities
- European Marine Energy Centre



ETP programmes



KEN (Knowledge Exchange Network)

Team of 7 BDMs covering low-carbon sector
Foster and manage collaboration between industry and academia

PECRE (Post-Graduate Early Career Researcher Exchanges)

Bursaries of £3k available for international exchanges
Available to all PECRs in ETP universities

ETP Energy Industry Doctorate Programme

Funded by SFC & the Scottish Government
Studentships in partnership with industry

ETP achievements

- **95** Energy Industry Doctorates supported, nearly £3M industry funding
- **400** SMEs in low carbon sector supported
- **120** low carbon innovation projects funded
- Over next 2 years, a further **150** SMEs supported, and **40** additional projects funded



What about WES?



- Many WES programmes are collaborative between academic institutions and industry
 - Over **150** organisations and **14** academic institutions
- Actively seek companies from industry to bring expertise to wave energy sector
 - Brokerage events and targeted engagement
- Partnering with Supergen UK Centre for Marine Energy Research
 - Joint call to encourage collaboration
- Planning to support more studentships
 - In partnership with ETP
 - Dissemination of previous PhDs via knowledge library

Get involved

- Collaboration is at the heart of WES and ETP philosophies
- Ensuring that research community and industry are not working in isolation
- Use the knowledge library to familiarise yourself with the projects
- Consider the landscaping activities
- Research \rightleftharpoons Industry



Thank you

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marine@etp-scotland.ac.uk

12th September 2017



energy
technology
partnership



Highlands and Islands Enterprise
Iomairt na Gàidhealtachd 's nan Eilean



Tim Hurst, Wave Energy Scotland

David Langston, Wave Energy Scotland

Elva Bannon, Wave Energy Scotland

Jonathan Hodges, Wave Energy Scotland

Norman Morrison, Energy Technology Partnership





Tidal Energy: Harnessing the Tides



Chair:
Mark Georgeson
Scottish Enterprise



Cameron Smith
Director – Project Development
Atlantis Resources



Scottish Renewables Conference September 2017
MeyGen Update

Atlantis Resources Ltd (ARL:LN)

Leading the global development of tidal power generation



Turbine Division

Turbine & equipment sales

Our **Turbine Division** sells tidal turbine generation equipment into our projects and to third party project developers. Supported globally by our technology partners, Lockheed Martin Corporation, Atlantis can provide drivetrain, nacelle fixation, subsea connection and power export equipment to the highest specification, capable of withstanding the harshest environments for the project life. Our new 1.5MW turbine, AR1500, has been deployed on the MeyGen project in 2017



Power Generation Division

Global portfolio of projects

Atlantis is recognised as one of the world's leading developers of tidal power projects. Our **Power Generation Division** takes greenfield sites from concept through to commissioning. The Atlantis project portfolio currently under development is truly global, inclusive of activities in Scotland, China, Canada, India and Australia. We are constantly searching for new tracks of seabed real-estate to secure, consent, develop and finance



The MeyGen Project

World's largest tidal power project

At 398MW, **MeyGen** is the world's largest tidal power project. Located in the inner sound of the Pentland Firth in Scotland, MeyGen is the UK's flagship project. Construction commenced in late 2014 subsequent to achieving financial close in October 2015 for Phase 1A. Atlantis owns 86.5% of the MeyGen project, and the funding syndicate includes the Scottish Investment Bank, The Crown Estate, DECC and HIE. 269 turbines will be installed on the site.

£51M PROJECT FINANCING OF THE FIRST PHASE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST TIDAL POWER PROJECT, MEYGEN



WHAT AN INCREDIBLE ACHIEVEMENT!

WE WOULD LIKE TO THANK ALL OF OUR PARTNERS,
WITHOUT YOU, THIS WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN POSSIBLE

MEYGEN ~~ED~~ PHASE 1A

ABB

ashurst

ANDRITZ
Hydro
Hammerfest

BURGES
SALMON

Department
of Energy &
Climate Change

GLOBAL
ENERGY
GROUP

HSBC

marine
scotland

THE SCOTLAND
OFFSHORE
ENERGY
AUTHORITY

smartestenergy

HIE
Highlands and Islands Enterprise
Ionaid na Gàidhealtachd 's nan Eilean

JGC

James Fisher and Sons plc
Marine Services Worldwide

Fisher

The Highland
Council
Comhairle na Gàidhealtachd

LOCKHEED MARTIN

Renewable Risk Advisers

MEYGEN
THE TIDE OF ENERGY

nationalgrid

xodus
GROUP

NORTON ROSE FULBRIGHT

RICARDO

sse
Scottish Hydro

mojomaritime

RobertBirdGroup

PRINCE'S
FOUNDATION

Scottish Enterprise

DHI

SHEPHERD WEDDERBURN

THE CROWN
ESTATE

HRI ARCHITECTS

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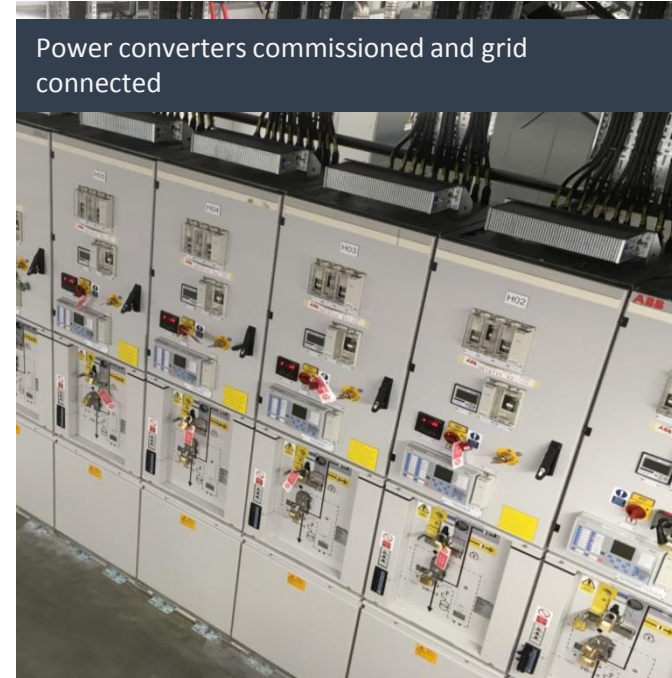
We're bringing the world tidal power energy today,
follow our journey at atlantisresourcesltd.com.

Update | MeyGen 1A

First power in 2016 achieved



Onshore electrical building complete

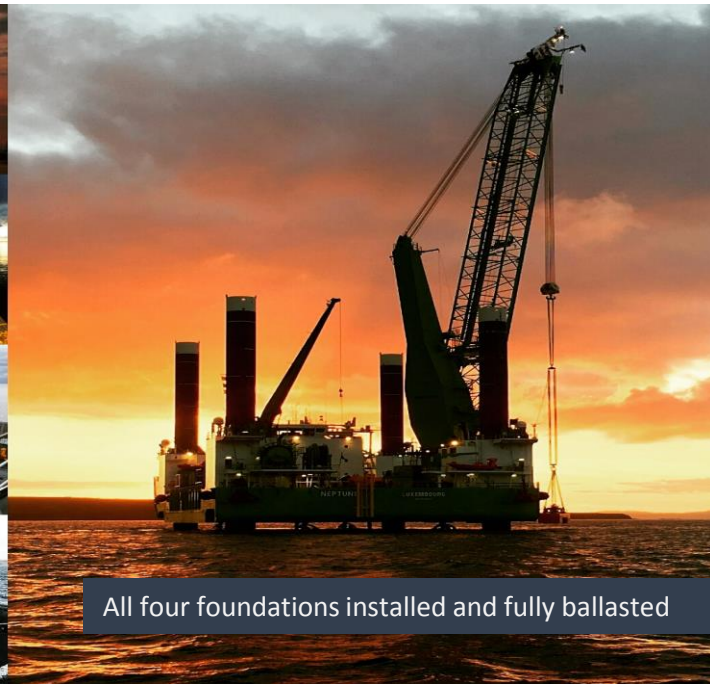
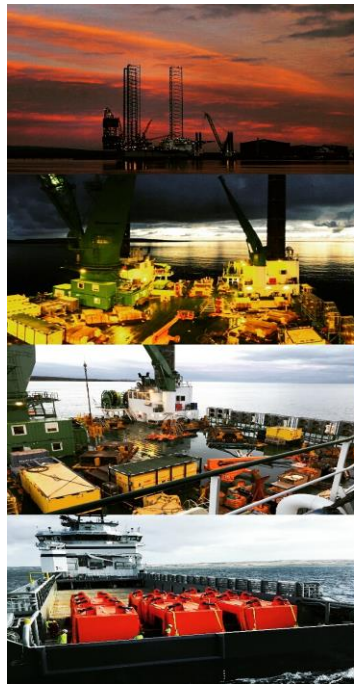
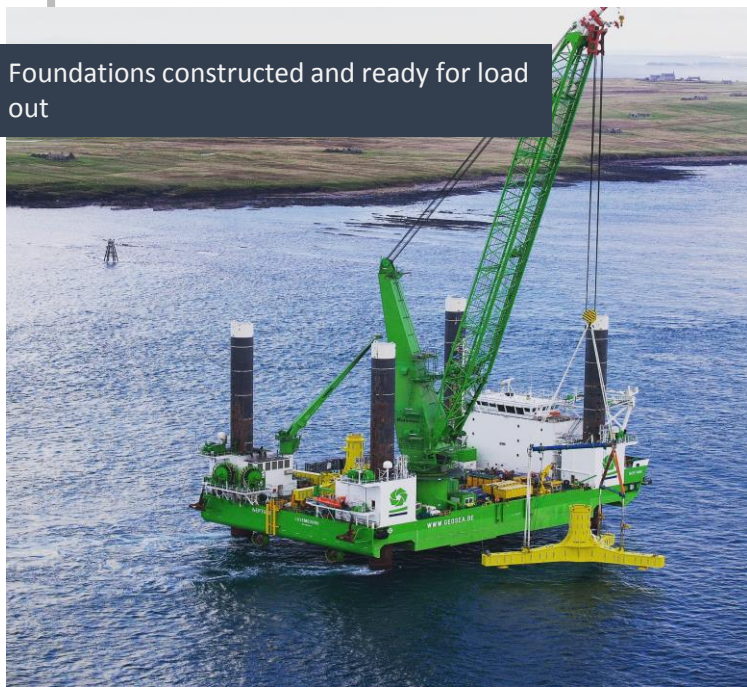


Power converters commissioned and grid connected

Update | MeyGen 1A

Foundations installed in record time

Foundations constructed and ready for load out

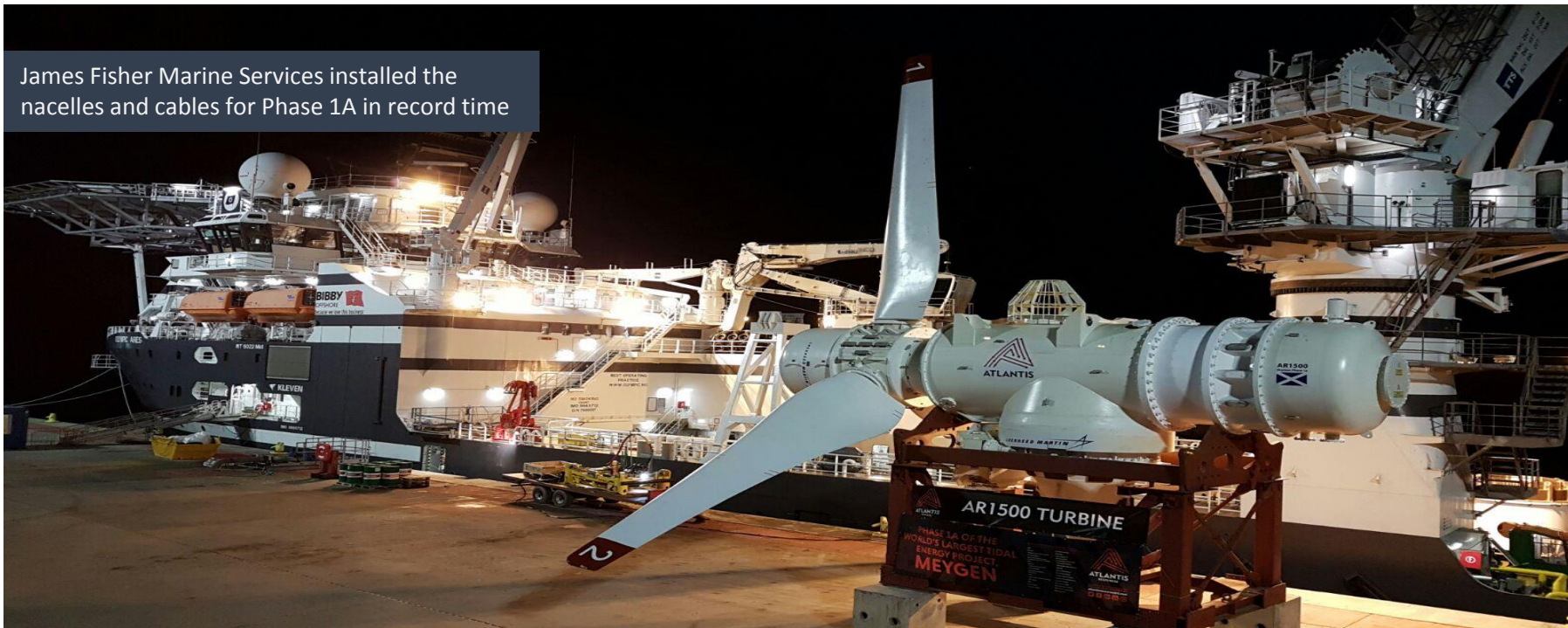


All four foundations installed and fully ballasted

Update | MeyGen 1A

Turbines installed in record times – less than 30 minutes

James Fisher Marine Services installed the nacelles and cables for Phase 1A in record time



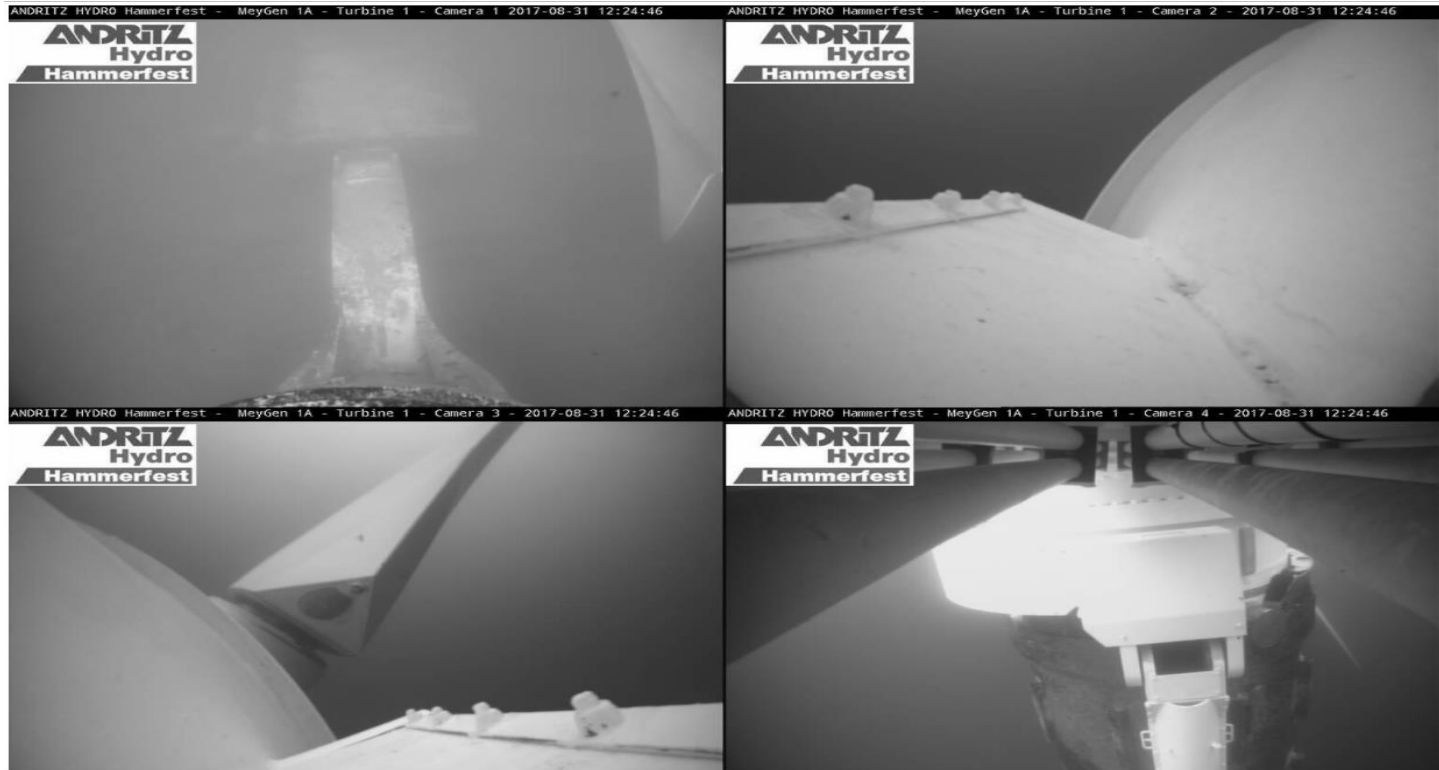
Update | MeyGen 1A

Atlantis teams deploy improved AHH turbines to time and budget



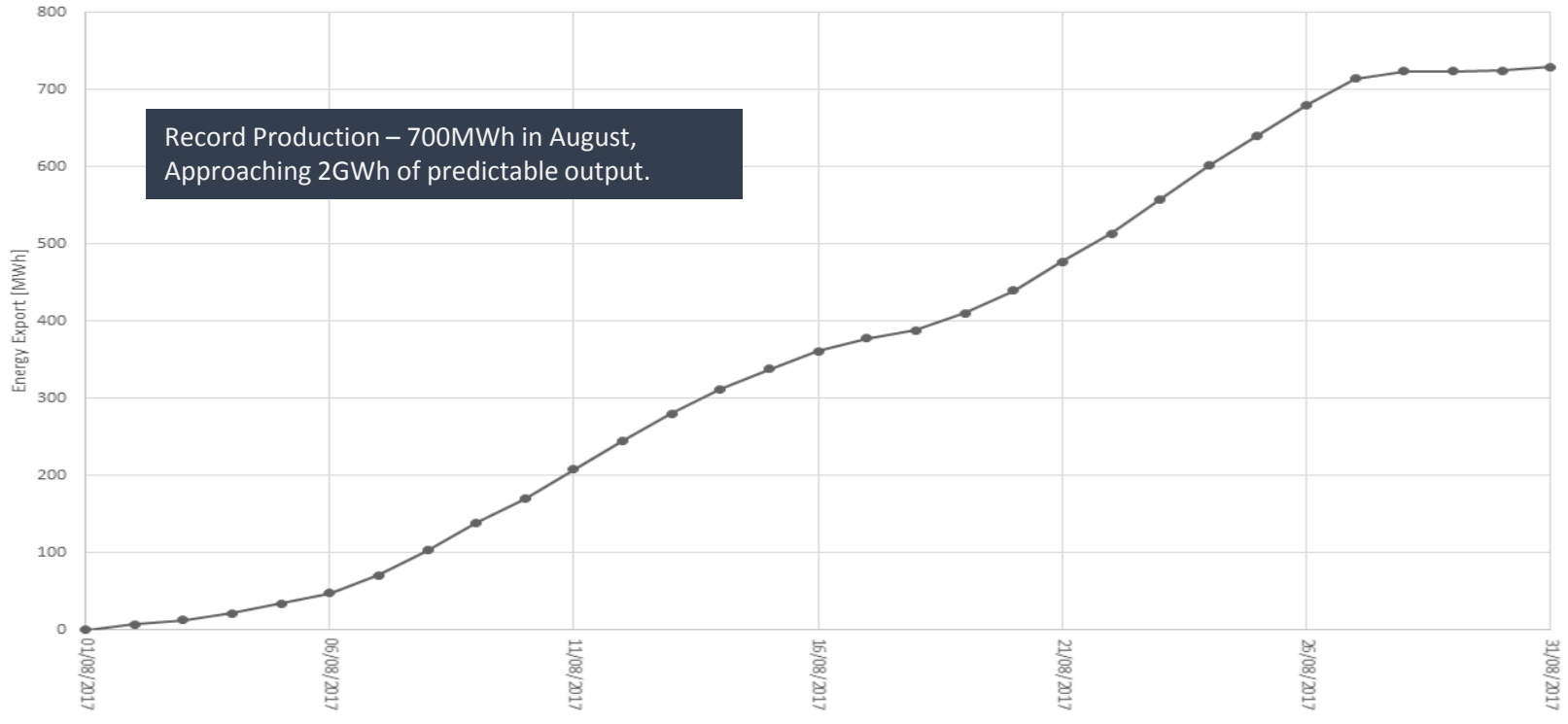
Update | MeyGen 1A

Turbines operating as planned.



Update | MeyGen 1A Production Report.

MeyGen Energy Export to Grid - August 2017







Andrew Scott
Chief Executive Officer
ScotRenewables

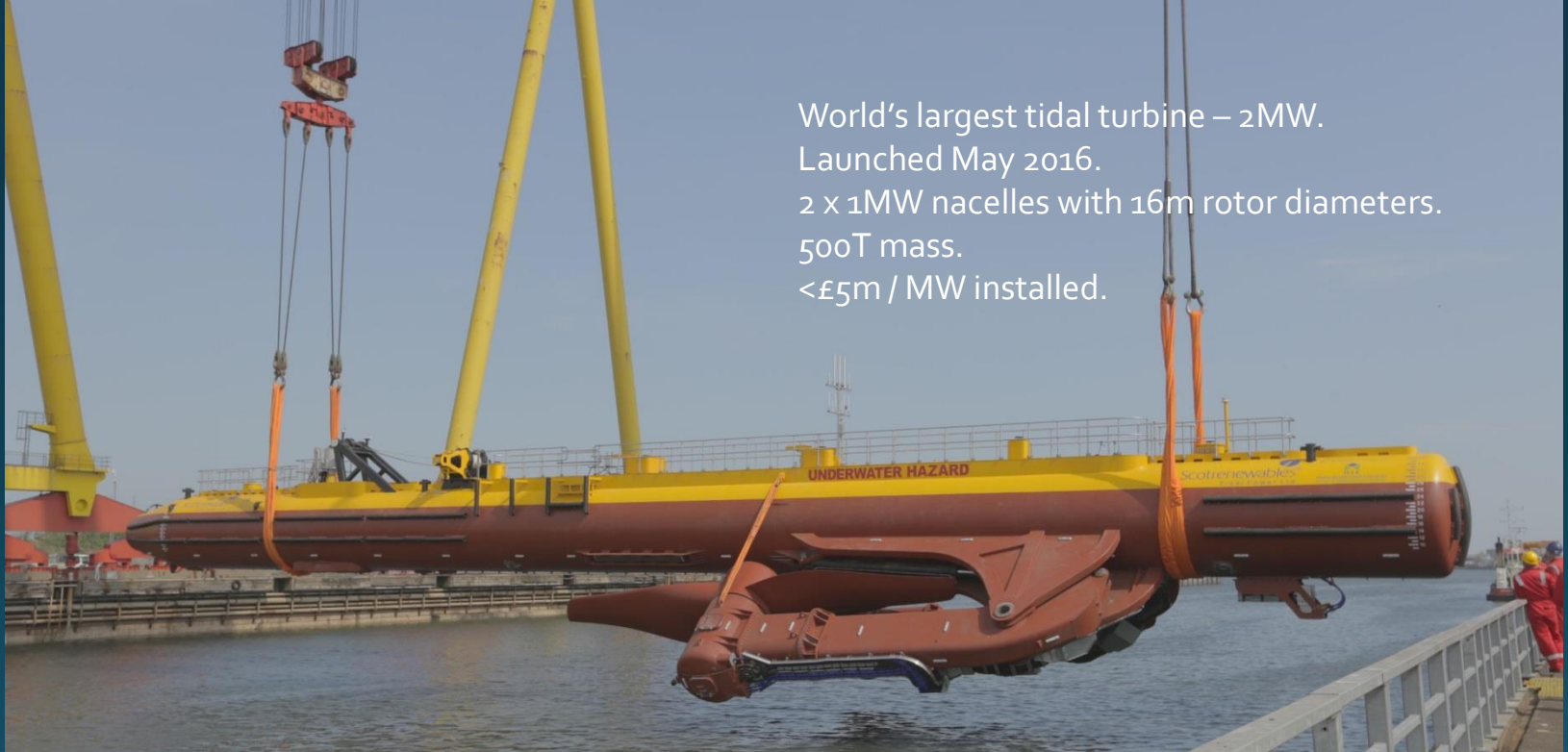
SR2000 – Update: Scottish Renewables, September 2017



ScotRenewables Tidal Power Ltd

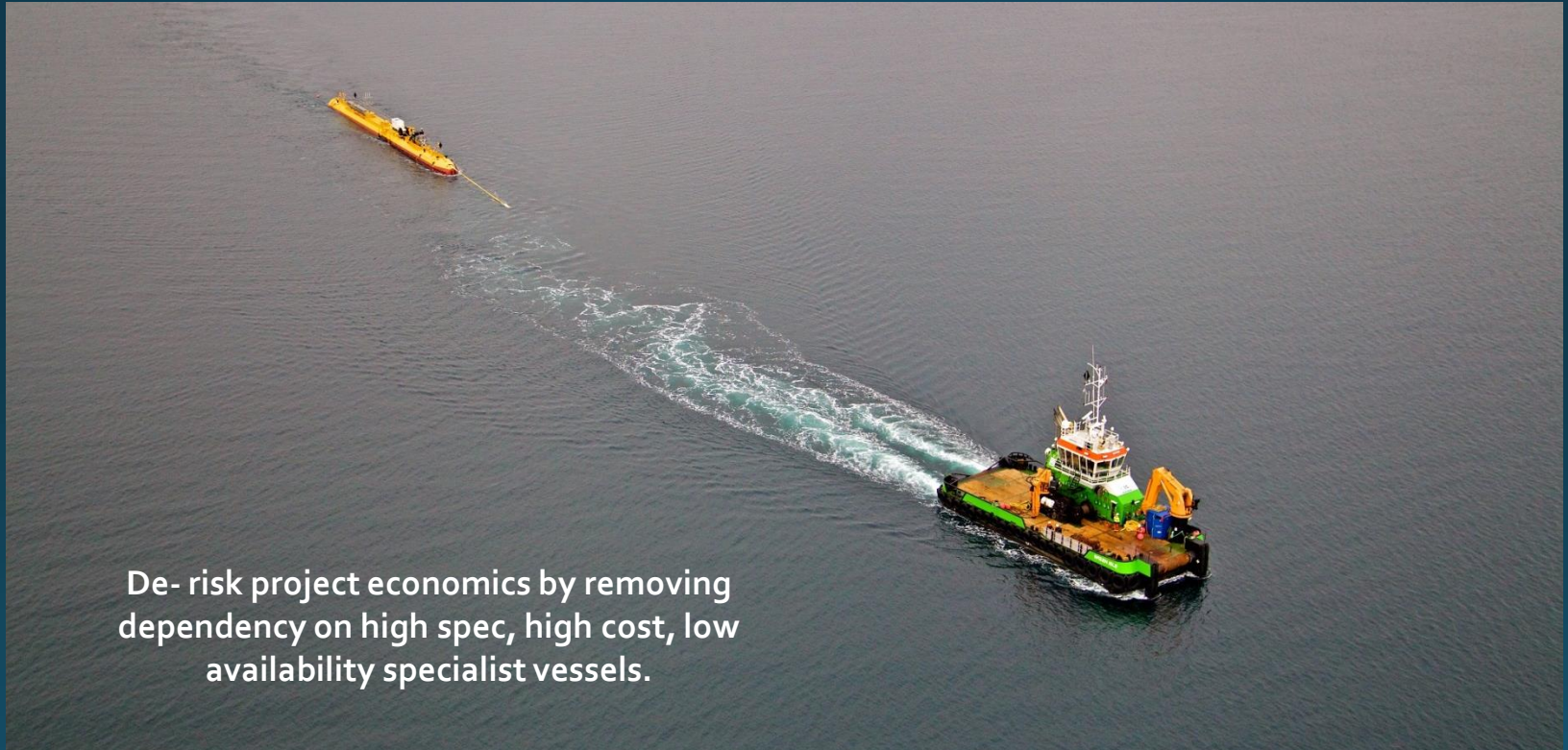


SR2000 (2MW) – CAPEX validation.



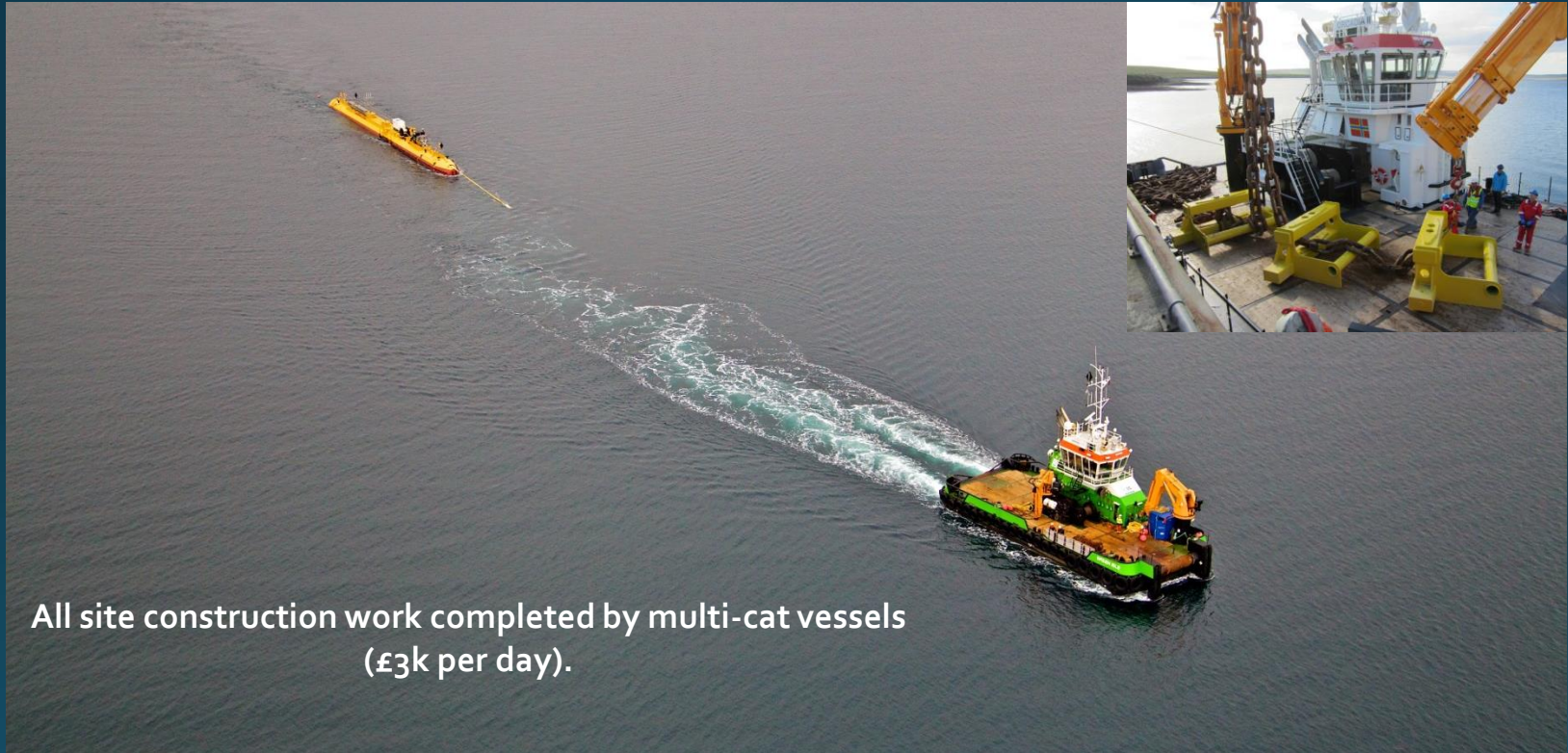
World's largest tidal turbine – 2MW.
Launched May 2016.
2 x 1MW nacelles with 16m rotor diameters.
500T mass.
<£5m / MW installed.

SR2000 (2MW) – Construction & Operational Philosophy.



De- risk project economics by removing dependency on high spec, high cost, low availability specialist vessels.

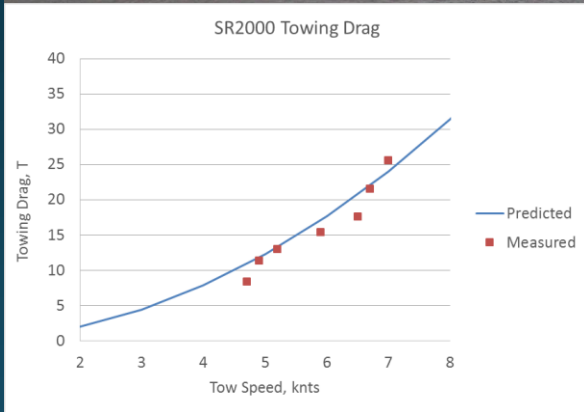
SR2000 (2MW) – Construction validation.



All site construction work completed by multi-cat vessels (£3k per day).

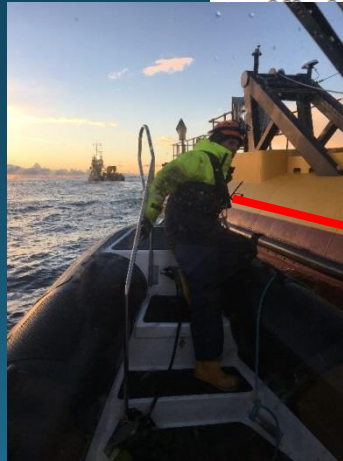
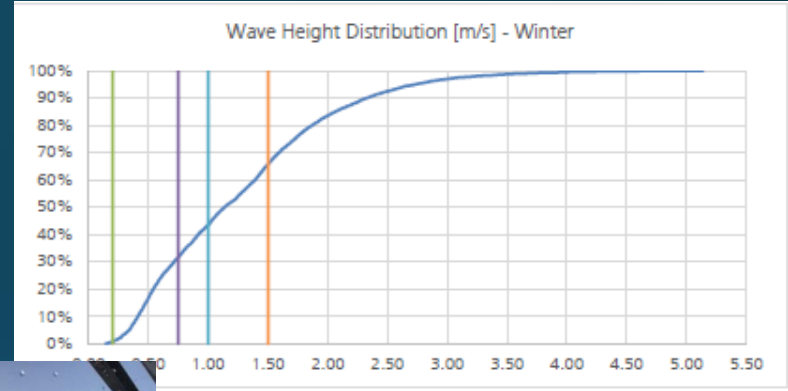
SR2000 (2MW) – Construction validation.

SR2000 capable of quick installation and recovery from site with multi-cat (in under 30 minutes).



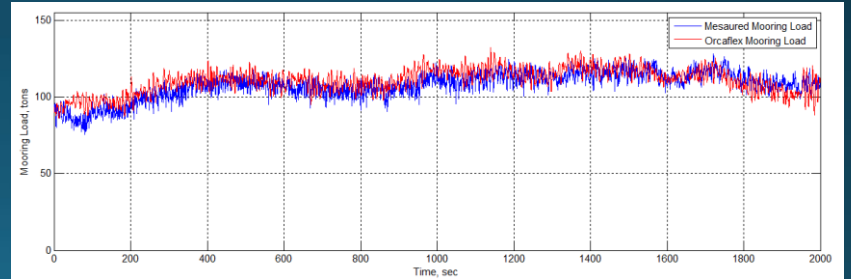
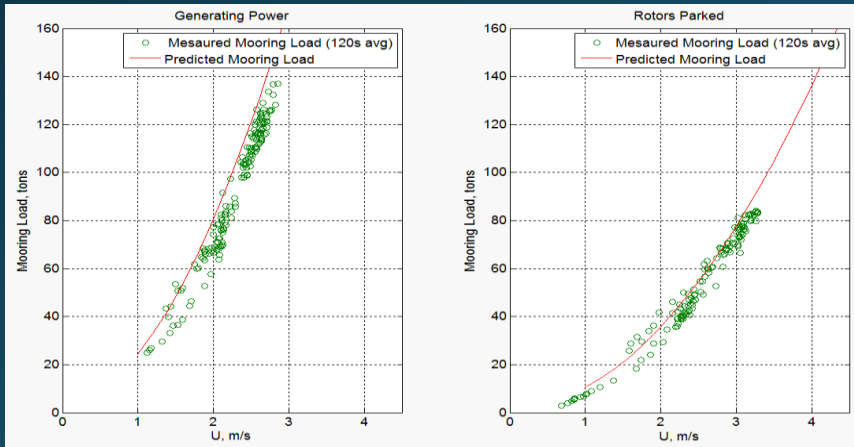
SR2000 (2MW) – OPEX validation.

- Hull Access
 - Most equipment and subsystems located in hull.
 - Hull assessable via RIB (<£1k per day).
 - Hull assessable in up to 1.5-2m significant wave height = 95%+ of the year.
 - Onboard work bench.
- Machine removal with small workboat for more major maintenance/overhaul (£3k per day).



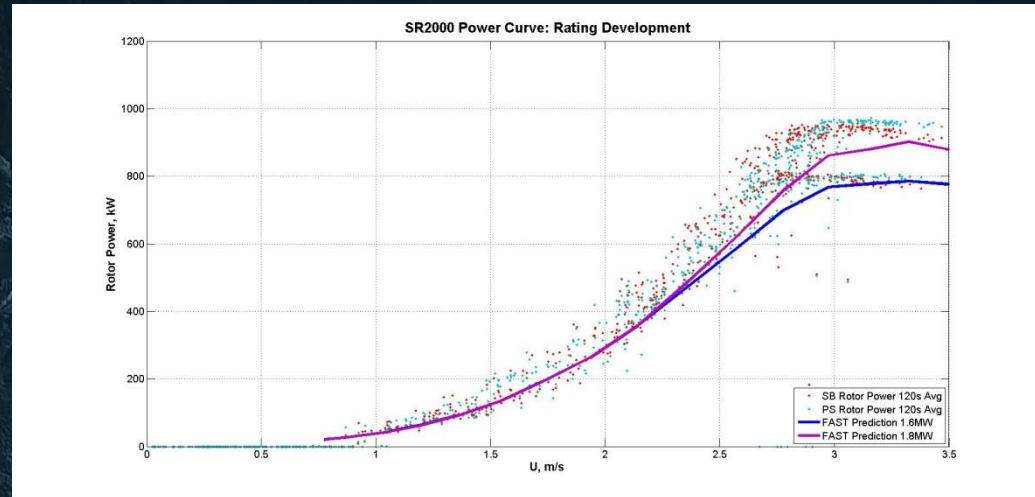
SR2000 (2MW) – Hydrodynamic & Mooring validation.

- Thrust and mooring loads in close correlation to simulations = good numerical characterisation of system at large scale.
- Ultimate mooring loads driven by controllable generation thrust (i.e. highly survivable in storm conditions: 6m Hmax experienced).
- Dynamic loading variation due to surface waves manageable for generation across ~97% of annual occurrence.

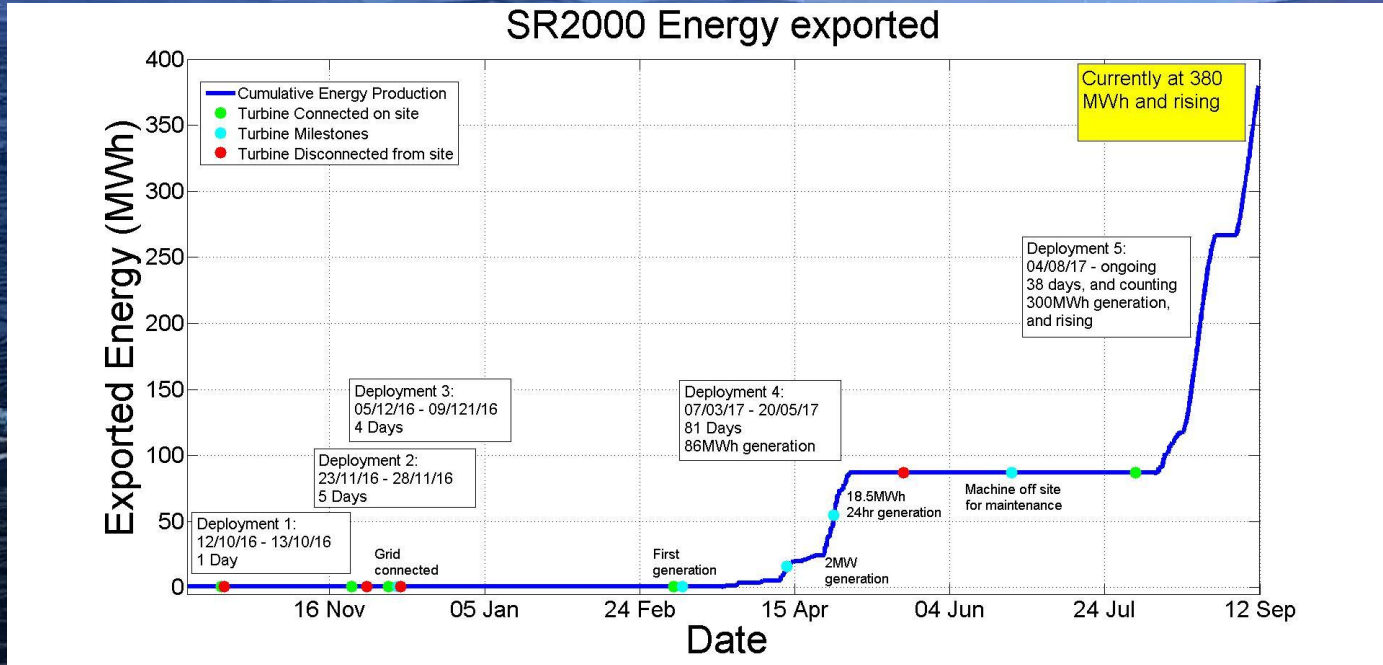


Measured vs Predicted Dynamic Mooring Load. The turbine is operating at 1MW in waves of $H_s = 1.2$, $T_p = 8$ s opposing of tide of 2.3m/s

SR2000 (2MW) – Yield validation.



SR2000 (2MW) – Generation.





www.scotrenewables.com


Scotrenewables®
Tidal Power Ltd



Simon Forrest
Chief Executive Officer
Nova Innovation

Nova Innovation Tidal Solutions Company



Scottish Renewables - Inverness

12 September 2017

Nova Innovation – Timeline

INNOVATION™
Nova Innovation Ltd

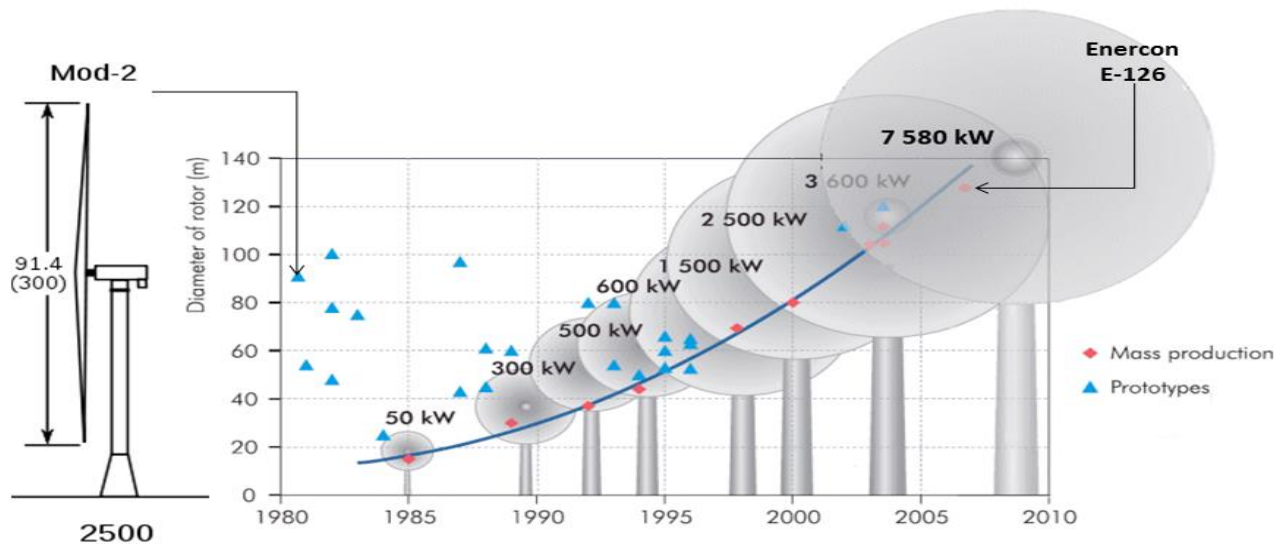


2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

- 2010: Company founded
- 2011: Seabed lease:
 - Nova 30
 - Shetland Tidal Array
- 2012:
 - Nova 30 design complete
 - Major contracts signed
- 2013:
 - Nova 30 build complete
- 2014:
 - Nova 30 installed & commissioned
 - Shetland Tidal Array contracts signed
- 2015:
 - Shetland Tidal Array under construction
 - All onshore works complete
- 2016:
 - World's first offshore tidal array
 - Direct Drive Prototype
- 2017:
 - STA operation
 - 2nd tidal array planning and development
 - EC funded R&D projects

Nova Innovation's Strategy

Turbine scaling in the wind industry



Source: IEA technology perspectives 2008, Nova Innovation 2010

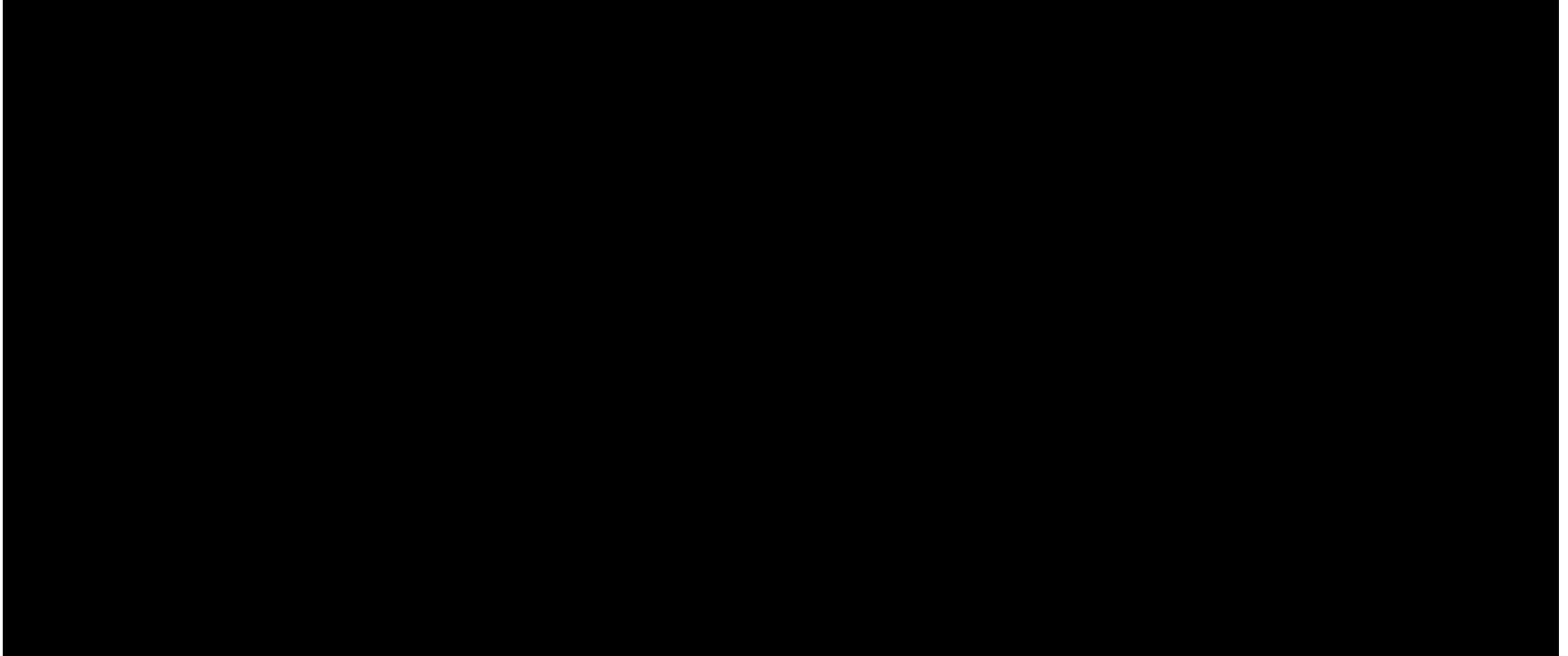
Lessons from the wind industry

- Follow the Danish model
- Deploy smaller devices
- Reduce engineering and financial risk
- Accumulate operating hours
- Prove reliability
- Accelerate technology evolution

Shetland Tidal Array – Nova M100



Shetland Tidal Array Video



EnFAIT Preparations: T1-T3 locations



















- NOVA INNOVATION-led €20m H2020 funded project
- Nine European partners
- Four Scotland-based partners
- Five year project running until June 2022
- Builds on existing Shetland Array
- Six turbines moved into different configuration



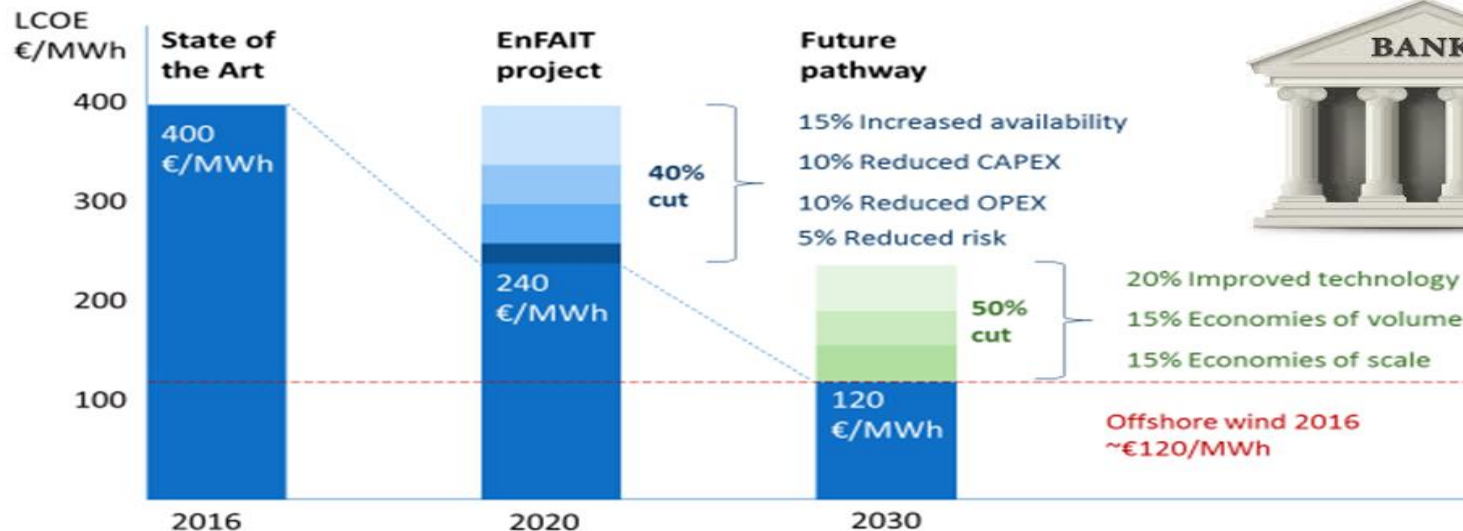
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement number 745862.



FnFAIT Project Partners

Participant #	Participant organisation name			Short name	Country
1 (Coordinator)	Nova Innovation			NOVA	UK
2	University of Edinburgh			UOE	UK
3	SKF GMBH			SKF	DE
4	HMK			HMK	UK
5	Wood Group Kenny SAS			WGK	FR
6	Offshore Renewable Energy Catapult			OREC	UK
7	ELSA			ELSA	BE
8	RSK <u>Environnement</u>			RSK	FR
9	Mojo Maritime			MOJO	UK

EnFAIT Project – bankability



- **Demonstrate Array:** Deliver a cost-effective array;
- **Reduce Lifetime Cost:** Demonstration of pathways to reduce the cost of energy;
- **Attract Investment:** Make ocean energy more commercially attractive to investors; and
- **Strengthen EU Industry:** build technology base and create jobs and growth in Europe

Nova Energy Storage System

Tidal turbine emulator

Fully functional lab

tidal simulator

Fully operational site

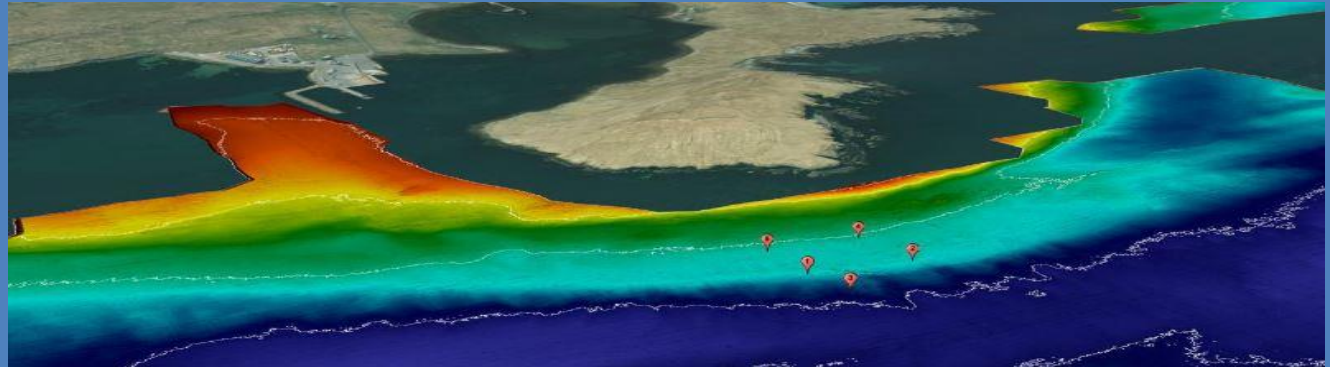
Active Network Management and grid

constraint
INNOVATION™

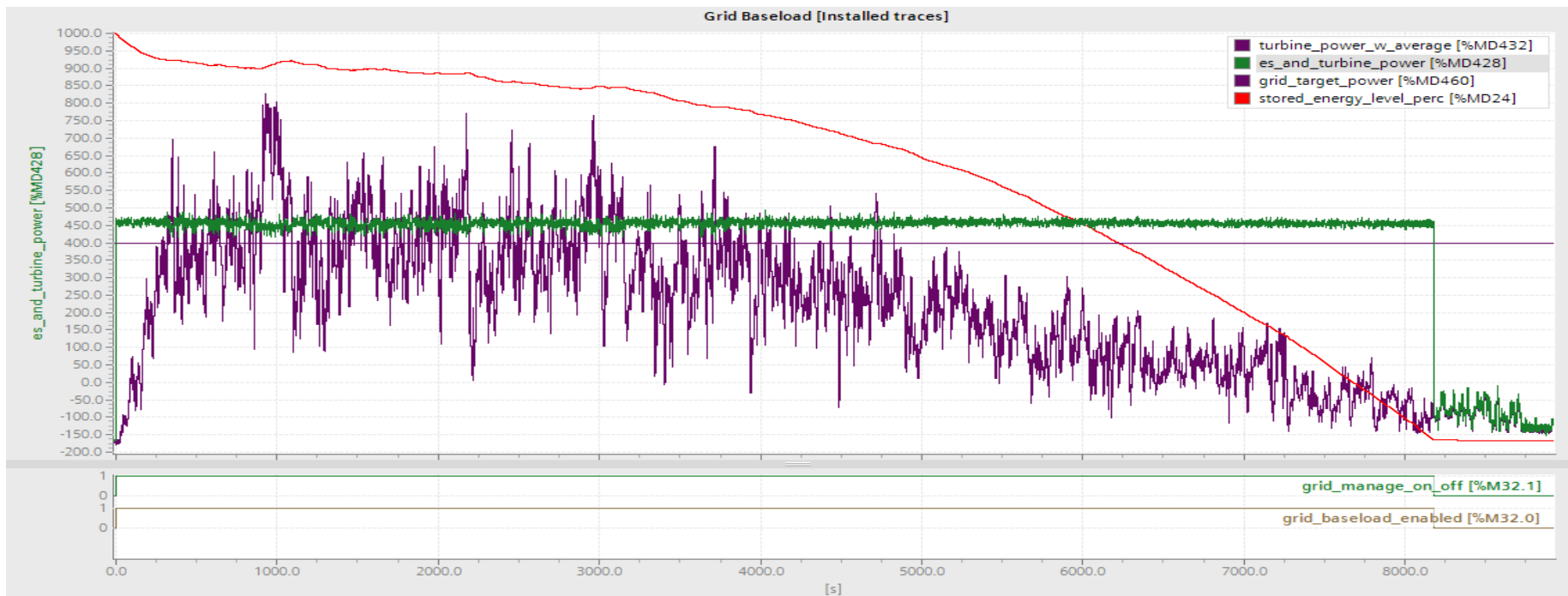
User interface



Storage Medium



Outputs – Baseload Tidal



Discussion





Sue Barr
External Affairs Manager
OpenHydro



OPENHYDRO

HARNESSING THE TIDES

September 2017

Scottish Renewables Marine Conference



Naval Energies

A new player with global ambitions in Marine Renewable Energies

bpi**france**



Technip



**BNP PARIBAS
DÉVELOPPEMENT**

**NAVAL
GROUP**



A focussed business, with expertise in all aspects of offshore renewable energy generation.

KEY FIGURES



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

EMEC, Testing and
Outcomes



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

- In stream tidal energy turbine
- Bi-directional permanent magnet ring generator
- Designed for installation on the seabed in tidal races

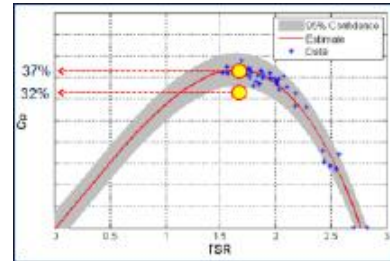
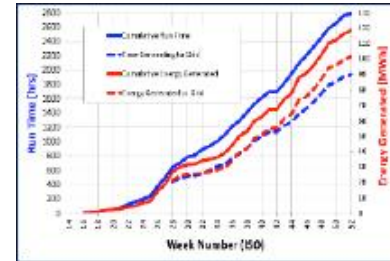


EMEC PROGRESS – OCT-06-07

OpenHydro has been testing at the European Marine Energy Centre (EMEC) since 2006; grid connected in 2008.

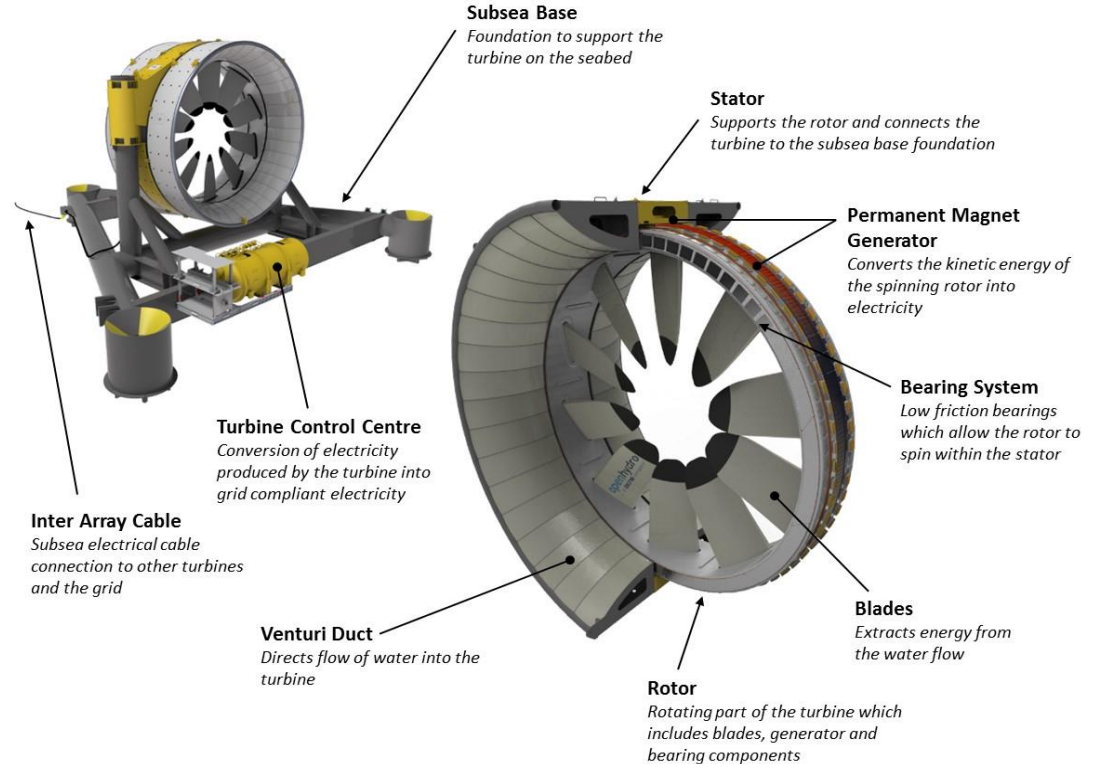
2014/15/16 testing focused on new power converter (ABB) and in-house developed control system:

- Over 12,500 hours testing of current turbine.
- 16% improvement in turbine efficiency.



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

- Turbine
- Venturi
- Subsea Base
- Turbine Control Centre
- Cables & connections
- Installation and recovery system



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW – SUBSEA BASE

- Simple rolled steel fabrication
- Concrete ballast
- No seabed preparation
- Integrated installation and recovery system



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW – TURBINE CONTROL CENTRE

- Power collection
- Power conversion
- Turbine control
- Voltage transformation
- Connection to export cable



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW – INSTALLATION BARGE

- Purpose built barges:
 - *OpenHydro Installer*
Scotland 2009
 - *OpenHydro Triskell*
France 2011
 - *OpenHydro Scotia Tide*
Canada 2016
- OH designed lifting system
 - Winches
 - Recovery frame
 - Liftloks



PROJECT PORTFOLIO

Global Projects



DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Demonstration Projects

- Cape Sharp Tidal – 4 MW demonstration array, Nova Scotia
- Paimpol-Bréhat – 4 MW demonstration array, NW France
- Goto Islands – 2 MW demonstration project, Japan

Commercial Projects

- OpenHydro have an additional portfolio of commercial projects under development with a total capacity in excess of 900 MW in the UK, France, Canada, and Asia.



1. EMEC ORKNEY ISLANDS, SCOTLAND		4. RACE TIDAL CHANNEL ISLANDS, UK		7. NORMANDIE HYDRO RAZ BLANCHARD, FRANCE	
2. EDF PAIMPOL-BREHAT, FRANCE		5. TIDAL VENTURES COUNTY ANTRIM, NORTHERN IRELAND		8. GOTO TIDAL DEMONSTRATION PROJECT GOTO ISLANDS, JAPAN	
3. BRIMS TIDAL ARRAY ORKNEY ISLANDS, SCOTLAND		6. CAPE SHARP TIDAL BAY OF FUNDY, CANADA		9. MORLAIS TIDAL DEMONSTRATION ARRAY ANGLESEY, WALES	

DEMONSTRATION ARRAY PROGRESS

Path to Commercialisation



DEMONSTRATION ARRAY – CAPE SHARP

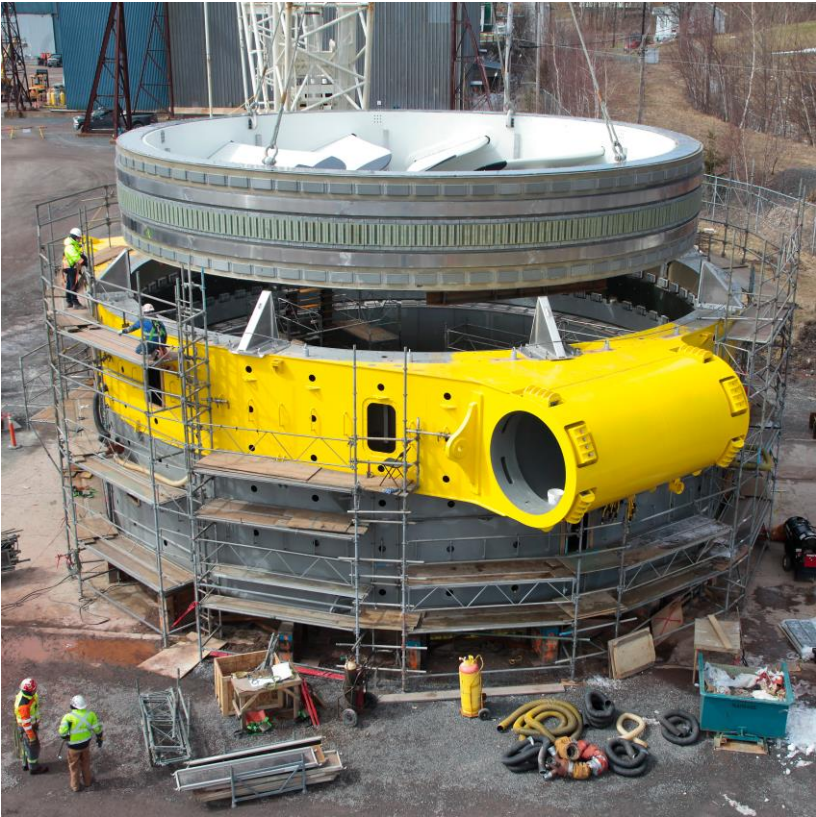


CAPE SHARP TIDAL

Customer	Emera
Location	Bay of Fundy
Installation	2016-17
Scale	2 x 16m
Turbine rating	2 MW



SYSTEM ASSEMBLY



MOBILISATION TO SITE



INSTALLATION & CONNECTION



DEMONSTRATION ARRAY – PAIMPOL-BRÉHAT



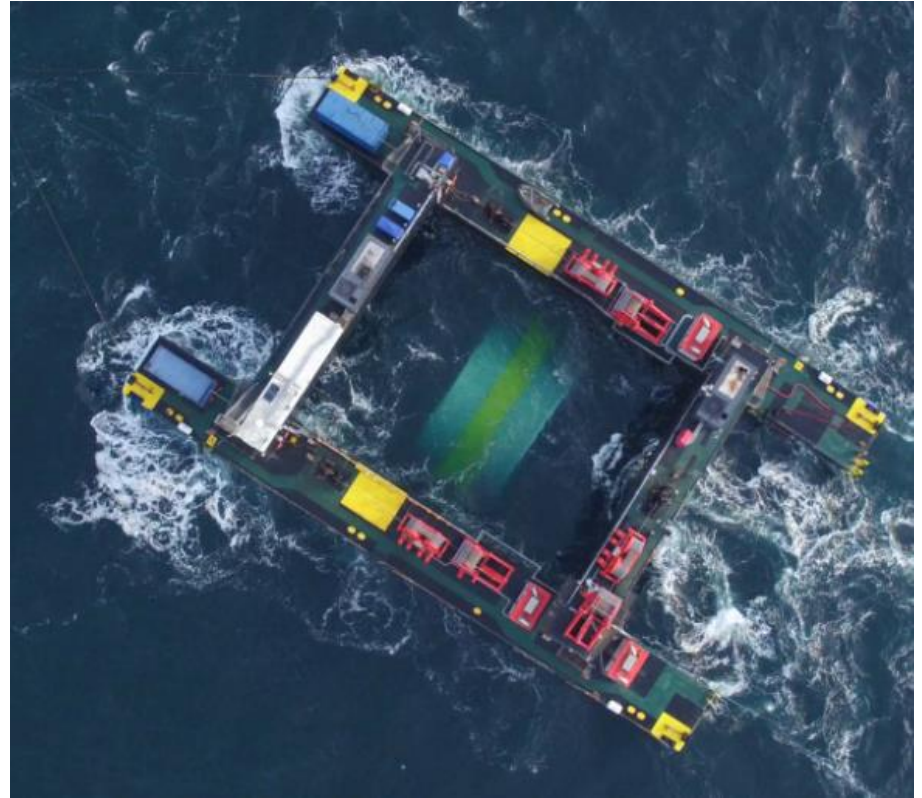
Customer	EDF
Location	NW France
Installation	2016-17
Scale	2 x 16m
Turbine rating	2 MW



SYSTEM ASSEMBLY



MOBILISATION AND INSTALLATION



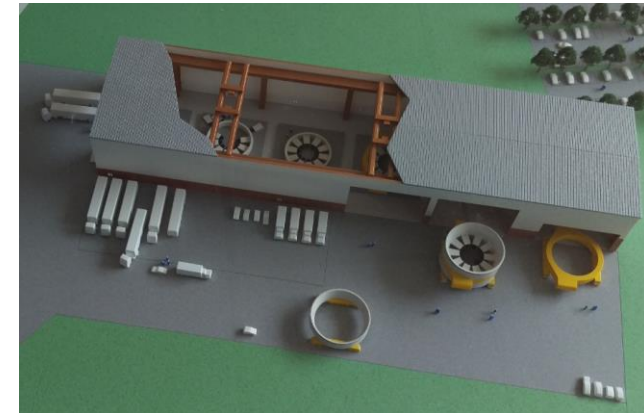
ASSEMBLY FACILITY

Cherbourg, France



ASSEMBLY FACILITY

- Capacity: 25 turbines / year
- Extendable to 50 turbines / year
- First turbine to be delivered Q1 2019





OPENHYDRO

NAVAL ENERGIES



IN ASSOCIATION WITH



MARINE CONFERENCE, EXHIBITION & DINNER

12 & 13 SEPTEMBER 2017 INVERNESS





Innovating for Marine Energy Technologies



Chair:
Neil Kermode
European Marine Energy Centre

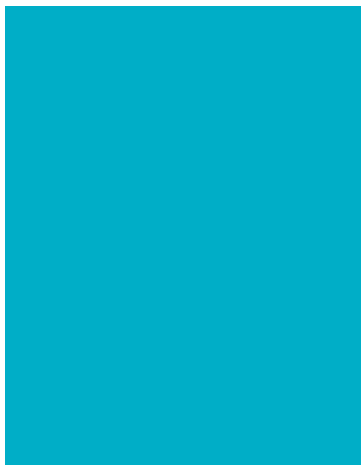


**Simon Cheeseman, Sector Lead – Wave
& Tidal Energy**

Offshore Renewable Energy Catapult

**Vicky Coy, Project Manager – Marine
Offshore Renewable Energy Catapult**





Innovating for Marine Energy Technologies

12 September 2017 | Simon Cheeseman & Vicky Coy



The catapult network:

A long-term vision for innovation & growth

11

Catapults

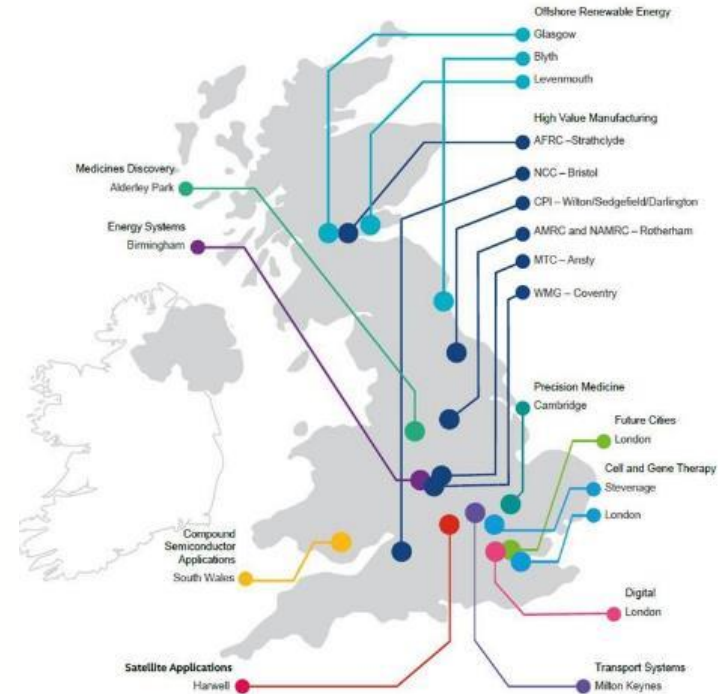
- Established by InnovateUK
- Designed to transform the UK's capability for innovation
- Core grant leveraged with industry and other public funding
- Catapults all highly connected to their sector and to other

ORE
Catapult

Research

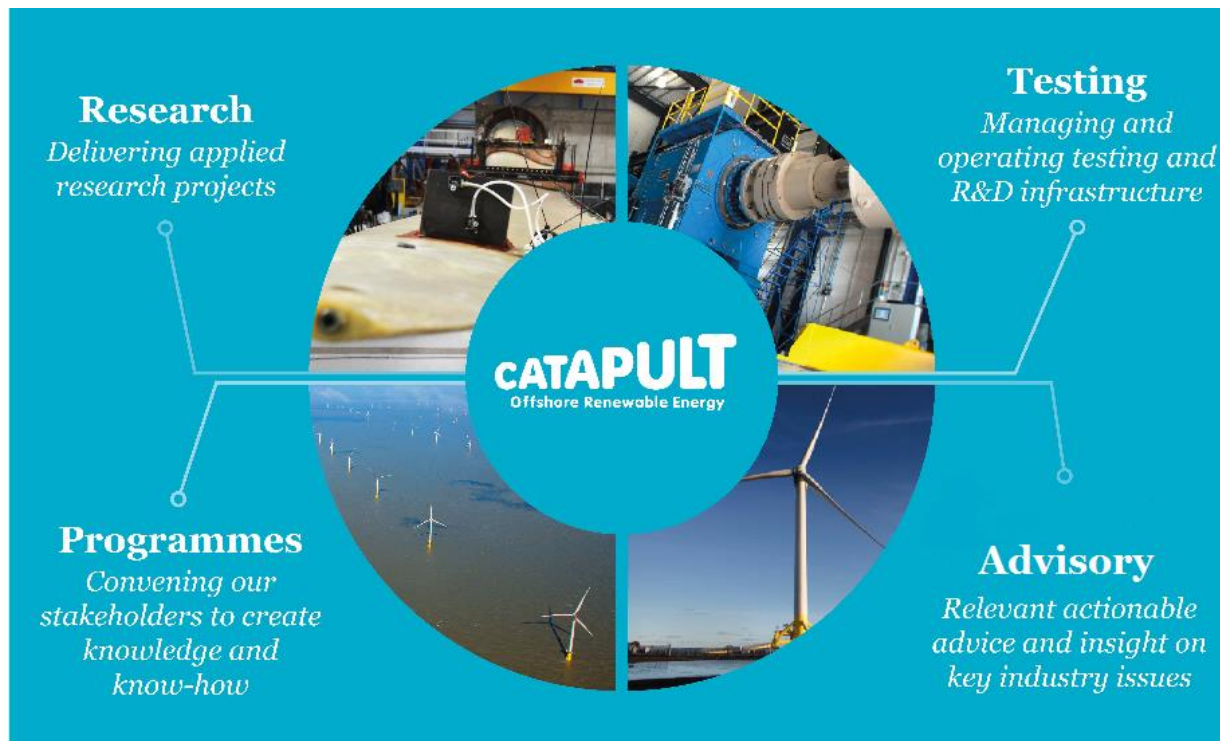
Testing

Advisory Services



Impact:

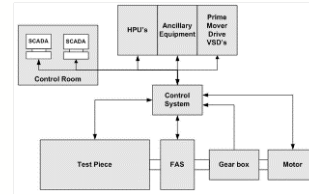
A long-term vision for innovation & growth



Innovation Processes



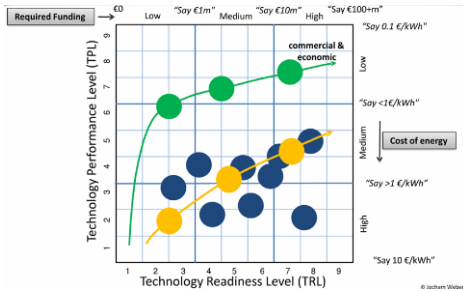
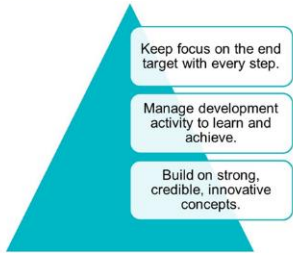
Components Guidelines



Organisation	Location	Zone type / project name
Wave Hub	North Cornwall	Wave demonstration zone
	North Devon	Tidal stream demonstration zone
	South Pembrokeshire	Wave demonstration zone
Siemens MCT	Dorset	5MW tidal stream demonstration zone
	Stranraer	10MW tidal stream project site
	Orkney	10MW tidal stream project site
EMEC	Orkney	Isle of Harris, wave demonstration zone
	Orkney	Islay, tidal stream demonstration zone
	Orkney	Stronsay Firth, tidal stream managed test facility project
Marine Energy	Wales	West Anglesey, tidal stream demonstration zone
Marine	Wales	Holyhead Deep, tidal stream project site

Wave and Tidal current demonstration zones

Technology – Core Characteristics



The contribution of any innovation towards LCOE depends upon a number of 'core characteristics', the most important being:

- Performance – how does the innovation boost energy productivity,
- Reliability – how does the innovation improve overall system uptime,
- Survivability – how does the innovation contribute to the system's ability to endure the external environment,
- Cost – how does the innovation contribute to a lowering of system costs.



Learning – No need to reinvent the wheel

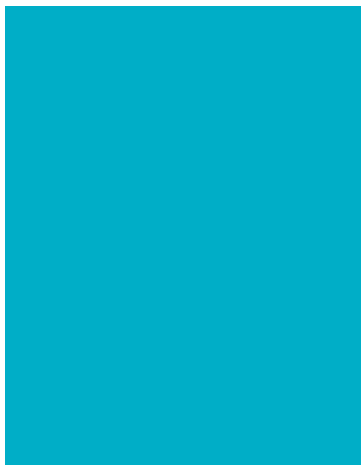
The screenshot shows the CATAPULT website home page. At the top, there is a navigation menu with links for 'Home', 'About us', 'What we do', 'Our services', 'Media & Events', 'Resources', and 'Contact us'. Below the navigation is a search bar with the text 'Start your search by entering one keyword'. The main content area features a large banner for 'Wave & Tidal Knowledge Network' with a background image of waves. Below the banner, there are several icons representing different areas: 'Technology', 'Project Development', 'Operations', 'R&D', and 'Energy'. At the bottom, there are three buttons labeled 'Reports', 'Databases', and 'Project Data'.

The screenshot shows the 'Knowledge Library' website. The header includes the URL 'https://library.ore.catapult.org.uk/' and the text 'Identified by... Knowledge management...'. The main heading is 'Knowledge Library' with a sub-heading 'Your Energy Scotland research partner's most advanced technology programme of R&D and infrastructure projects. The Knowledge Library provides access to key information and documents from across the world leading commercial and academic research & development.' Below this, there is a section titled 'Access world leading R&D in wave energy technology' with a list of bullet points. To the right, there is a 'Development Programmes' section with a list of items: 'Power Take Off' and 'Novel Wave Energy Converter'. A mobile phone mockup is shown on the left side of the page.

The screenshot shows the EMEC website. The header includes the EMEC logo and the text 'THE EUROPEAN MARINE ENERGY CENTRE LTD'. Below the logo is a navigation menu with links for 'Home', 'About us', 'What we do', 'Our services', 'Media & Events', 'Resources', and 'Contact us'. The main content area features a large banner with a yellow cylindrical object being lifted by a crane. To the right of the banner, there is a 'WELCOME TO EMEC: THE EUROPEAN MARINE ENERGY CENTRE' section with a large '7' and the text 'WELCOME TO EMEC: THE EUROPEAN MARINE ENERGY CENTRE'. Below this, there are three statistics: '1.7 TONNES', '3.7 METRES PER SECOND', and '7 METRES PER SECOND'.

The screenshot shows the SUPERGEN website. The header includes the SUPERGEN logo and the text 'SuperGen Partners'. Below the logo is a navigation menu with links for 'Home', 'About us', 'What we do', 'Our services', 'Media & Events', 'Resources', and 'Contact us'. The main content area features a large banner with a blue background and the text 'Supergen UKCMER'. Below the banner, there is a 'Reports' section with a list of items: 'Reports', 'Publications', 'Presentations', 'Case studies', 'Videos', and 'Webinars'.

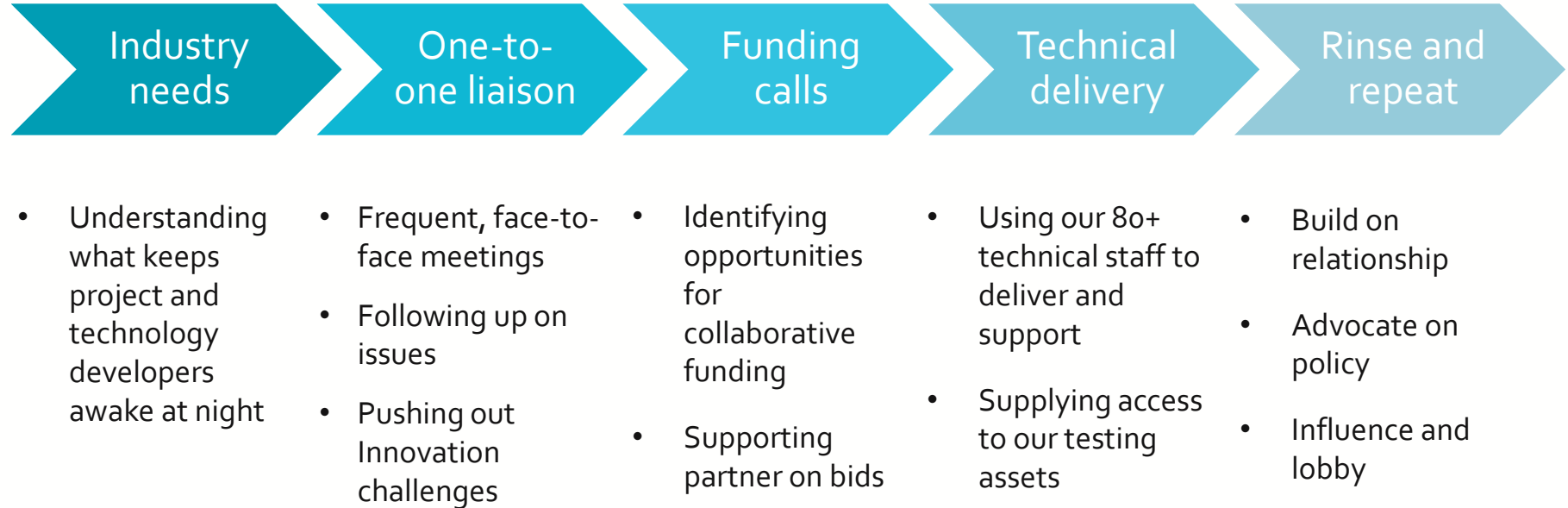
The screenshot shows the CATAPULT website resources page. The header includes the CATAPULT logo and the text 'Offshore Renewable Energy'. Below the logo is a navigation menu with links for 'Home', 'What we do', 'What we do', 'Our services', 'Media & Events', 'Resources', and 'Contact us'. The main content area features a 'Resources' section with a list of items: 'Reports & Publications', 'Documents & Presentations', and 'Case studies'.



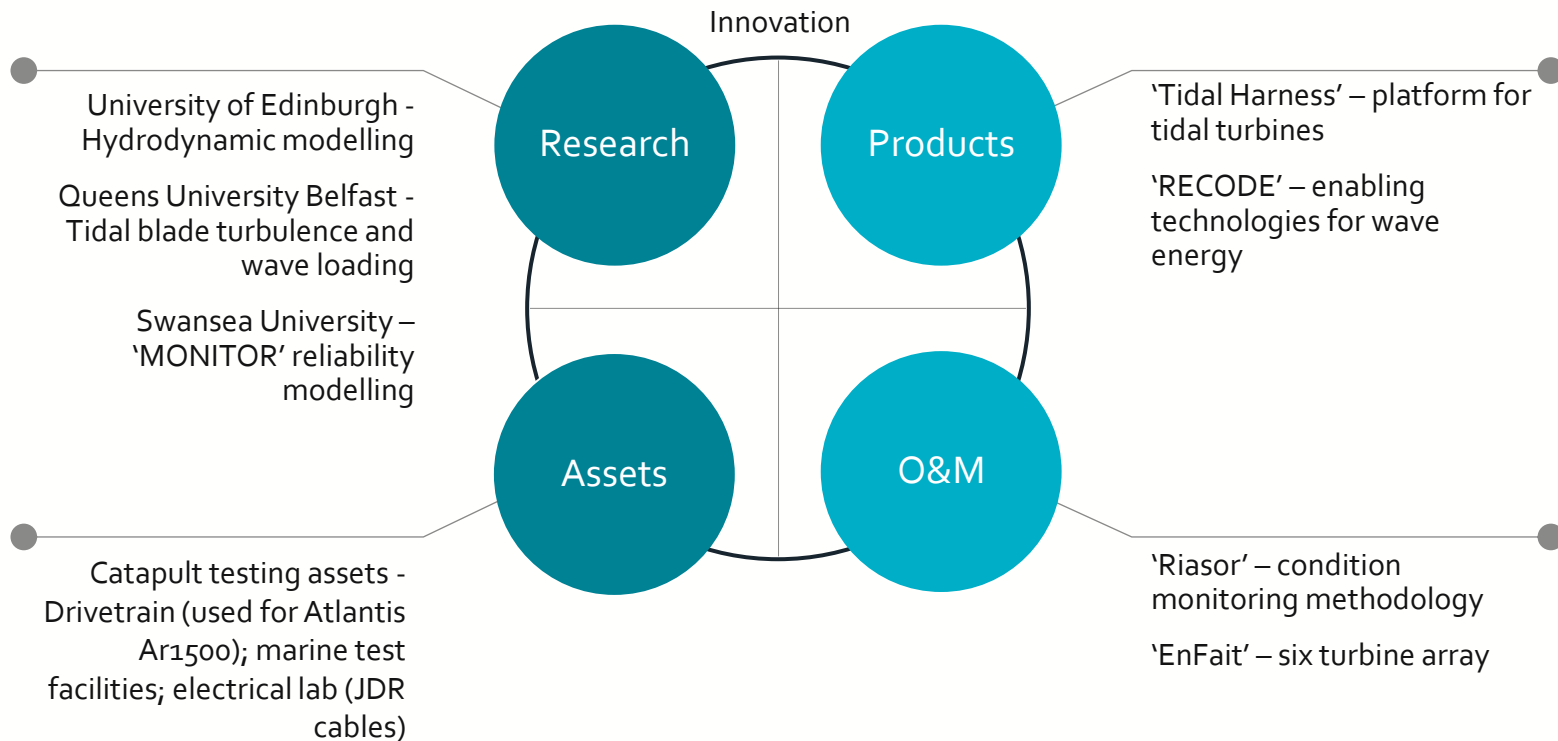
Innovating for Marine Energy Technologies

12 September 2017 | Vicky Coy

Driving projects through innovative processes, technology and learning

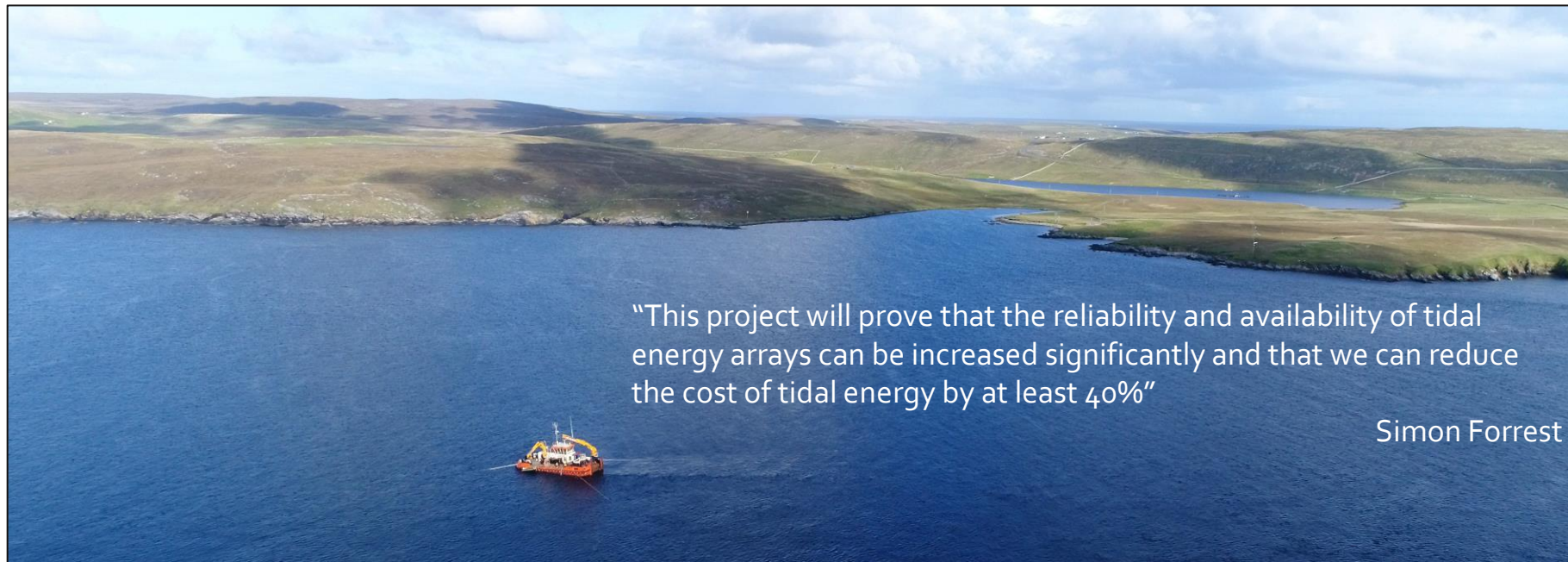


Marine energy innovation projects



- Nova Innovation actively engaged Catapult in 2013
- Led to one-to-one trusted relationship
- Identified funding calls, partnered on bid
- Successfully won largest EU-funded ocean energy project to date
- Technical delivery
- Relationship grows and we continue to identify challenges

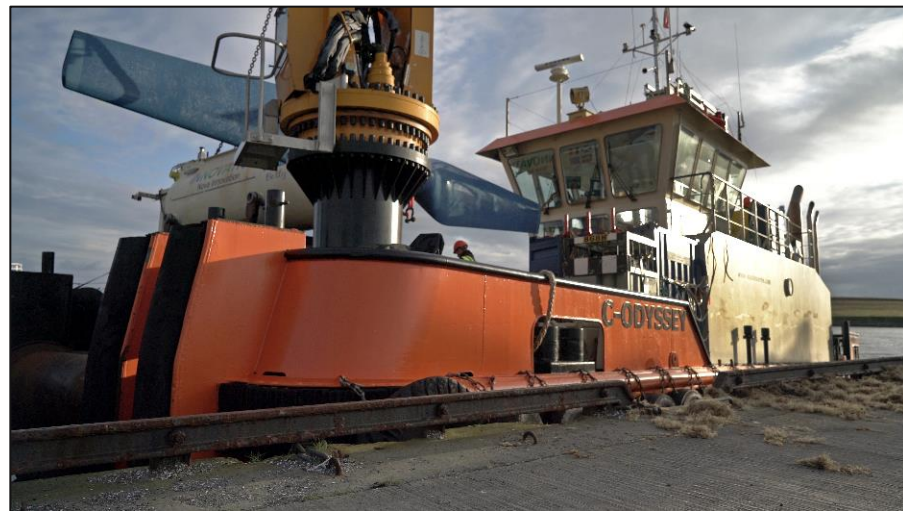




“This project will prove that the reliability and availability of tidal energy arrays can be increased significantly and that we can reduce the cost of tidal energy by at least 40%”

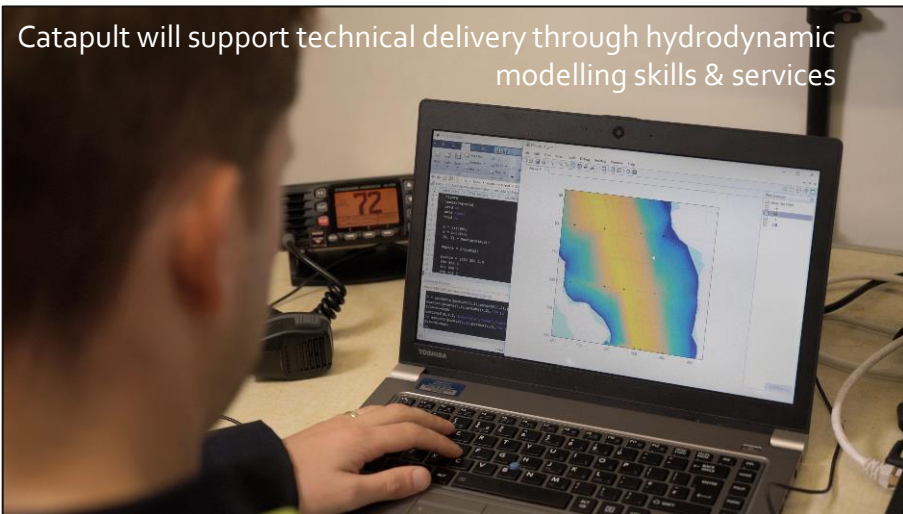
Simon Forrest







Catapult will support technical delivery through hydrodynamic modelling skills & services



Contact us

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ORE Catapult

Inovo

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G1 1RD

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F +44 (0)333 004 1399

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LEVENMOUTH

ORE Catapult

Fife Renewables

Innovation Centre (FRIC)

Ajax Way

Leven

KY8 3RS

T +44 (0)1670 359 555

F +44 (0)1670 359 666



Sian Wilson
Development Manager
Crown Estate Scotland

Marine energy innovation

Sian Wilson

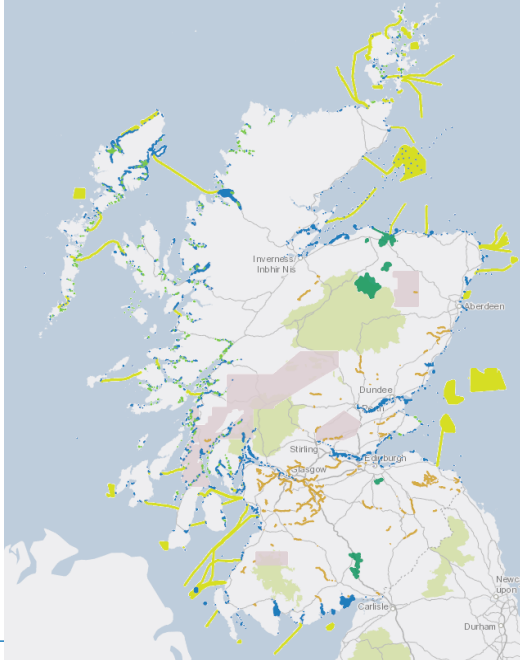
- SR Marine Conference 12th September 2017

Crown Estate Scotland



- Set up on 1st April following the Scotland Act 2016 to manage land and property owned by the Monarch
- Crown Estate Act 1961 tasks us with enhancing value and revenue ‘with due regard to the requirements of good management’
- We ensure the assets are developed and enjoyed sustainably to deliver benefits to communities and to Scotland as a whole

The assets



- Around half the foreshore including 5,800 moorings and some ports and harbours
- Leasing of virtually all seabed out to 12 nautical miles covering approx. 750 fish farming sites and cables & pipelines
- The rights to offshore renewable energy and gas & carbon storage out to 200 nautical miles
- 37,000 hectares across four rural estates (agricultural, residential & commercial properties, forestry)
- Rights to river salmon fishing and gold & silver across much of Scotland

- One office unit on George St, Edinburgh



**Crown Estate
Scotland**
Oighreachd a' Chrùin Alba

Our interest is in this....

.. And the value that development can bring to people, businesses and communities



How the establishment of a competitive marine energy sector is being driven by innovative processes, technology and learning

Consolidation – array deployment



Innovative...

Processes

- Funding awards – winners and losers
- Leasing

Technology

- Many firsts....
- 1.5MW – 2MW machines in the water!
- Specific components/systems

Learning

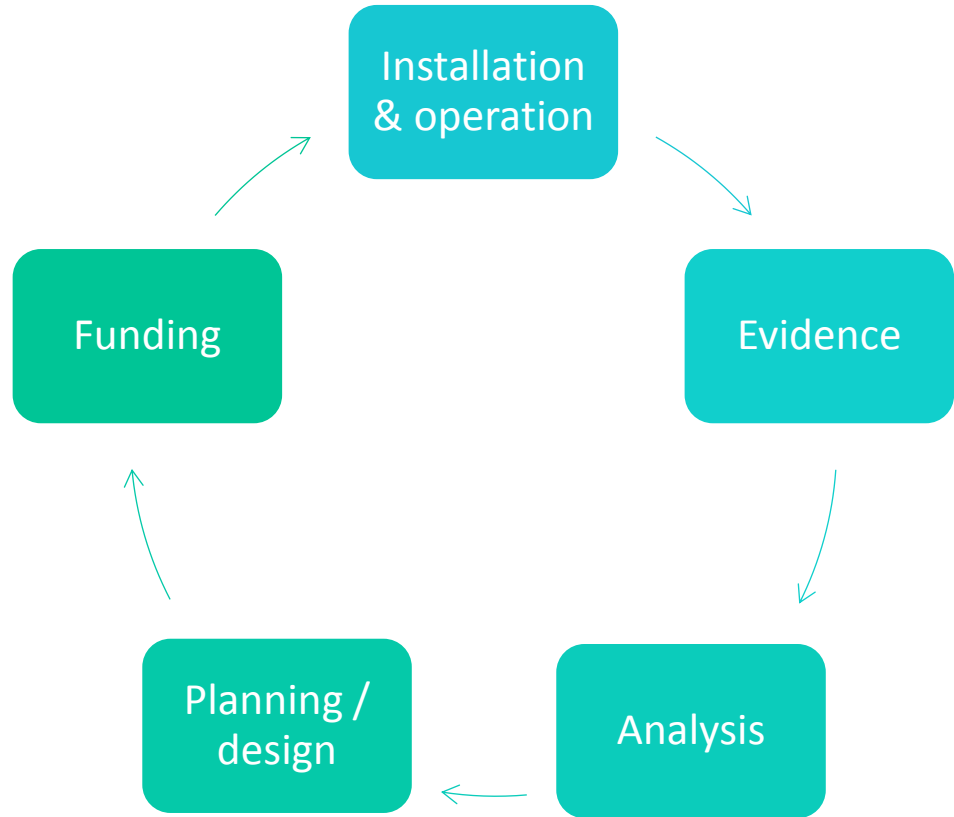
- Identifying lessons and learning

Teams

- Individuals



Project development





Conclusions

Clear value proposition

We have a clear ask –
commercial support

Renewables is on the
world stage at the
moment

Continue to drive more
innovation



Thank you

sian.wilson@crownestatescotland.com



Neil Kermode, European Marine Energy Centre

Vicky Coy, Offshore Renewable Energy Catapult

Simon Cheeseman, Offshore Renewable Energy
Catapult

Sian Wilson, Crown Estate Scotland

Marine Conference Dinner

Sponsored by



**Crown Estate
Scotland**

Oighreachd a' Chrùin Alba

**Buses
depart main
entrance at
17:45**



IN ASSOCIATION WITH



MARINE CONFERENCE, EXHIBITION & DINNER

12 & 13 SEPTEMBER 2017 INVERNESS





Jenny Hogan, Deputy Chief Executive, Scottish
Renewables

Paul Wheelhouse MSP, Minister for Business,
Innovation and Energy, Scottish Government

Tim Hurst, Managing Director, Wave Energy
Scotland

Andrew Scott, Chief Executive Officer,
ScotRenewables





IN ASSOCIATION WITH



MARINE CONFERENCE, EXHIBITION & DINNER

12 & 13 SEPTEMBER 2017 INVERNESS



The slide features a white background with blue geometric shapes in the corners. In the top-left corner, there is a light blue diagonal band and a darker blue hexagonal shape. In the bottom-right corner, there are several overlapping light blue and dark blue triangular and quadrilateral shapes.

Consenting and the Environment



Chair:
Caitlin Long
European Marine Energy Centre



Jonny Lewis
Secretariat
ORJIP Ocean Energy



ORJIP Ocean Energy

Scottish Renewables Marine Conference

13th September 2017

Sponsors



Llywodraeth Cymru
Welsh Government



Scottish Natural Heritage
All of nature for all of Scotland



Cyfoeth
Naturiol
Cymru
Natural
Resources
Wales

Secretariat



ORJIP background

- **Offshore Renewables Joint Industry Programme (ORJIP)** is a UK-wide collaborative programme of environmental research with the aim of reducing consenting risks for offshore wind and marine energy projects. <http://www.orjip.org.uk/oceanenergy/about>
- ORJIP Offshore Wind already established and managed by Carbon Trust.
- **ORJIP Ocean Energy (ORJIP OE) was formed in March 2015** following a significant amount of work that demonstrated that a similar programme was needed for covering wave, tidal stream and tidal range.

ORJIP Ocean Energy

- The programme sponsors are:



Llywodraeth Cymru
Welsh Government



Scottish Natural Heritage
All of nature for all of Scotland



Cyfoeth
Naturiol
Cymru
Natural
Resources
Wales

- The programme sponsors have commissioned a Secretariat to manage the programme. Since 2015 to date, the Secretariat is being run jointly by:



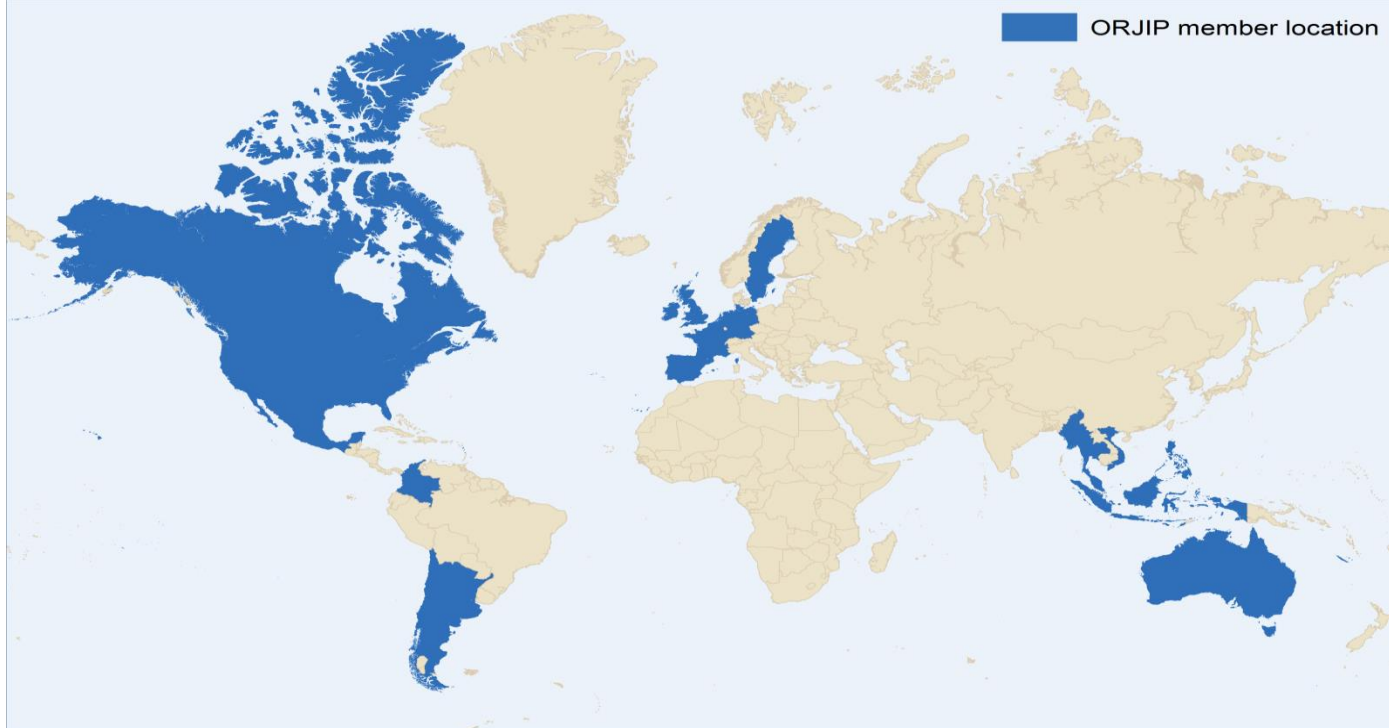
- The Secretariat seeks to stimulate the identification and collaborative commissioning of the priority research projects by identifying project leaders and funders from within the network of members. The Secretariat is the

Progress to date (1/3)

Apr 15	Steering Group convened and Network formed
Apr 15	First “Call for Evidence” circulated
Jul 15	First version of “Forward Look” document completed
Dec 15	Second “Call for Evidence” circulated
Jan 16	Second Draft of “Forward Look” issued to Steering Group
Jan 16	Second Steering Group Meeting
Mar 16	“Call for Evidence” circulated specific to Tidal Range projects
Sep 16	MoU signed with OES Annex IV
2016	Attendance at range of conferences and events
Feb 17	Fourth Steering Group Meeting
May 17	Joint ORJIP OE/NERC Tidal Lagoon workshop (Bristol)
Jun 17	Forward Look updated with Tidal Lagoon R&D priorities

Progress to date (2/3) - Network coverage

- International Network with 72 participants from 21 countries



Progress to date (3/3)

- Key links established:



The International Business Alliance
for Corporate Ocean Responsibility



- Representation on industry forums:

High priorities (wave/tidal stream)

- **Collision risk**
 - Near field monitoring
 - Research into the likelihood, probability and consequences of collision
 - Development of instruments and methodologies for monitoring
- **Underwater noise**
 - Development of noise propagation models
- **Displacement**

Development of an agreed approach to assessment

High priorities (wave/tidal stream)

- **Regulatory issues**
 - Review of the PBR approach to regulation
 - Development of methods/approaches to managing risk
 - Agreed methods/processes for developing Project Environmental Management Plans (PEMPs) for demo and commercial scale projects
- **Shipping and navigation**
 - Further development of approaches to assessing potential impacts on shipping and navigation

High priorities (wave/tidal stream)

- **General**
 - Monitoring to help better understand wildlife behaviour around machines and arrays (including development of instruments)
 - Further development of mitigation measures
 - Further research into potential population level effects
 - Review and dissemination of environmental monitoring results

High priorities (tidal lagoons)

- **Potential R&D Priority Projects**

- Good Practice Guidance on Assessing Physical Process Impacts of Tidal Lagoon Developments
- Good Practice Guidance on Methods and Criteria for Collecting Fish Data to inform EIA for Tidal Lagoon Developments
- Good Practice Guidance on Methods of Impact Assessment for Fish Ecology in relation to Tidal Lagoon Developments
- Review of effective and suitable mitigation and monitoring strategies for marine/estuarine and freshwater diadromous fish in relation to tidal lagoon developments

Hendry Review - 2016

- ORJIP OE provided a formal response to the Hendry Review process in 2016
- Key elements of the ORJIP OE submission built upon comments obtained via the CfE process (Mar/Ap 2016)
- ORJIP OE subsequently invited to meeting (Mar 17) between Charles Hendry and selected eNGO's (hosted by the Wildlife Trusts) in London



Next Steps – 2017 and beyond

- 9-month extension to the ORJIP OE agreed with all project sponsors
- Update and re-issue of Forward Look
- Discussion at next Steering Group meeting (Oct 17) on priority R&D projects and mechanisms for funding these
- Look to secure funding and initiate high priority projects that will reduce

Contact details

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Jonny Lewis




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Paul Darnbrough
Associate Director
ITP Energised



Consenting in the Marine Environment

By Paul Darnbrough

Introduction to ITP Energised

- Provide renewable energy, engineering and environmental consultancy
- In 2016:    ITPENERGISED
Earth. Smart. Solutions
- Offshore renewable energy group in Bristol since 1991
- Over 100 offshore energy projects, 28 technologies



1991 Tidal Stream Demo -
Loch Linnhe



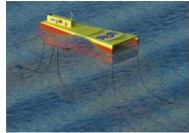
2003 Worlds' First Marine
Current Turbine - SEAFLOW



2008 PS100 Installation in
the River Humber



2008 Wavestar
Demonstrator



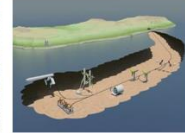
2011 OWEL Demonstrator



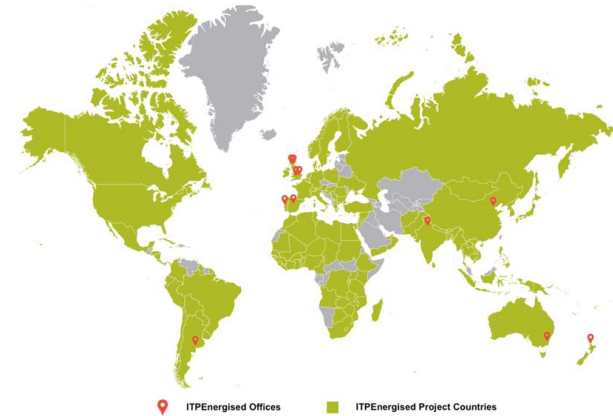
2014 - present
Minesto



2015 / 2016 Instream
Platform



2012 - present
PTEC 30MW tidal site



My Experience

Aberdeen

Ardrossan

MacDuff

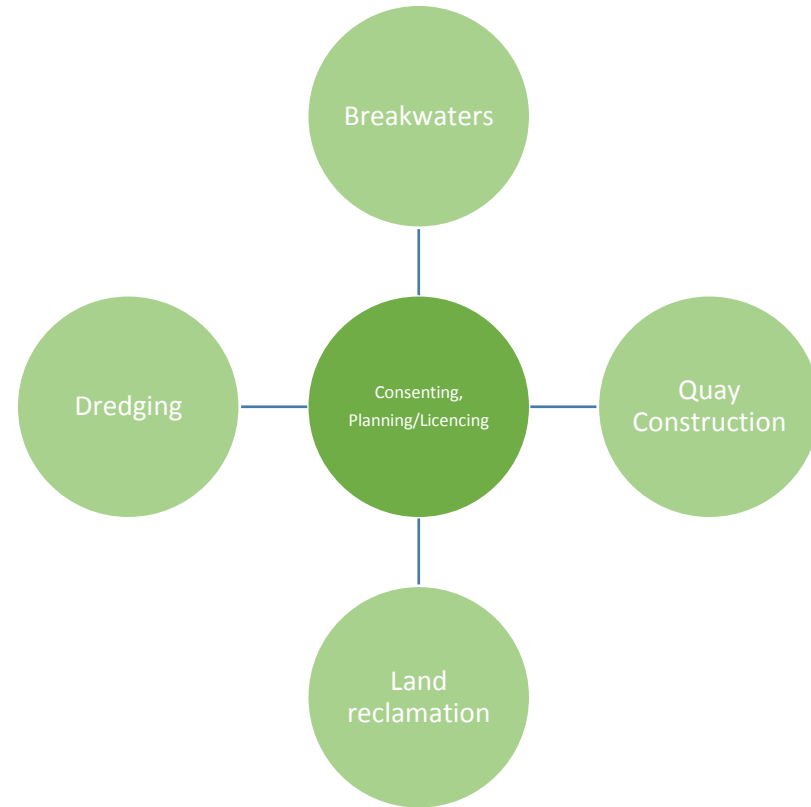
Lerwick

Port of Tyne

Dunbar

Mallaig Harbours

Hendry Review of
Tidal Lagoons in
the UK



Aim-Provide guidance and tips on securing marine consents.



Understand the Sensitivities



Consult



Empathise with the regulators
Proactively consult the community
Be prepared to lead
Be open, flexible and adaptable
Use visualisation

BEFORE



AFTER



Let the science talk!



Use technical specialists

But communicate in non-technical terms

State limitations clearly

Be willing to share the knowledge

Case study




Post-consent

- Put theory into practice
- Don't rest on our laurels
- Produce a thorough Construction Environmental Management Plan
- Apply the mitigation and monitoring
- Appoint an Environmental Clerk of Works (ECoW)

Thanks for listening

www.itpenergised.com





Chris McCabe
Environmental Consultant
BMT Cordah



“Where will our knowledge take you?”

It's the simple things
that can catch you
unaware:

**Potential Management Plans for
Marine Growth in the Marine
Renewables sector**

Chris McCabe, BMT Cordah
September 2017



Contents

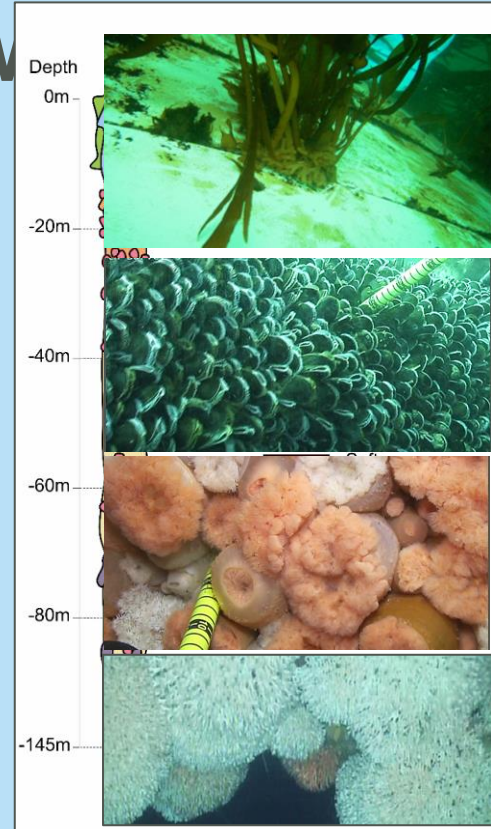
- Marine Growth
 - Introduction
 - BPS Case Study
 - Spatial Database
- eDNA
 - Introduction
 - Application
- Applications & Management Plans



What is Marine Growth

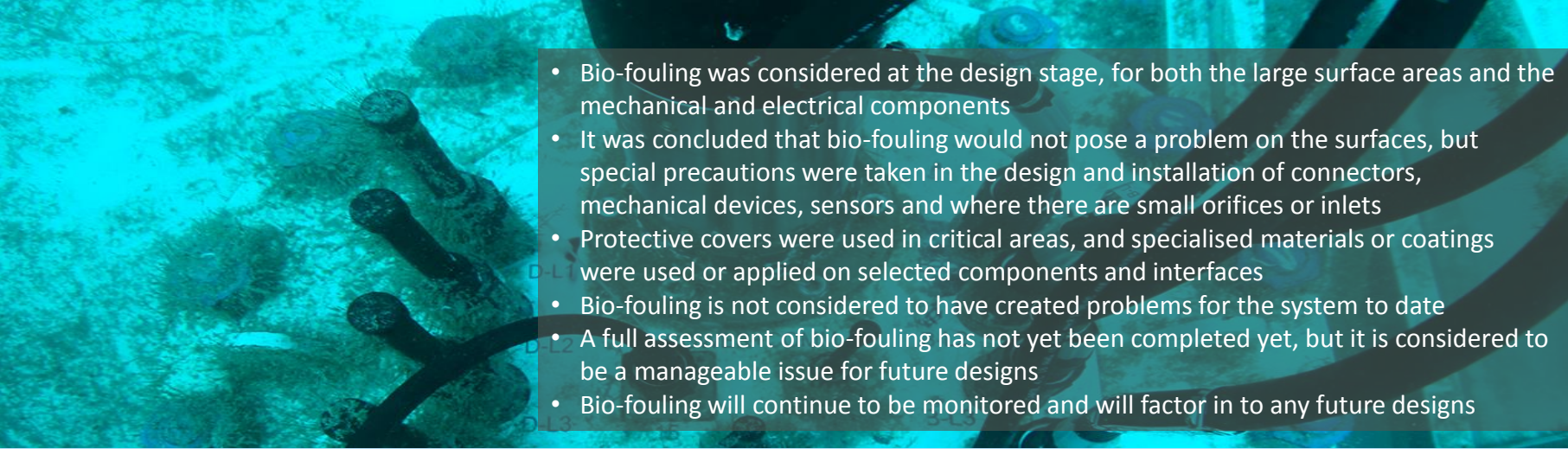
Marine growth is a term used to describe sessile organisms that colonise submerged structures/infrastructure, also known as **“Marine Fouling”**

- Hydrodynamic
- Use of land-based resources (landfill facilities)
- Weight
- Corrosion and Surface Damage
- Odour impact
- Reduction of Efficiency
- Seabed impact from marine growth removed
- Increased Maintenance Requirements
- Health and Safety Issues or invasive species may be present
- Legislative Issues





Bio-fouling Considerations for the bioWAVE Pilot Project, Australia

- 
- Bio-fouling was considered at the design stage, for both the large surface areas and the mechanical and electrical components
 - It was concluded that bio-fouling would not pose a problem on the surfaces, but special precautions were taken in the design and installation of connectors, mechanical devices, sensors and where there are small orifices or inlets
 - Protective covers were used in critical areas, and specialised materials or coatings were used or applied on selected components and interfaces
 - Bio-fouling is not considered to have created problems for the system to date
 - A full assessment of bio-fouling has not yet been completed yet, but it is considered to be a manageable issue for future designs
 - Bio-fouling will continue to be monitored and will factor in to any future designs

Marine Growth - Spatial Database

- BMT Cordah has over 30 years' experience in conducting marine growth assessments and holds marine growth representative coverage of the North Sea
- The numerous years of experience

OBJECTIVE

BMT Cordah to contribute

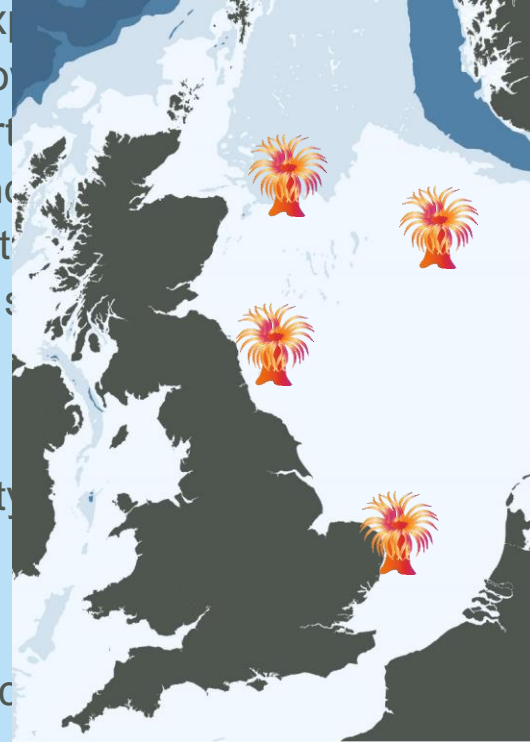
- Estimate dispersal potential of representative marine growth species between offshore North Sea oil and gas platforms

The ANChor Project

- Model the ecological consequences of altering the oil and gas infrastructure network
- Appraisal of Network Connectivity

EcoConnect

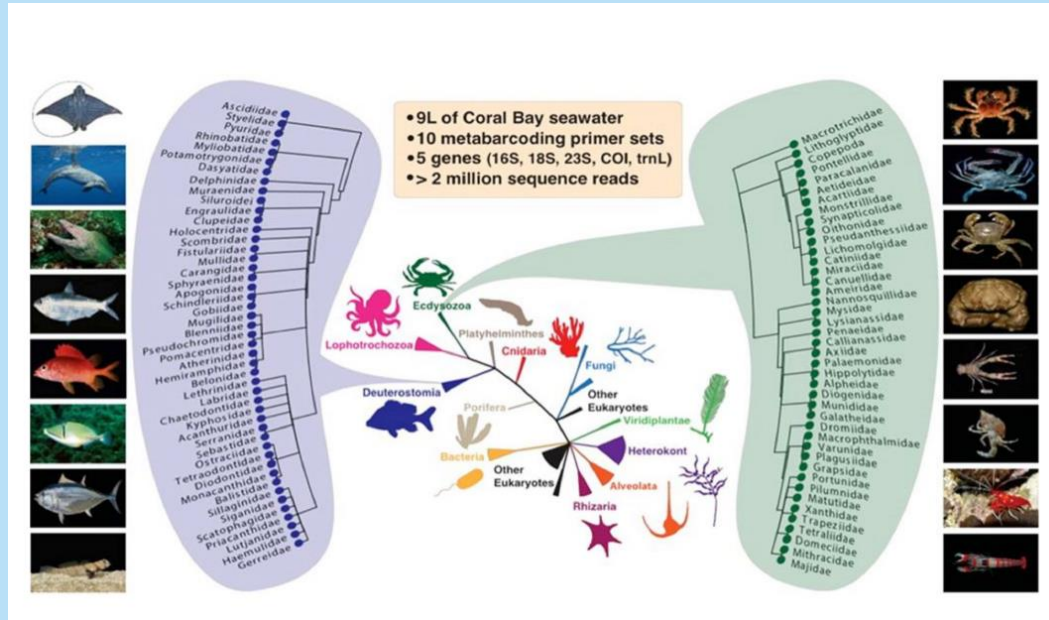
- Assessing the Ecological Connectivity of offshore structures in the North Sea



- Reef effects of structures in the North Sea: Islands or

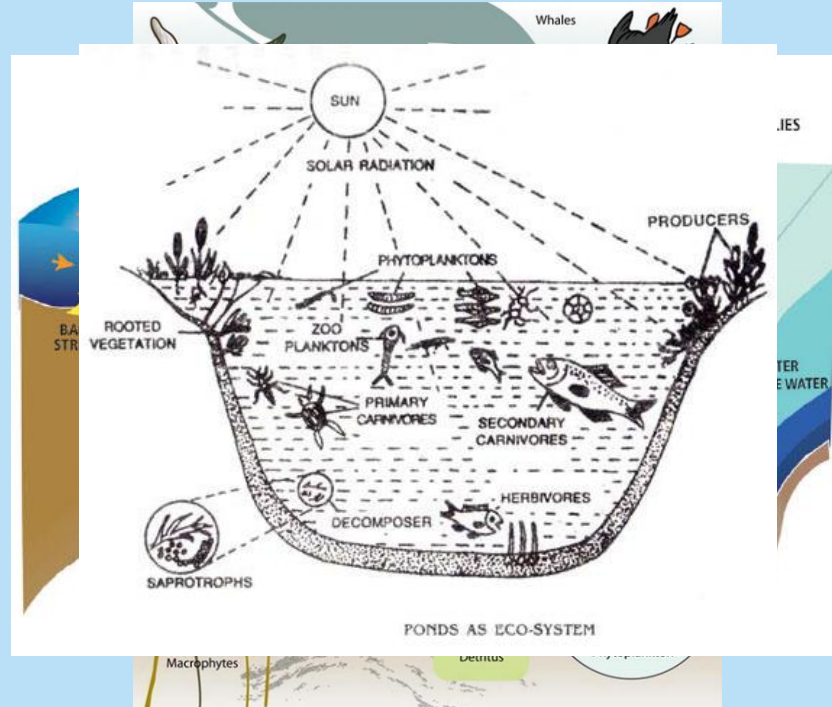
eDNA

- eDNA – Definition “eDNA (Environmental DNA) – describes the DNA that is released by an organism into the surrounding environment”
- Genetic identification the presence of marine species



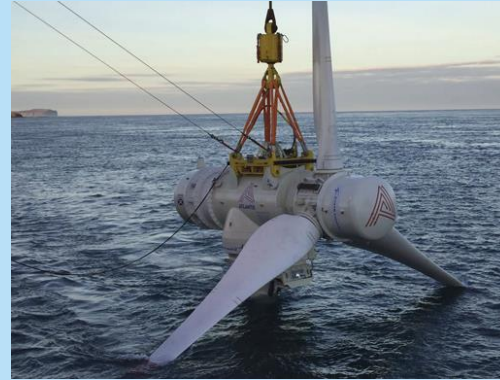
eDNA – The Application

- Challenges
 - The marine environment
 - Temporal degradation
- Previous Studies
- Application



Application and Management Plans

- Marine Growth = **Issue**
- eDNA = **Precursor to advise**
- Spatial dataset + Experience = **Predictive tool**
 - Species composition
 - Settlement
 - Invasives
- This will allow for a risk/ evidence based assessment of the area of deployment, allowing for appropriate action to be taken:
 - Site Designation
 - Anti-fouling measures
 - Planning of assessment/ cleaning/ treatment
 - Design and Innovation



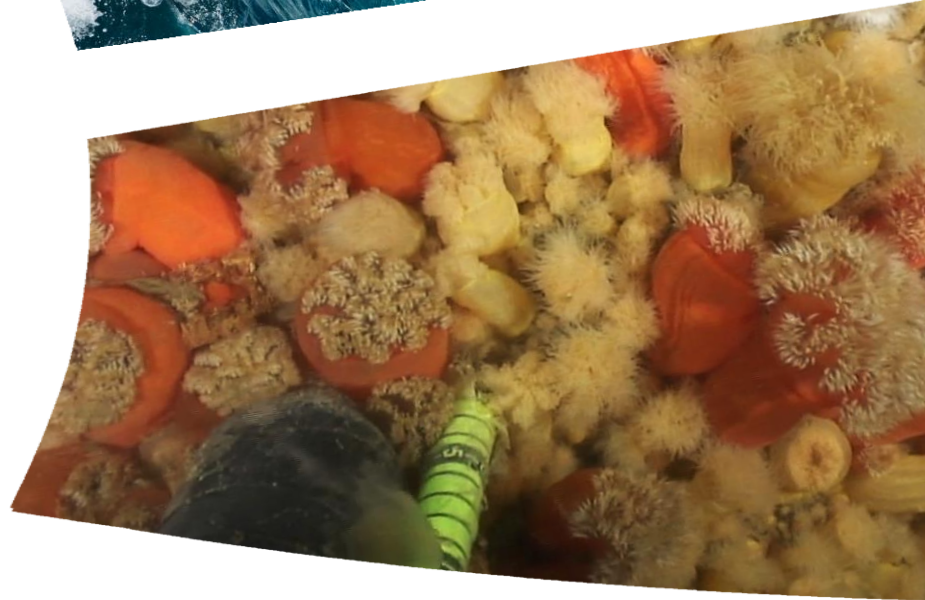


“Where will our knowledge take you?”

Thank you

Special Thanks:

- Tim Finnigan, BPS
- Faron McLellan & Claire Hinton, BMT Cordah
- Chris Shearer, BMT WBM





Sarah-Jane McArthur
Kirsty Macpherson
Partners
Brodies



Crofting, Cable Routes and Grid Sharing

Kirsty Macpherson, Partner

Sarah-Jane McArthur, Partner

13 September 2017

Outline

- Crofting
- Cable Routes
- Constrained Grid and Sharing

Crofting Background

- What is a croft
- Who is a crofter
- Where are crofts found
- Are crofters any different to other occupiers of ground?

Crofting Background

- Where do rights stem from?
 - Clearances
 - 19th century they were recognised in their own right
- What is the key aim of the Crofting Laws?

Crofting

- How does it affect tidal schemes?
 - Most likely for the cable route
 - Only if located in crofting areas
 - This can include foreshore
 - Common grazings may affect

Crofting

- What do you do if there are areas affected
 - Obtain their consent
 - Land Court require to give input on this
- What type of rights might a developer require?
 - servitude for the cable
 - A lease of the sub-station

Crofting

- Servitude
 - No consent required by crofter
 - But – what about compensation for loss of grazing
 - What rights does developer require?
 - Initial build
 - Maintenance, repair, rebuild
 - Temporary or permanent

Crofting

- Lease of sub-station
 - Crofters' rights affected for the duration of the scheme
 - Therefore require crofter consent

Crofting – form of consent

- Either servitude or Lease
 - You are likely to require crofter consent
 - What does this involve?
- If crofter agrees
 - S 5 (3) Agreement
 - Land Court process
- Crofters refuse to consent
 - S19a Scheme for Development

Constrained Grid Options

- Grid constraint particularly affects remote coastal and island projects
- Long term there may be infrastructure solutions
- For projects in development now there are still options
 - Grid Sharing
 - Active Network Management
 - Incorporating Storage
 - Private Wire/ Local Supply

What do we mean by Grid Sharing?

- Essentially sharing a grid connection between one or more projects
- Usually sharing the same cable but not essential
- Works on private wire or grid network connection.
- Set-up Options
 - Simple grid access agreement
 - Grid share with multiple developers
 - Structured arrangement with Grid Co

General Pros and Cons

- Advantages:
 - Earlier grid access
 - Co location of technologies may allow export to be maximised.
 - Ability to share grid costs
- Disadvantages:
 - Less control over export route.
 - May not be able to export full capacity.
 - Structured arrangements required for finance.
 - Power purchase and metering can be complex.

Pros and Cons

Simple Access

- Straightforward to set up and document

BUT

- Very limited control over the grid connection.
- Little protection if the grid connection is disconnected
- Exposed to insolvency risk of primary connection holder
- Funding will be difficult.

Simple access may still work for some projects.

Pros and Cons

Simple Grid Share

- Relatively straightforward to set up and document

BUT

- As with Simple Access, little control over the grid connection and little protection if the primary connection is disconnected.
- Exposed to insolvency risk of primary connection holder and funding may be difficult

Can work well for portfolio projects.

Pros and Cons

Structured Grid Share

- More complicated to set up as grid co is required.
- ‘Insolvency remote’ structure may affect cashflow.
- All generators have more control over the grid connection.
- Default of primary connection holder can be managed.
- Structure is more likely to be fundable.
- Power can be sold on an aggregated basis.

What Next?

- No 'one size fits all' solution but a range of options
- Consider your options and carry out a project specific assessment
- If grid sharing might work for you then consider the pros and cons of the various structures
- Early thinking can allow solutions to be built in to the project structure and enable known risks to be mitigated



Crofting, Cable Routes and Grid Sharing

Kirsty Macpherson, Partner

Sarah-Jane McArthur, Partner

13 September 2017

Contact details:

kirsty.macpherson@brodies.com | 0131 656 0175

sarah-jane.mcarthur@brodies.com | 0141 245 6276



Supply Chain



Chair:
Norma Hogan
Highlands and Islands Enterprise



Joao Cruz
Principal Engineer
Cruz Atcheson

Am I Investable?

Scottish Renewables Marine Conference
Inverness

13th of September 2017

cruz atcherson
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Contents

- Introduction to Cruz Atcheson
- Motivation
- Overview of the Methodology
 - Characterising those Seeking Investment
 - Characterising Early-Stage Investors
- Bridging the Gap - New Proposed Process
- Next Steps

Cruz Atcheson in a Nutshell

- Founded in Lisbon in 2015, Cruz Atcheson is an independent engineering consultancy, specialising in wave, tidal and floating offshore wind energy applications.
- Our three key areas of work are: concept design, due diligence support and project development support.
- We work closely with our clients across the globe to deliver solutions to the most challenging engineering problems.
- We are 100% independent, having no equity stake on any project or technology.

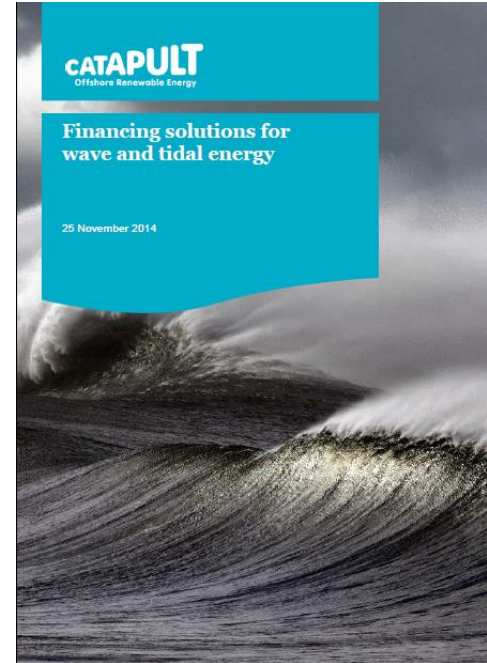


cruz atcheson

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Motivation

1. Are there pre-engagement milestones the early-stage renewable energy companies need to reach before engaging with different types of investors?
2. Are there any salient investor characteristics?
3. Are there other items that could be explored to enhance investor appetite?
4. Can a process that enhances the probability of an early stage renewable energy company securing investment be devised?



Motivation

1. Are there pre-engagement milestones the early-stage renewable energy companies need to reach before engaging with different types of investors?
2. Are there any salient investor characteristics?
3. Are there other items that could be explored to enhance investor appetite?
4. Can a process that enhances the probability of an early stage renewable energy company securing investment be devised?



Overview of the Methodology

- Characterise those seeking investment
 - Custom online survey to key technology developers active in the wave, tidal and floating offshore wind sector.
- Characterise those providing investment
 - Literature review to assess the dominant characteristics of investors active in seed and early stage renewable energy investments.
 - Data from ThomsonOne database for seed/early stage investment in renewable energy companies for 20 years (1995 – 2015).
 - Analyse data to gain insight into investment patterns in the sector.



Characterising those Seeking Investment

Online survey conducted in May/June 2015. Valid responses from 21 companies in Europe, USA and Japan.

Overview of findings:

- 75% of respondents secured investment to-date.
- +80% of respondents identified angel investors as a source of funding in the initial stages and 50% Venture Capitalists.
- Round 1 and 2 account for 75% of all investments made, highlights early stage.
- Average age at financing 43.2 months.
- Equity amount secured in latest round: 93% of respondents selected between £1m - 5m.



Characterising the Investors

Pre-Engagement Milestones

Qualitative	Quantitative	Background Role
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Analysis of regulatory environment, competitive situation, technology risks, market uncertainty and supply chain bottlenecks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Supply evidence of a minimum of 6 months track record of operational data	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Existence of support mechanisms, either of the technology push type (e.g. government grants), or market pull types (e.g. feed-in tariffs)

Investor Characteristics

Angel Investors

- Regional focus
- Mostly active in seed or start-up phase
- Look for investor / entrepreneur profile (same sector)
- Less risk aversion and more willingness to accept longer exit horizons
- Expect high-level due diligence and contract renegotiations

Venture Capitalists

- Look out for technology, people or financial investors
- Higher importance given to receipt of government grants, IP protection, product uniqueness
- Work with regional differences: investor, coach or partner role
- Expect VC decision to influence other institutional investors

Qualitative Analysis

- Explore a priori beliefs of investors.
- Work with investor conviction that technology reliability needs to be demonstrated, yet market inefficiencies can be corrected later.
- Potential benefits of searching for investors with balanced portfolios.
- Geographical proximity to venture capital complexes and the related network.



Quantitative Analysis

Average age at financing	52 months (~4.33 years)
Average funding to date	~£17m (average of 3.5 investment firms involved)
Average valuation at transaction date	£86m
Average equity per deal	~£8m (average of 2.5 investment firms involved)

Statistical Correlations

Strong correlations

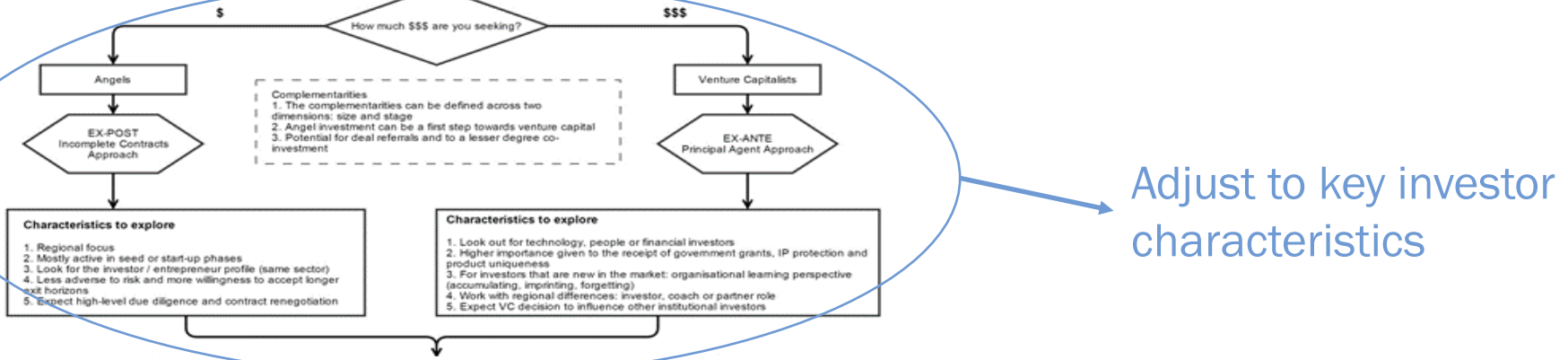
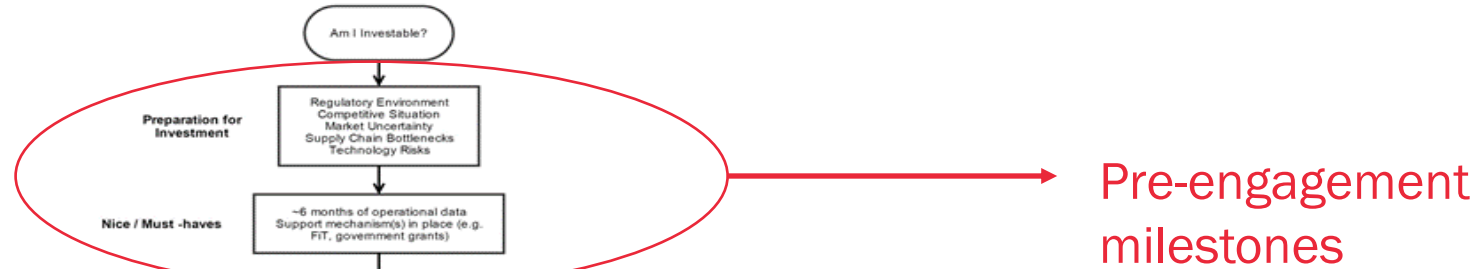
- Equity amount vs. Total funding to date
- Equity amount vs. Valuation at transaction date
- Round number vs. No. of investment firms in total
- Valuation at transaction date vs. Total funding to date

Weak correlations

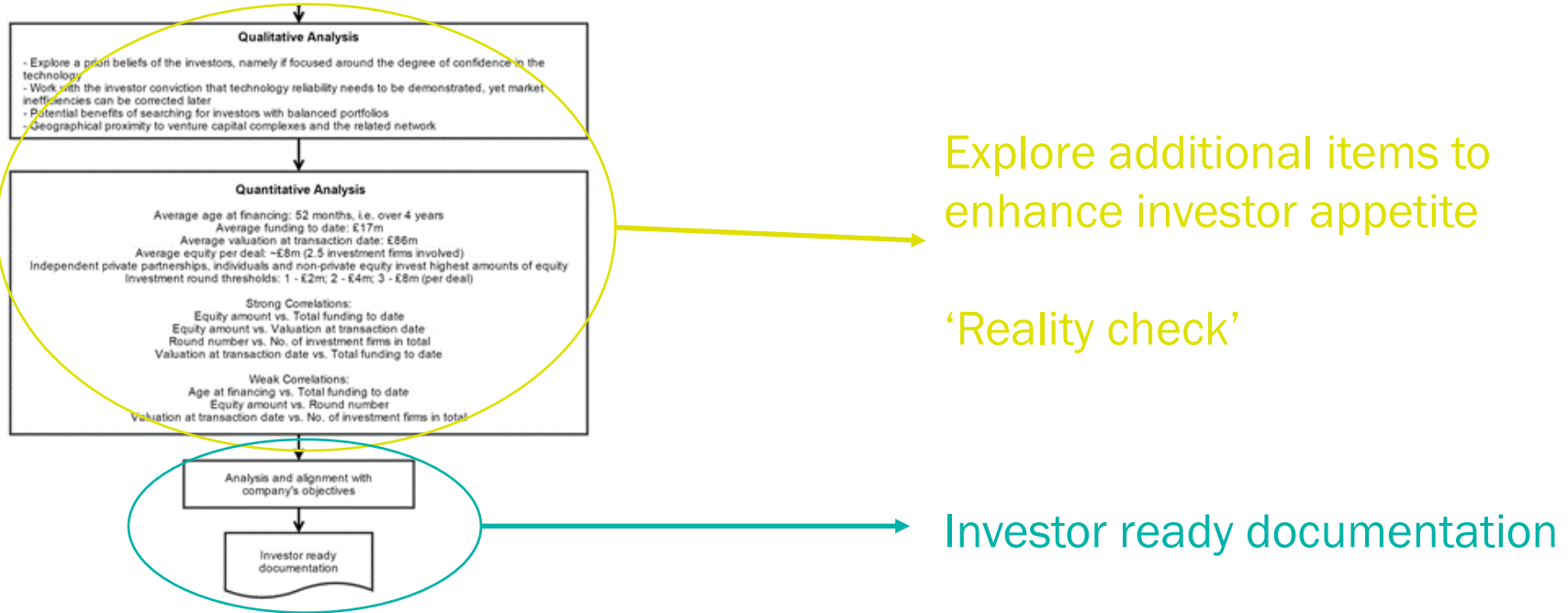
- Age at financing vs. Total funding to date
- Equity amount vs. Round number
- Valuation at transaction date vs. No. of investment firms in total



Bridging the Gap - New Proposed Process



Bridging the Gap - New Proposed Process



Next Steps

- New process aspires to be a practical guideline for renewable energy developers seeking investment
- Investigate roles of other key market players, e.g. OEMs, longer-term investors, insurance underwriters, ...
- Explore the role of governments and government policy in renewable energy investments

Thank you!

Any questions?

www.cruzatcheson.com

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CONSULTING ENGINEERS



Max Carcas
Managing Director
Caelulum

Marine Renewables State of the industry

Research into what the sector has done and where it needs to go

Max Carcas

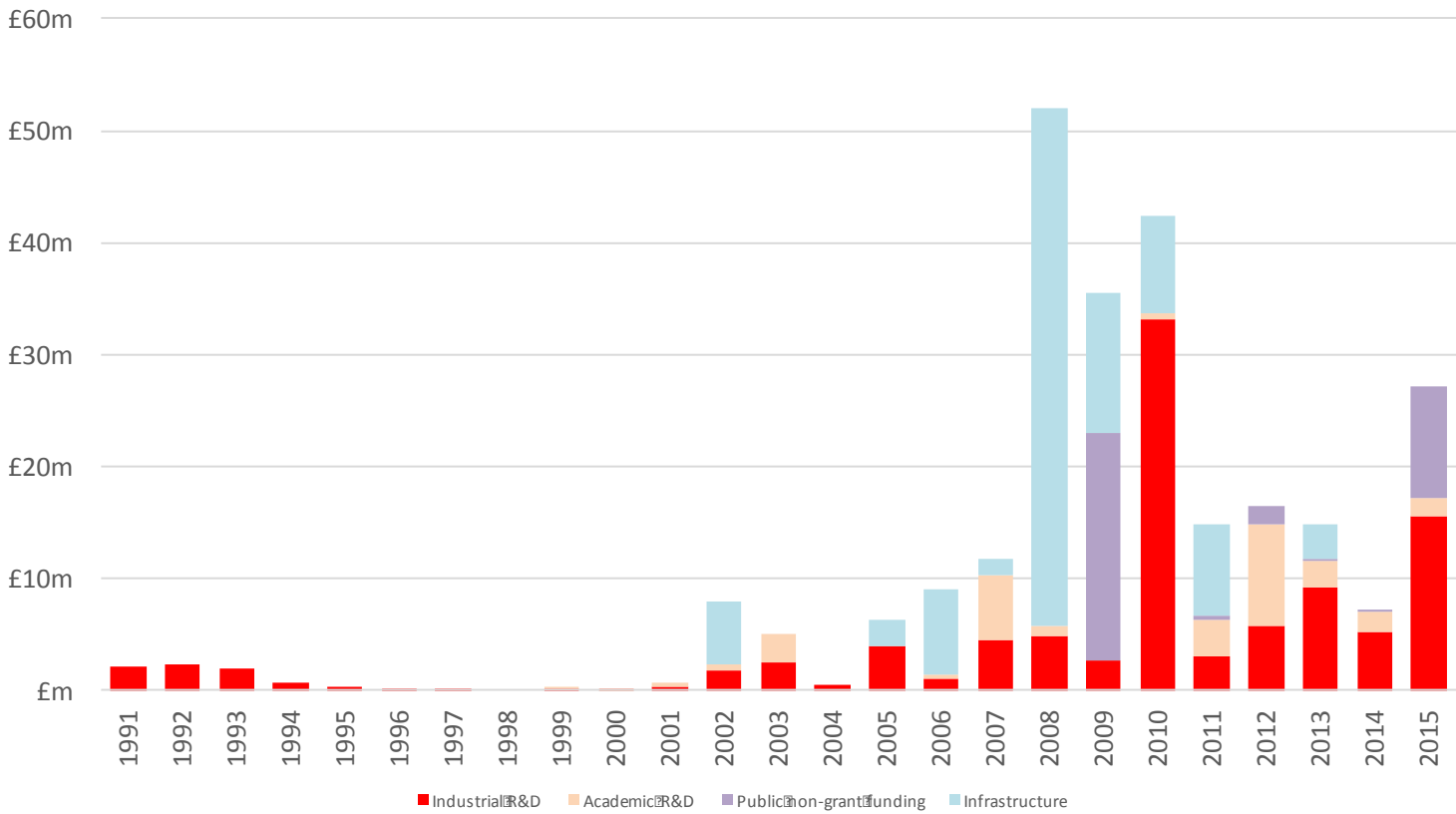
SR Marine

C A E L U L U M

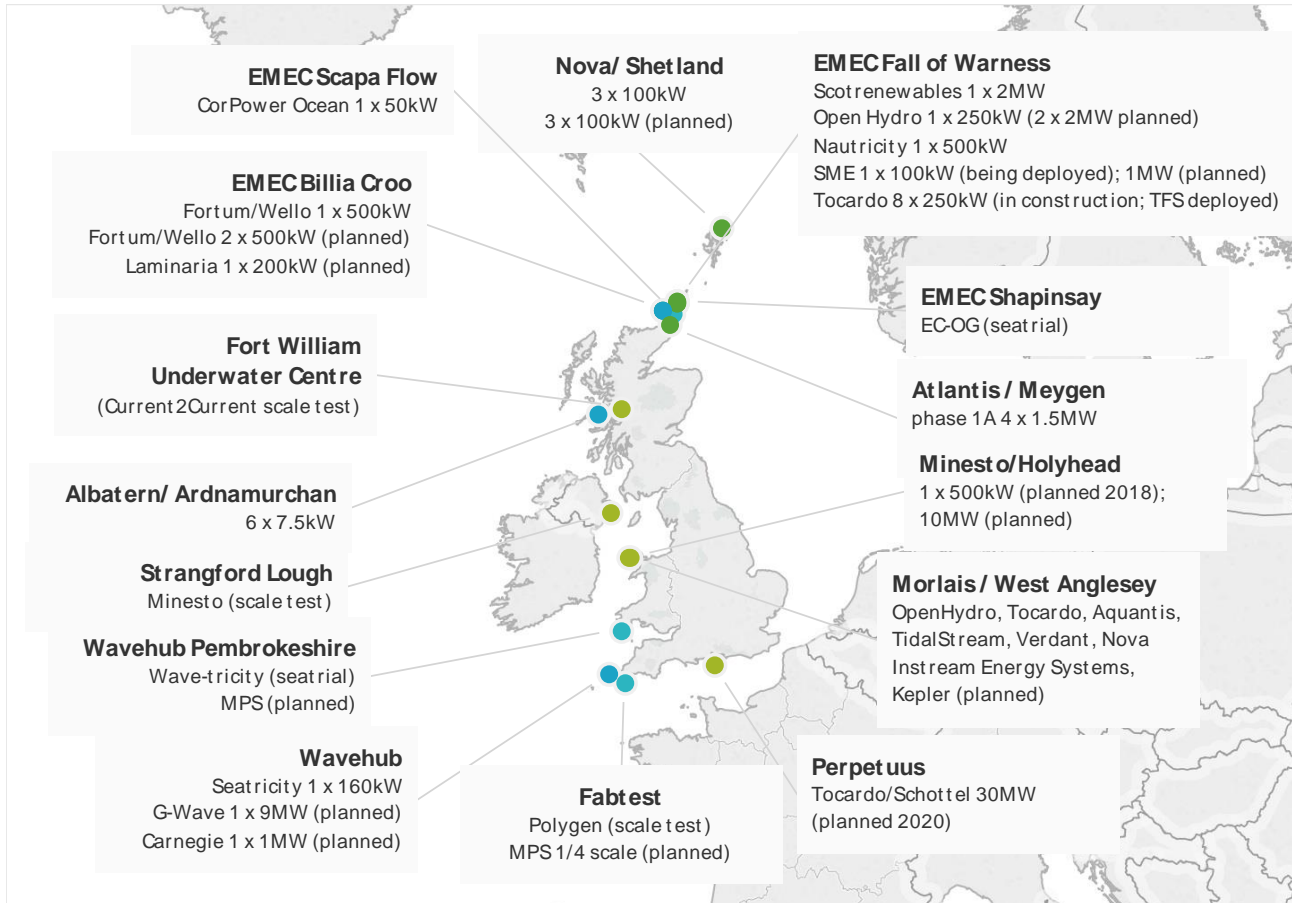
A brief history of time (UK focus)

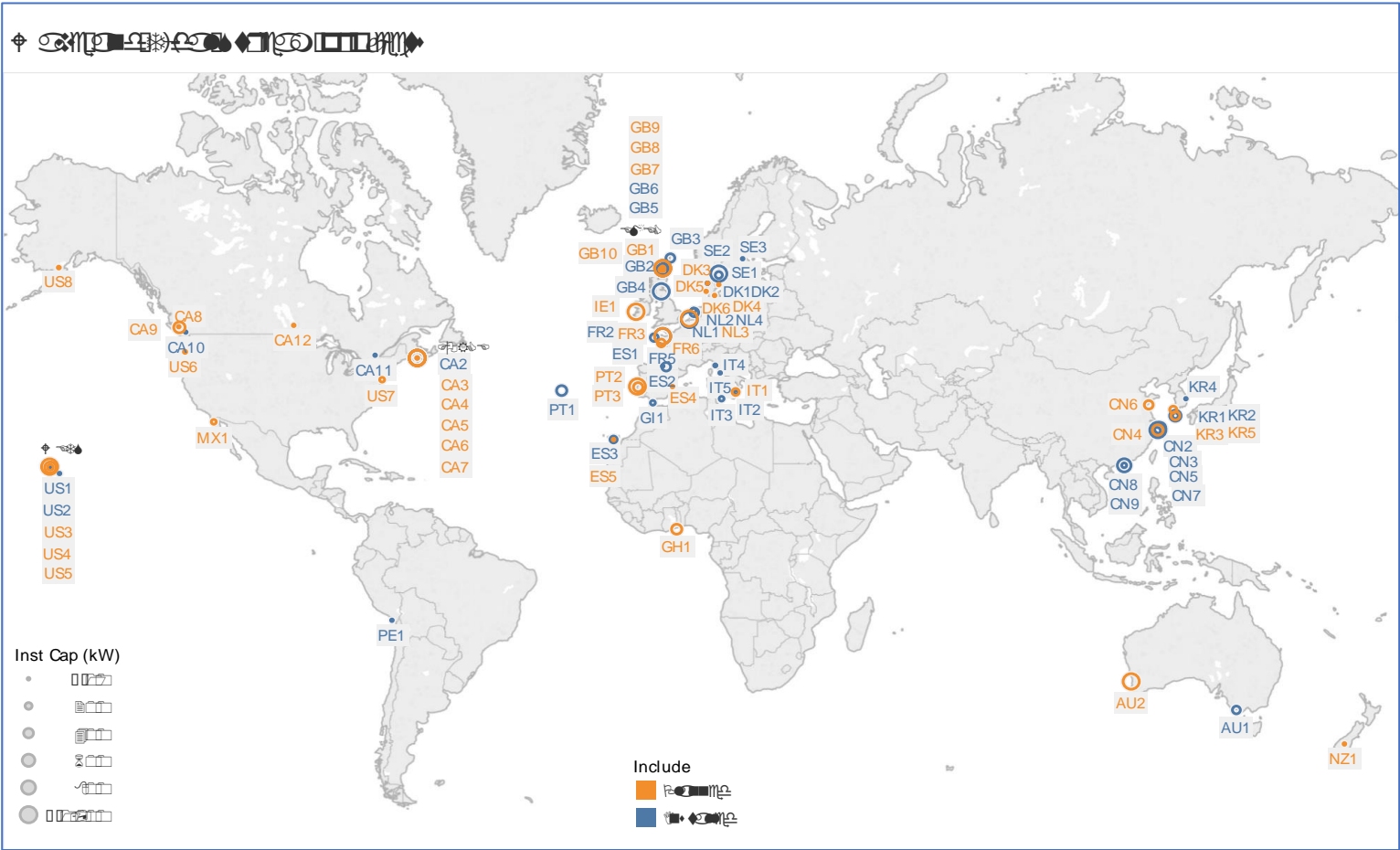
- ☺ 1970s: wave energy R&D started in response to oil crisis, work done by CEGB and academia
- ☹ 1980s: wave energy R&D halted by government
- ☺ 1998: First premium tariff for wave energy introduced
- ☺ 2001: DTI admits closing wave R&D programme was a mistake
- ☹ 2002: RO introduced – ‘one size fits all’ – more costly technologies must wait
- ☺ 2003: EMEC established
- ☺ 2004: first electricity generated from offshore wave power
- ☺ 2004: Patricia Hewitt announces £50m marine renewables deployment fund (MRDF)
- ☹ 2006: MRDF opens – onerous requirements and not attractive to investors
- ☺ 2006: first electricity generated from tidal stream energy
- ☺ 2009: RO banding finally introduced at UK level...
- ☹ But (deliberately) not at a level to stimulate marine renewables
- ☺ 2009: £22m MRPF created, allows commercial investment in prototypes
- ☹ 2010: £50m MRDF withdrawn and replaced with £20m MEAD, however SG provides WATES fund
- ☺ 2011: RO multiple established for wave and tidal energy
- ☹ 2012: Multiple ROC to be removed and replaced with unknown level of CFD
- ☺ 2014: Strike price for marine confirmed at £305/MWh – similar to RO level
- ☹but only for 15 years (25% less than RO)
- ☹ various players exit the market – only £10m of MEAD funding allocated
- ☺ 2015: First multi-turbine tidal project reaches FID, with DECC, Crown Estate and SE support
- ☺ 2014: Wave Energy Scotland established with ~£10m/year funding, 100% funding
- ☺ 2017: First tidal arrays operating in UK
- ☹ 2017: Marine unable to win CFDs competing with GW scale offshore wind projects

All UK public funding of wave and tidal energy by year
 Average amount on industrial R&D (red) £6m/year
 Infrastructure (blue), Academic R&D (orange), Public non-grant funding (purple)



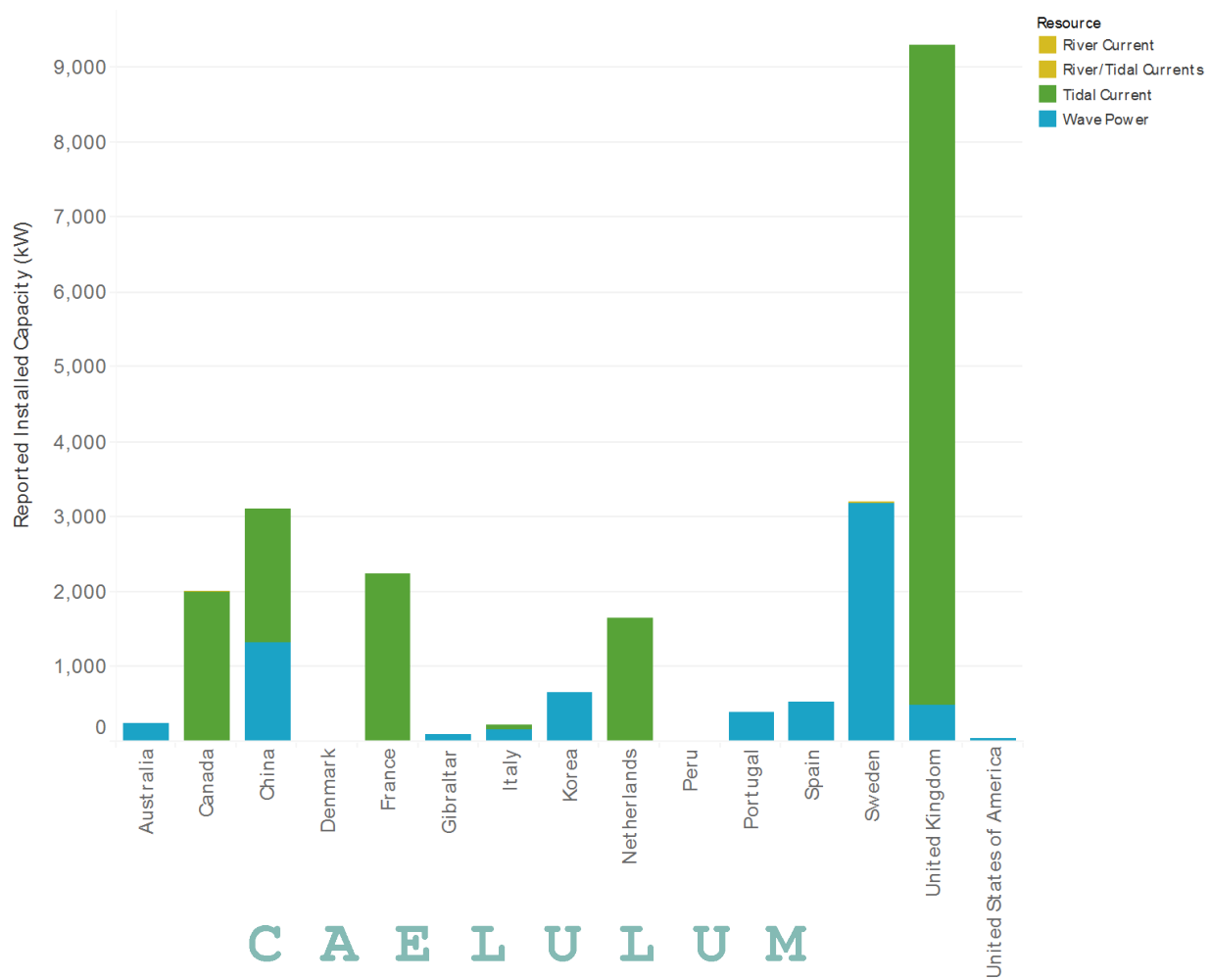
Active UK project sites with existing, recent or planned deployments





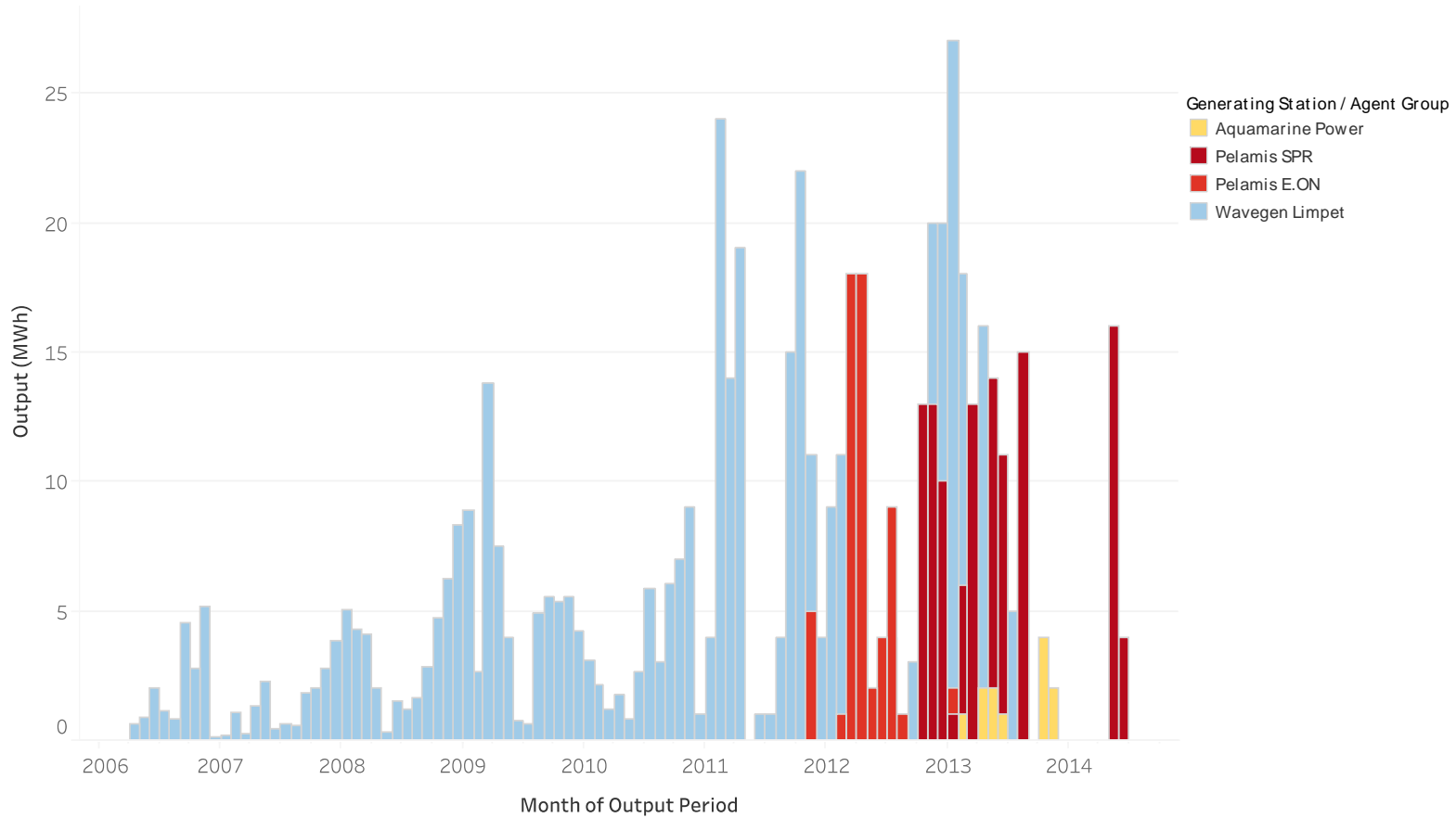
CAELULUM

Current installed capacity of wave and tidal projects



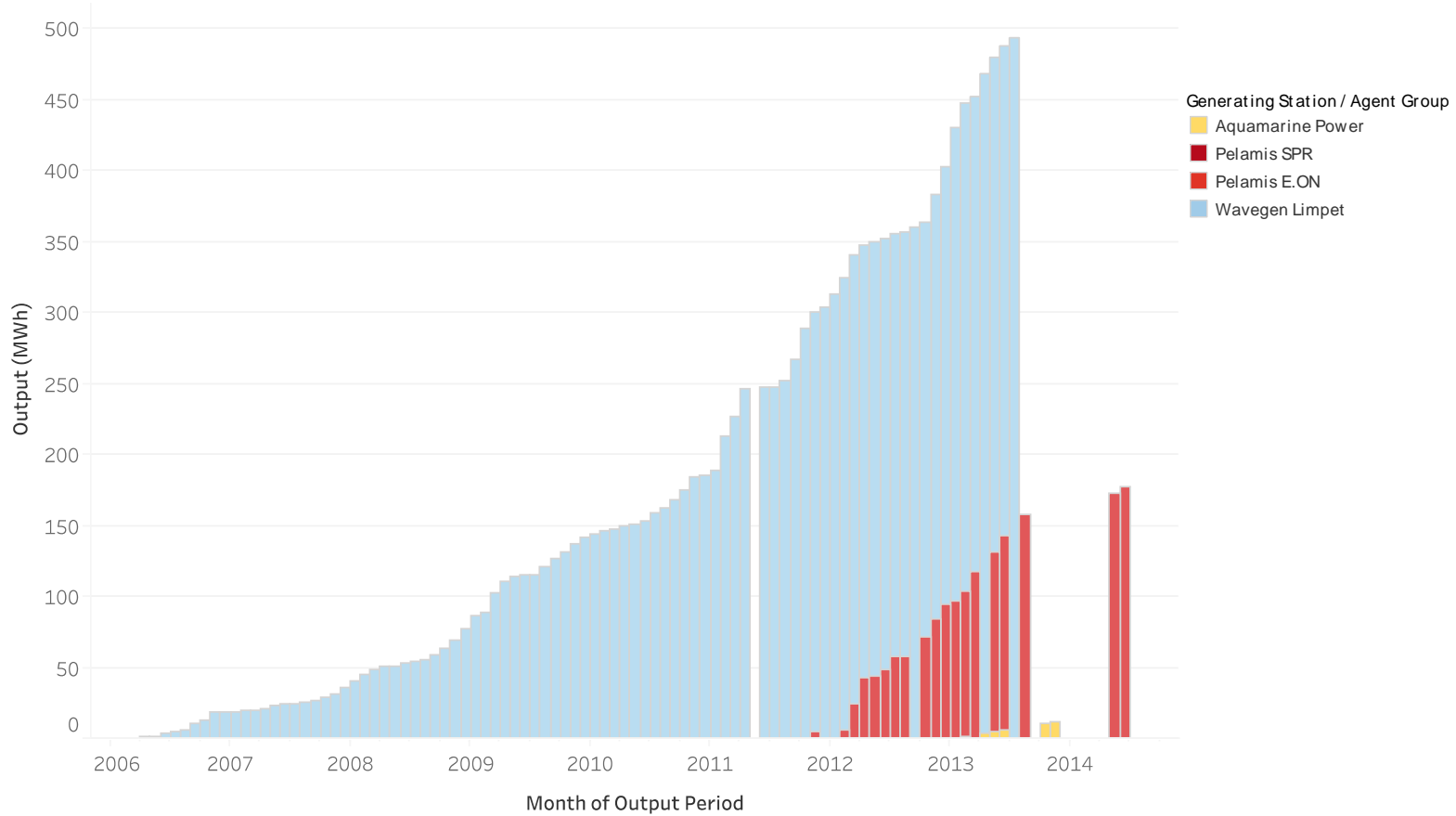
C A E L U L U M

UK reported monthly wavepower generation to date

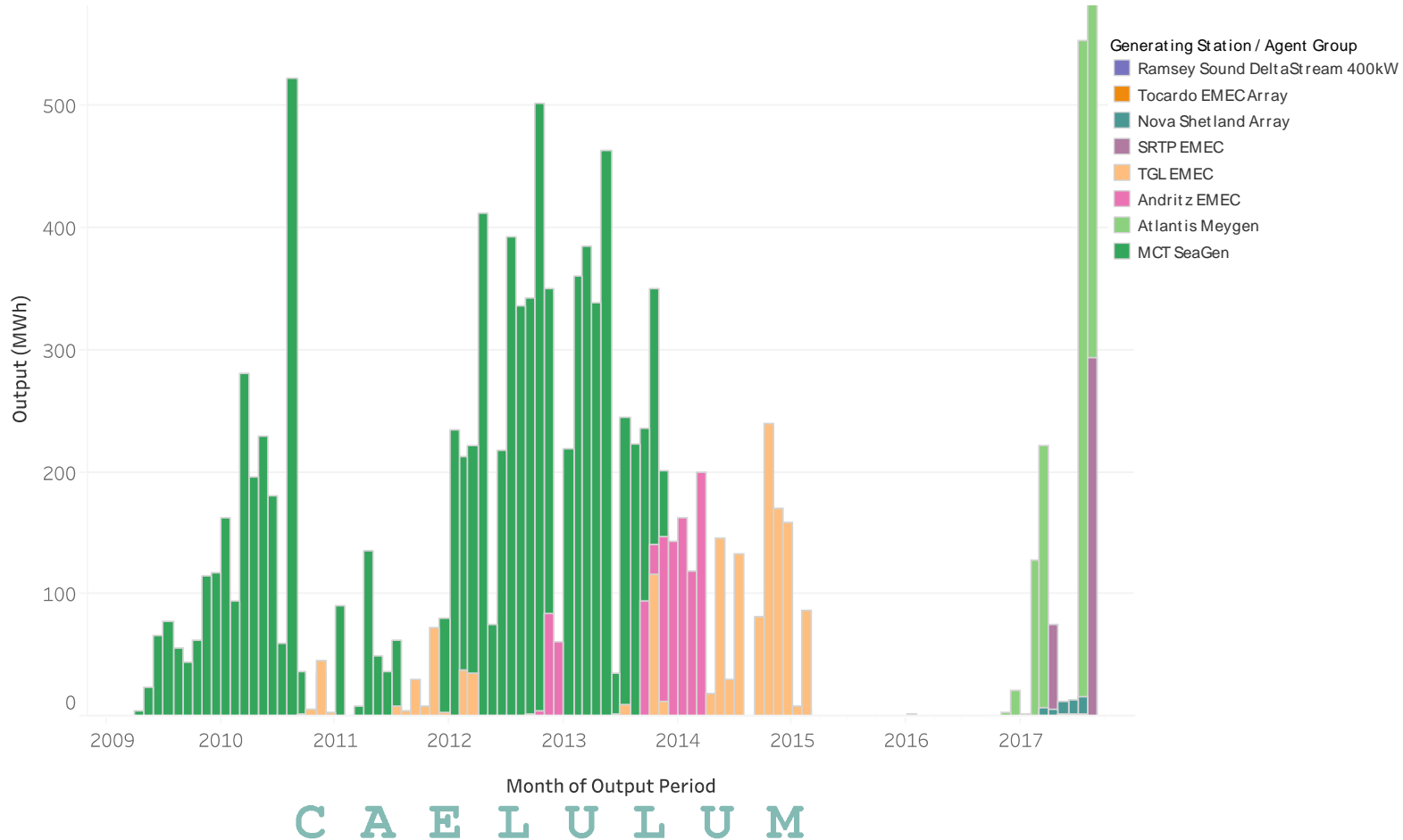


C A E L U L U M

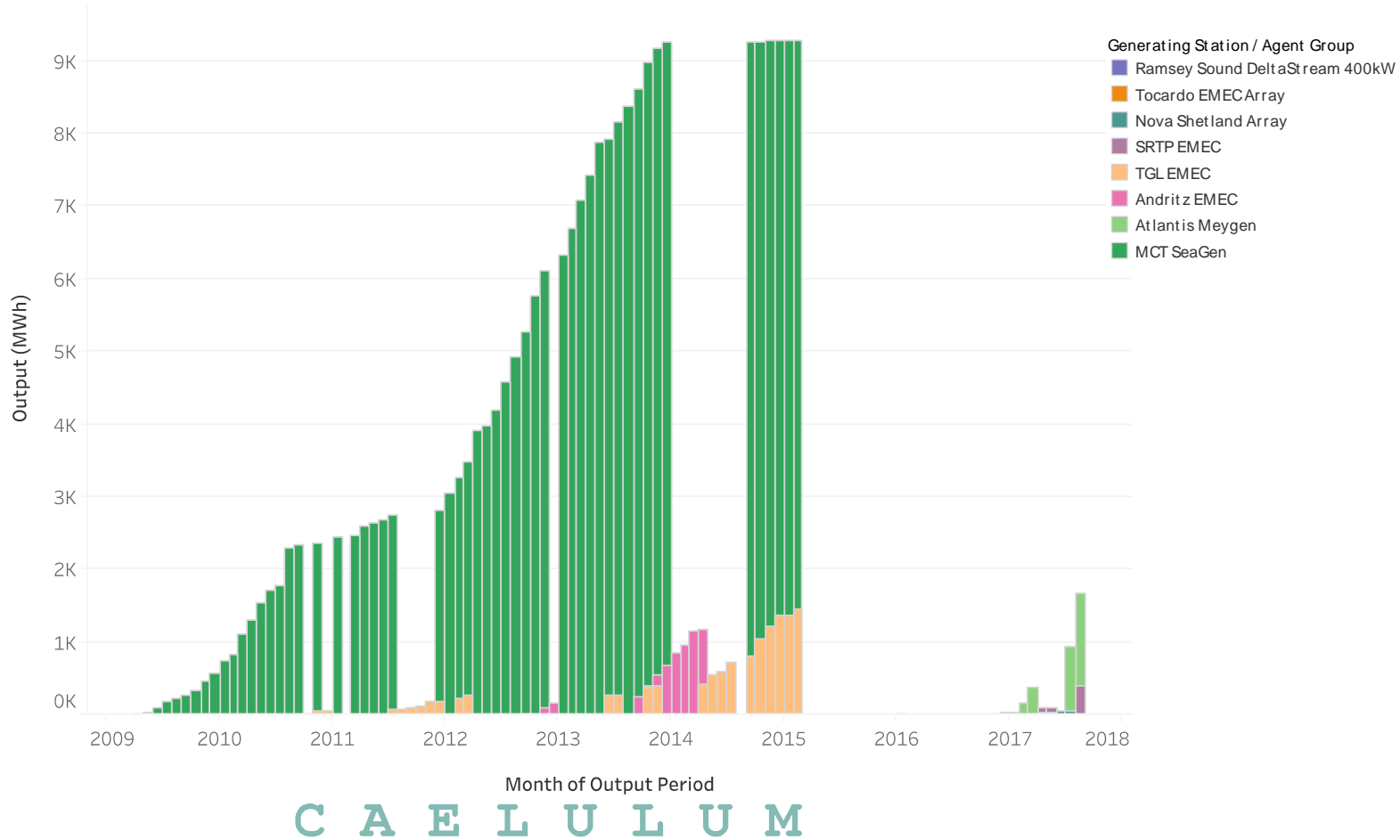
UK reported cummulative wavepower generation to date



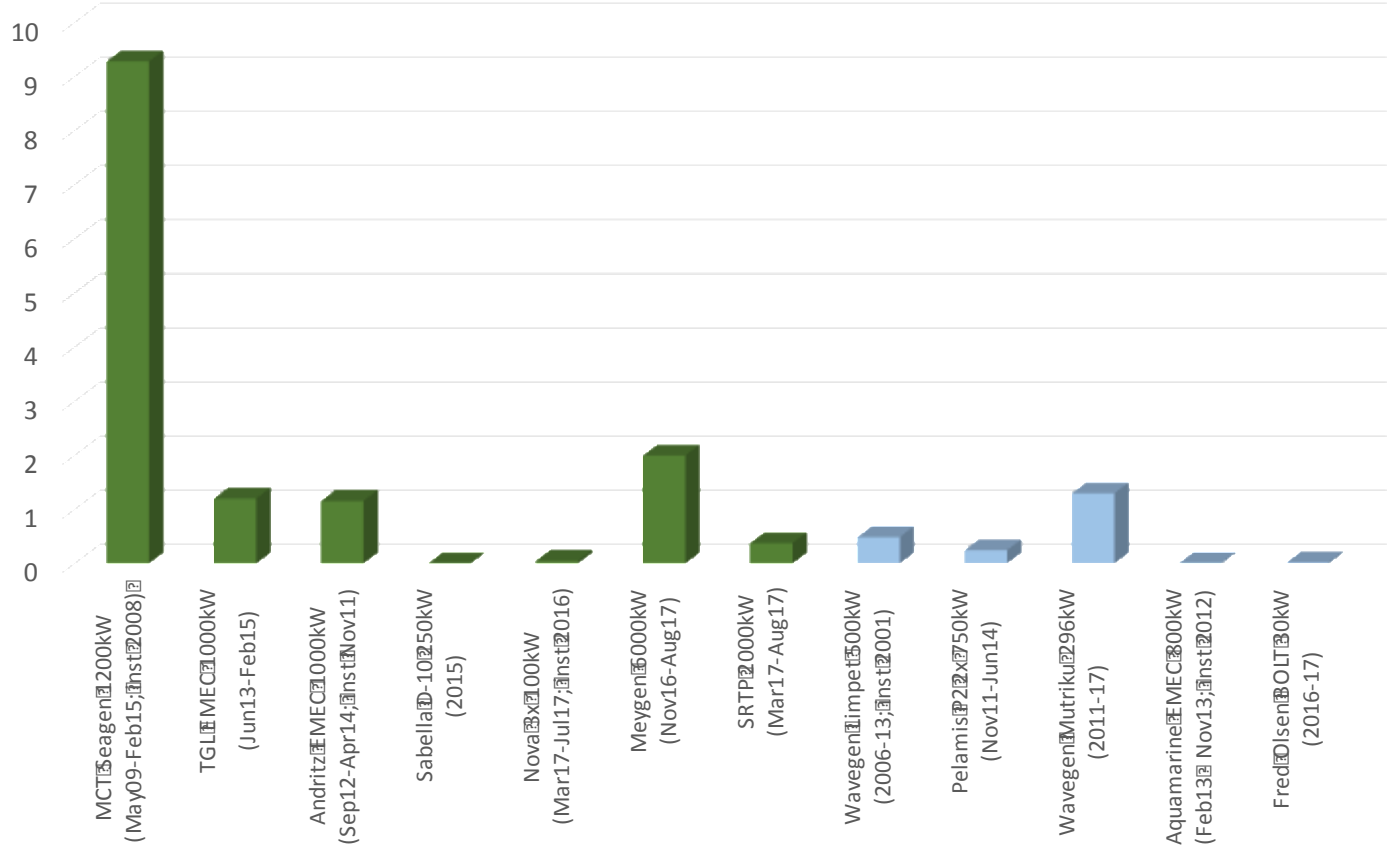
UK reported monthly tidal stream generation to date



UK reported monthly tidal stream generation to date

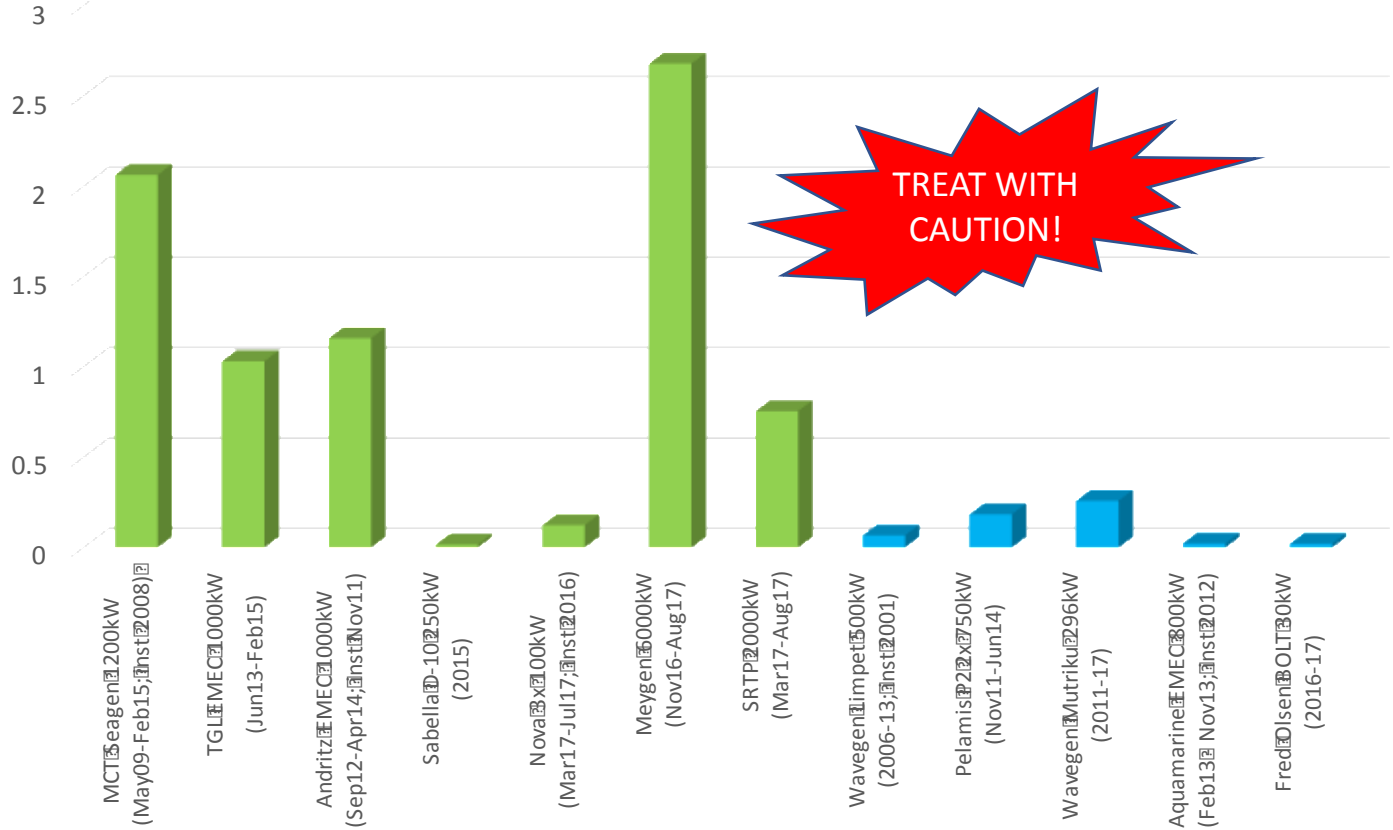


Reported GW Generated to Date



C A E L U L U M

GWh/year based on reported GWh generated to date



TREAT WITH CAUTION!

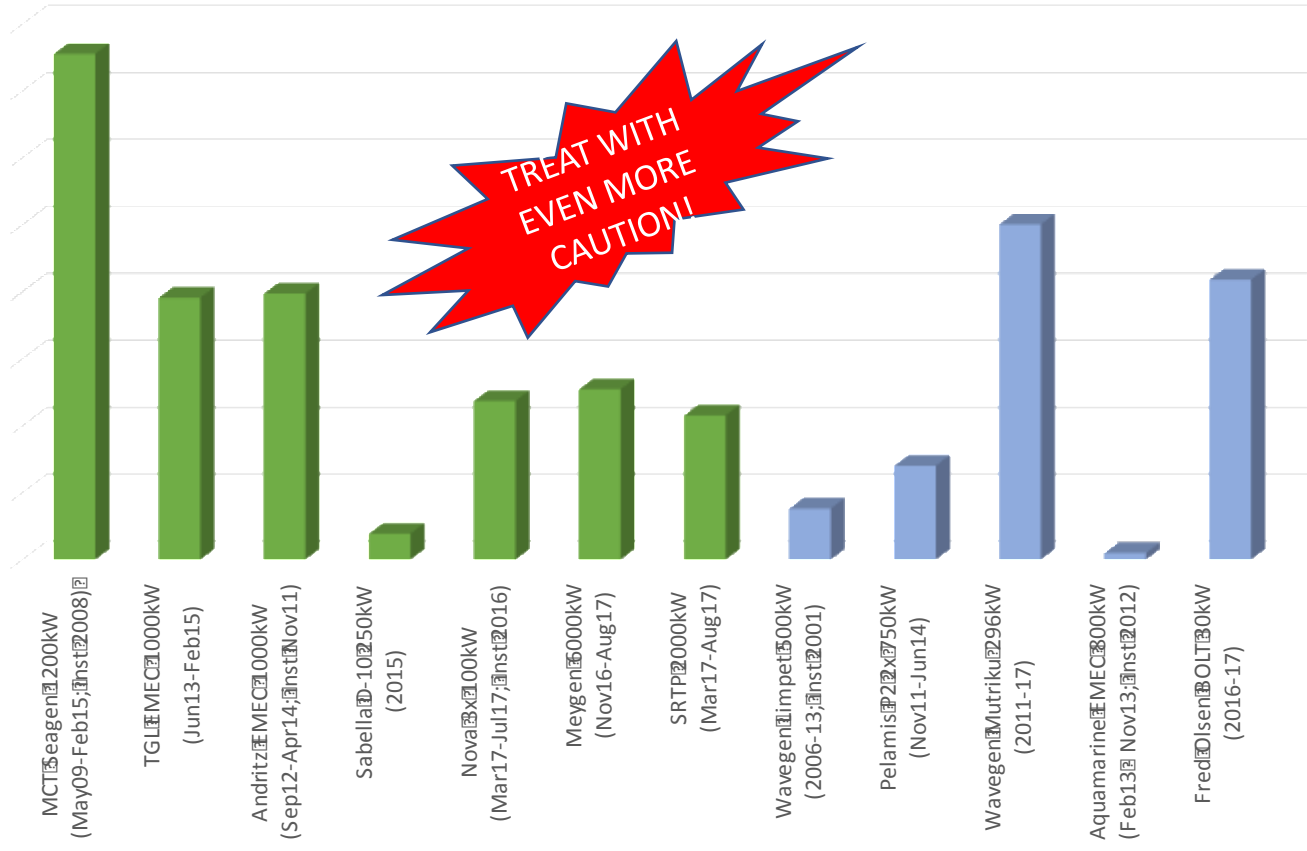
Overall Capacity Factor based on reported GWh generated to date

Wind 1980s:

- ~10-1000MW installed
- Typical turbine 75kW
- Capacity Factor 12% (1985, California)
- Annual average: 9kW

Wind 2017:

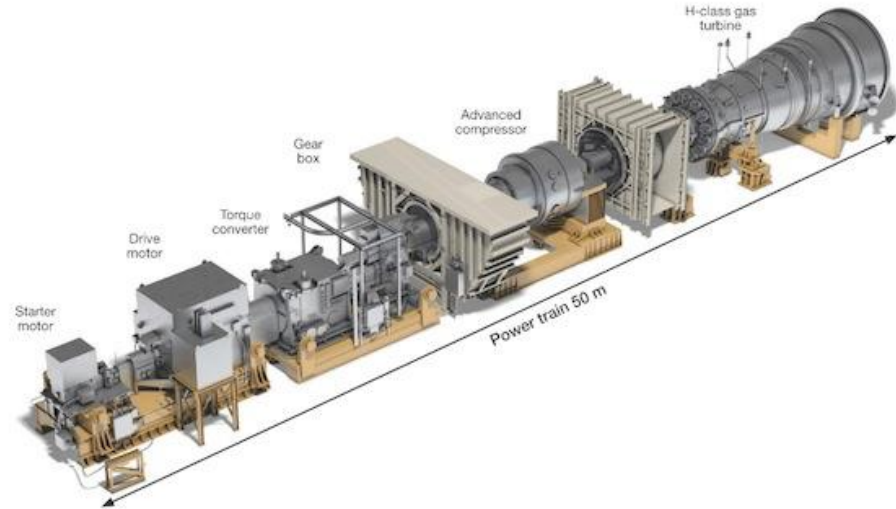
- >100GW Europe alone
- Typical turbine 3-6MW
- Capacity factor 30% (2015, California)
- Annual average: 900kW



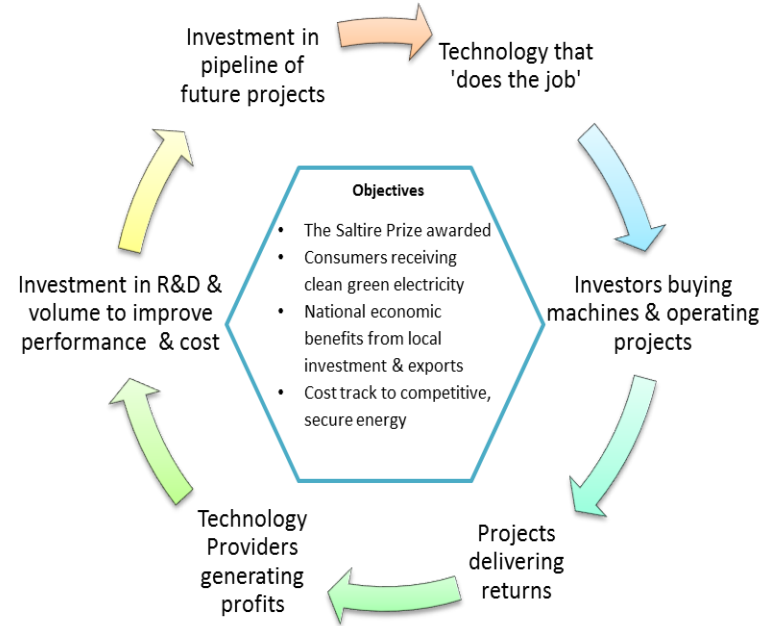
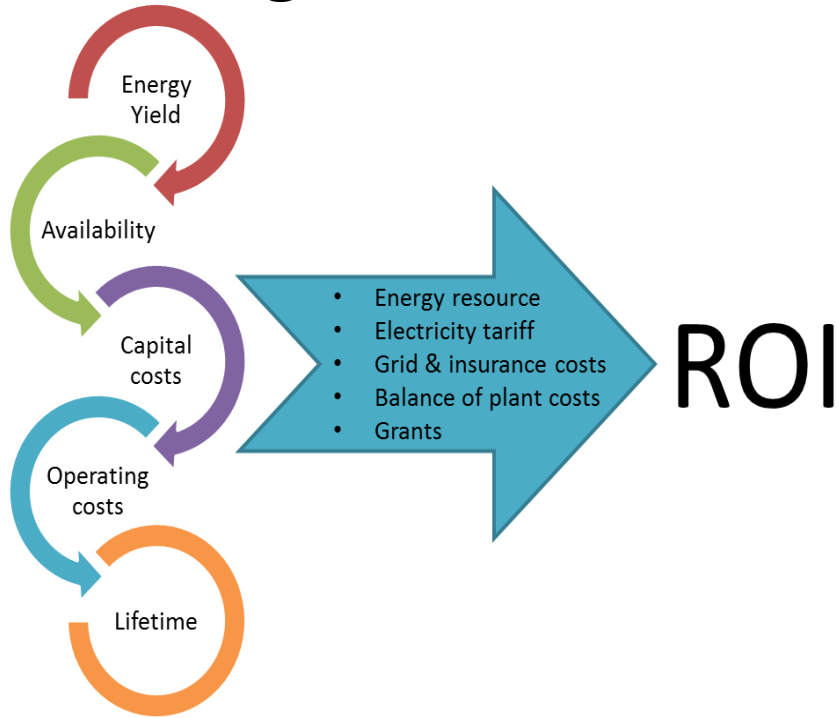
TREAT WITH EVEN MORE CAUTION!

GE Frame 9H turbine, Baglan Bay

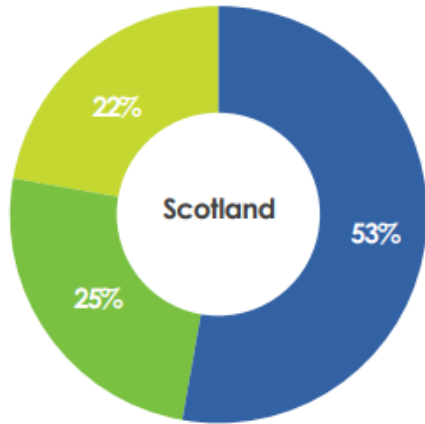
- Cost: £300m
- 480MW
- Shipped to Baglan Bay Dec 2000
- Operations began 2002
- March 2005 - GE announced it had reached a milestone of 8,000 hours operation
- 4+ years from delivery on site
- Iteration of a previous model, not an entirely new concept.



Defining 'Success'




The need



Heat | Transport | Electricity

- 54% of Scottish electrical demand is from renewables
- BUT electricity is just 22% of total energy demand
- Only 15.2% of Scottish Energy demand is from renewables
- To decarbonize transport and heating electricity is one of the main vectors:
 - Electric cars or hydrogen via electrolysis
 - Electricity for heating – heat pumps or resistive
- Potentially 3-5x more zero carbon electricity generation needed
- We (Scotland, the UK, the world) need ‘everything in the box’!
- The sooner we realise this the quicker we can build the solution



Jason Hayman
Managing Director
Sustainable Marine Energy



DELIVERING EFFECTIVE
TIDAL ENERGY SOLUTIONS

Build a sector on solid rock – and avoid shifting political sand

Jason Hayman, Managing Director

September 2017



Introduction to SME

- Developer of technical solutions including integrated, turnkey tidal energy systems;
- Tidal energy platforms feature SCHOTTEL HYDRO SIT tidal energy convertors;
 - PLAT-O for energetic, offshore sites
 - PLAT-I for more sheltered inshore sites
- Anchoring and mooring solutions for marine energy devices in challenging environments
 - at a reasonable cost

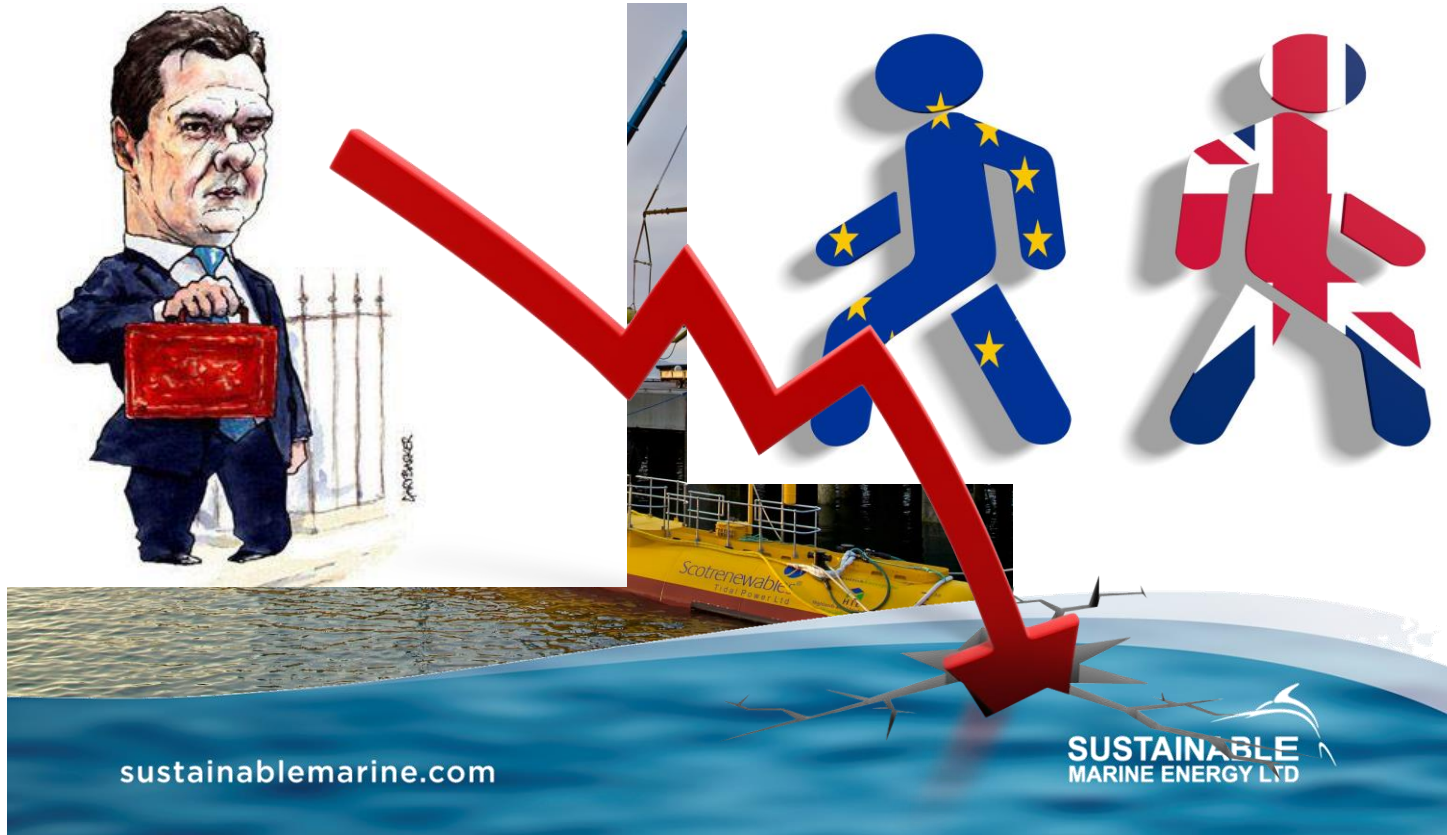


Testing PLAT-O at EMEC 2016



Our view on the state of the UK industry

- 2016 was the best in terms of technical delivery, in tidal, ever!
- **But policy decisions made have wiped out the UK market**
- Big hats off to Scotrenewables and Atlantis – MeyGen teams



SME's response to disappearance of UK marine energy market

(1)

- Cast our eyes further afield and develop a system for a market where there is real need:



SME's response to disappearance of UK marine energy market

(1)

- Build now well underway; aim to test in Scotland before end of the year, and deploy in SE Asia early 2018



SME's response to disappearance of UK marine energy market

(2)

- Become part of the supply chain, and commercialise our anchoring solutions;
- Work with fellow technology developers to solve a troublesome issue, reduce costs, and help build confidence in the sector – which we all need!

Produce a return for our investors by expanding our offering into new markets...



Image Credit: Scientific American

SME Anchoring History

SME has been developing and testing anchoring solutions for marine energy for 5 years.

2012
Under Reamer Prototype Finger drilling tested in Scotland
RAPTOR anchor Patent filed



2013
Screw Anchors for Marine Energy Devices (SAMED) Project Begins




2013
First full RAPTOR test carried out in Cumbria 1.75m depth, tested to 70T vertical load



2014
First RAPTOR quarry trials in Orkney
RAPTOR collapsible coupling prototype tests in Wallsend



2014
Land based Screw anchor testing



2014
4x PLAT-O Screw anchors installed at Yarmouth

2015
2nd RAPTOR Patent filed

2015
Production RAPTOR 100 testing in Orkney

2015
RAPTOR 100 stem tested to 220t in Wallsend

2016
4x RAPTOR 100s installed at EMEC Falls of Warne


2016
DNV "Statement of Fit for Purpose" issued for EMEC installation

2017
25 Screw anchors installed for Cromarty Mussel Ltd

2017
4x RAPTOR 150s Designed and built for PLAT-I

2017 - Planned
Install RAPTOR anchors for PLAT-I testing

2018 - Upcoming
Delivery of RAPTOR anchors with ~500t holding capacity for third-party offshore renewable energy customers




Solutions Designed to Provide Low Operational Costs



Helical Anchors and A-ROV First Deployment- Solent September 2014



Raptor Testing – Orkney 2015/16

- Five month extensive trial period;
- Anchor loading performance – Lateral, Vertical, Cyclic
- Equipment performance – AROV & HPU



Installation of Raptor Rock Anchors at EMEC - 2016




First Aquaculture Installation – Cromarty Mussels – March 2017



Current Commercial Offering; Rock Anchors

TYPICAL APPLICATION

ALTERNATIVES

<p>RAPTOR 50</p> 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Shellfish farming •Navigation & instrumentation buoys 	<p>Chain & Concrete clumps Helical anchors Traditional anchors</p>
<p>RAPTOR 100</p> 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Finfish farming •Small renewable energy devices 	<p>Drag embedment anchors Concrete clumps</p>
<p>RAPTOR 150</p> 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Feed barges •Large renewable installations •Commercial vessel moorings 	<p>Large Drag embedment anchors Chain catenary moorings Gravity base structures</p>



IN ASSOCIATION WITH



MARINE CONFERENCE, EXHIBITION & DINNER

12 & 13 SEPTEMBER 2017 INVERNESS

